

The London Gazette.

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Naples, Feb. 11.

Our Viceroy Don Pedro d' Arragon has been negotiating with the Merchants of this City for the return of 500 thousand Crowns to Milan and Flanders for the service of his Catholick Majesty, but as yet they are not come to any agreement.

He has for the present laid aside the thoughts of raising Horse and Foot for the defence of that Kingdom against the invasions of the Turks, not fearing any present danger on that side.

Rome, Feb. 22. The Cardinal di Santa Croce having recovered his health returned on Sunday last into the Conclave.

Cardinal Barberino as Dean, has ordered the Sacrament to be exposed in the Chappel of St. Paul within the Conclave, where the Devotions are hourly performed by the Conclavists, two of them assisting at a time, to beg a Blessing upon the Election.

The Conclave has now continued 65 days, but the factions are to appearance so much divided, and so equally divided, that there is yet no appearance or any probability of a speedy Election.

Cardinal Chigi is extremely dissatisfy'd at the exclusion of his Creature and Friend, the Cardinal d' Elci, who he supposed might have had a greater Interest among the French, then to have merited so much severity; and endeavours to be satisfi'd whether this exclusion proceeded from His most Christian Majesty or from the Artifices of the French Ambassador the Duke de Chaulnes, and the Cardinals of the French faction.

On Tuesday last ended the diversions of the Carnival, during which, the Constable Colonna had with great expence entertained his Relations with Comedies, Feasts and Balls, with other diversions suitable to the season, where were also frequently present the French Ambassador, and divers of the Princes and principal Nobility about the Town.

By a special Command from the Cardinals, the chief of their respective Orders, and the great Chamberlain of the Church, A severe Proclamation is issued out against all scandalous Libels and defamatory Pamphlets, and such persons who too frequently make it their business to spread infamous reports to the wounding of the reputation of other persons, especially those of greater Eminency; as also against Players, common haunners of lewd Houses, common Whores, and Women of dishonest life passing the streets in Coaches.

Dantzick, Feb. 22. From Poland we are told, That the Bishop of Plesko, who was sent by His Majesty, as one of His Ambassadors, to meet the Queen, and to attend her to Crzenstochow, is fallen ill by the way; and, that Patubiasky the Marshal of Lythuania, is joyned in Commission with the Chancellour of the same Province in his Room.

From Radzin in Lythuania, upon the Frontiers, between Poland and Moscow, they Write, That the Commissioners from those Crowns have not yet broken off their Treaty, but 'tis not believ'd that any good issue can be expected from it; the Muscovites opposing all Proposals tending to the Surrender of Kiow, unless the Poles will engage to deliver up to them 47 Places and Forts which the Cossacks had taken from them.

The same Letters tell us, That Alexis Alexionowich, the eldest Son of the Great of Muscovy, died on the 27th of January last at Moscow, to the great affliction of all that Empire.

Legarn, Feb. 24. Yesterday arrived the *Humo Bupno*, a ship off this place, in 22 dayes from Tripoli in Barbary, telling us, That the Corsaires of that place were all in Port; several of them returning much lamed and endamaged by the Engagement they had some weeks before with the Dutch Convoy which came from Smyrna.

The 22th instant departed the *Ann* and *Mary* for Zante, and several other Ships for Naples, Puglia and Venice. The next day sailed the Dutch Convoy to Holland, being one Man of War, the same which formerly engaged with the Tripolines, and five great Merchant ships; immediately after them sailed the *English* Convoy, consisting of the *Falcon* and *Speedwel* Fregats, with the *Phoenix* laden here, and five other small Ships from Puglia, homewards bound under their Convoy.

Hambourgh, Feb. 25. The Conferenees between the Deputies from several of the Neighbouring Princes, about the Disputes, between the King of Denmark and the Duke of Holstein Ploen, have had hitherto but little effect; the Danes being unwilling to quit the possession of the County of Oldenberg, now under Dispute; the Duke being confident of the Justice of his Pretensions, is averse from hearkning to any equivalent which shall be proposed to him in lieu of it: But, the death of the late King of Denmark has put some stop to that Affair.

Letters of the 19th Instant from Copenhagen, tell us, That the Affairs of that Kingdom are but little changed since the Death of the King, all Officers continuing their Employments as before, only Doctor Bullisch, President of the City of Copenhagen, formerly the Kings Physician, has resigned his Charge, which is since conferred on Monsieur Finke.

The Famous Chevalier Borri, who, by some sinister Arts made his Advantages under the late King, has left the Kingdome, King Christian refusing to admit him to his Presence.

His Majesty is resolv'd to have Rigorous Justice done upon all persons who shall be found guilty of bearing false Witness, or of Perjury, and to ease the people from many of the Impositions which are now upon them. All the Souldery have already Sworn Obedience to the New King.

From Silesia we are told, That the Bishop of Nissen in that Province, has order'd the Coyning of Gold Ducats, in form of Medalls, intending to make a Present of 3000 of them to the Queen of Poland, in her passage towards Crzenstochow, two thousand more to the Empress her Mother and 1000 to the Arch-Duchess her Sister, in Imitation of what the Electors of Moravia had done in her passage through that Marquisate.

They farther affirme, That the Queen might probably reach Crzenstochow the 27th, and that the Marriage might be Consummated the 27th of February.

From Ratisbonne they tell us, That the late sickness of the Emperour, and the Miscarriage of the Empress, begins to put the Electoral Colledge in mind of the Conveniency of making choice of a King of the Romans; and, they as confidently say, That the Subject of Monsieur Gravelles Negotiation at Munchen, was principally to incline the Elector of Bavaria to put an end to the

Diet

Diet at *Ratisbonne*, and to procure an Assembly of the Electors for the making choice of a King of the Romans.

In *Hungary*, the Nobility, and persons of greatest Eminency in that Kingdom, had resolv'd to hold an Assembly of the States, the Twelfth of *March* in *Cassovia*, but that the Emperour had sent away the Count *de Lodai*, a Member of his Privy Council, and Chancellour of *Hungary*, with two other persons, to dissuade them from it; but, resolving if they persist in their Design, contrary to his Commands, to send some Regiments of Horse and Foot into those parts, to secure his Interest, and prevent them from acting any thing to the manifest disadvantage of the Imperial Crown.

Genova, Feb. 26. The 23 instant sail'd hence the *Madonna de Loreto* for the Coast of *Spain* richly laden, and the same day departed a *Zealand* man of war for *Spain* and *Holland*, having under his Convoy 7 large Dutch Merchant ships laden with *Rice*, *Lemmons* and *Oyl*. The next day put to sea the *Ow n* and *David* for *Legorn*, and the *Bachelors adventure* for *Naples*, with part of her lading of *Herrings*; and the *S. Antony* for *Legorn* with three other ships of this Port bound for *Ancona*, where they are designed to lade Corn for this place.

The *Genova* Convoy is now hastning out for *Spain*, consisting of two men of war and three stout Merchant ships, and hope to find there the Gallions safely arriv'd, though as yet they have no news of them.

Yesterday came in here the *African* Merchant from *Legorn* for this River to lade *Oyls* for *London*. Seven other small English ships are here lading, and expect the arrival of the *Polsand* to Convoy them to the *streights*.

The ship which lately arriv'd with the Duke d' *Osuna's* Goods, informs us that the Duke is waiting at *Barcelona* for favourable weather, to invite him to embark himself upon the Gallies which there attend to transport him to take possession of his Government of *Milan*.

From *Naples* we are advis'd that the Viceroy had design'd several Troops of Horse and Companies of Foot, to march towards *Otranto*, *Lecca*, and *Licera*, but has not yet given Orders for their motion till he have first information that good Quarters are assigned to entertain them.

The Viceroy of *Sardinia* fearing lest the people of that Island may suddenly break out into some disorders to the prejudice of the Crown of *Spain*, has press'd hard for a speedy assistance from *Naples*, where fresh Orders are given for the fitting up of a Squadron of the Gallies of that Kingdom, on which are to embark several Spanish Companies, by whose presence tis believed that popular fury will be in little time asswag'd.

Cologne, Feb. 28. Some forces of the Landgrave of *Hesse* being drawn near *Hanaw*, the Count of that place suspecting their intentions, refus'd to give them leave to enter the Town, but dispatch'd a Letter to the Prince Elector Palatine to acquaint him with the reason of his suspicion, desiring him to press the Landgrave to withdraw them; since this the Elector Palatine and Duke of *Wirtemberg* have upon the receipt of a Commission from His Imperial Majesty, written both to the Count *de Hanaw* and the Landgraves Deputies to forbear all acts of Hostility, and several of the neighbor Princes are interposing as Mediators for the compofure of all differences between them.

Dantzic, Mart 1. Letters of the 19th past *New stile*, inform us, that the King of *Polsand* was there arriv'd, expecting the news of the approach of his Royal Bride, who was hinder'd on her way by the great fall of Snow, so that the Marriage could not be consummated at the time appointed: at the closing of these Letters they had no advice of her arrival within 20 Leagues of *Czenstochow*, but it was not doubtd but that she might arrive timely enough for the performance of that Ceremony on the Sunday following; after which, the King intended to return

to *Warsaw* to be present at the opening of the General Diet the 5th instant.

Brussels, Mart. 21. The Officers of the Army appointed to take care of the Reform, have done their parts, and given in an account thereof to the Constable of *Castille* for his approbation; after which it may be suddenly publish'd and put into execution. The *English*, *Scotch* and *Irish* Regiments are to be reduced each of them to 1000 men, and allowances made them for their Recruits.

Yesterday arriv'd here a Spanish Courier from *Madrid*, telling us that the Court has not yet made choice of the General of the Cavalry for these Provinces, for which there are three competitors, the Prince of *Parma*, the Prince of *Chimay*, and Count *Monterey*,

That the Conde *de Molina* is design'd to be sent Ambassador into *France*, and a Nephew of Don *Alonzo de Cardenas* with the same Character into *England*.

Paris, Mart. 15. Many brass Guns have been lately taken out of the Arsenal and sent away by water to *Rouen* to be employ'd in his Majesty's Fleet.

The Six ships design'd for the *East Indies* under the Command of Monsieur *de la Haye*, are fitting up with all diligence, and may be ready by the next Month to put to sea. His Majesty order'd a Coach to be made at the *Gobelins*, to the value of 25 thousand Crowns, which is sent away to *Rochelle* to be put aboard those ships, and is intended as a Present to the Great *Mogul*. Several Medals have been lately made in memory of the Trade so much encourag'd by his Majesty to the *East Indies*, having on one side the King, and on the other several Indians with this Motto, *Gloriam meam dicent*.

Monsieur *de Guillerague* is by his Majesty design'd to be sent Ambassador to the *Otoman* Court, and is to have in his company 12 ships most of them laden with Merchandise: upon his arrival there we may expect the return home of Monsieur *de la Hay Ventelst*, who has for some years been employ'd in that Court under the same Character.

The Turks are making extraordinary preparation for war both by Sea and Land, and tis by some suspected lest he may have encouragement to sail either upon *Sicily* or *Naples*; in the former tis said, the Duke d' *Albuquerque* Viceroy of that Island, has caus'd two Greeks to be executed, they having been found to be subjects to the Turkish Empire, and employ'd to take the Plain of *Palermo*, the principal City of that Island: the Duke apprehending thereupon some danger of an Invasion, has given Order for the fortifying of the principal Sea ports of his Government.

The King seems resolv'd to give a visit to his late Conquests in the *Netherlands*. He has given Order to all the Officers of his forces to repair to their Quarters and Employments by the 15th of *April*, upon pain of being cashier'd.

The 9th instant, Monsieur and Madam arriv'd here from *St. Germain*, and have resolv'd to continue some days at the Palace Royal, and the 10th instant gave Audience to the Count *de Rabata*, Resident from the Great Duke of *Tuscany*, whom the next day the Sieur *de Honnevit* presented from his Majesty with his Majesty's Picture richly set with Diamonds.

Advertisement.

These are to give Notice That the famous Cathartique and Diuretique Pills, successfully apply'd by Dr Sermons to his Grace the late Lord General Monk, and an excellent Remedy against the Scurvy, with all other sharp, salt and watery Humors; Are to be had at his House in Cannon-Row near Kingstreet Westminster, (with his Advice and Medicins proper for the Cure of any other difficult Distempers) and likewise are sold by Mr. Edward Thomas at the Adam and Eve in little Britain, who is solely deputed by the said Dr. to make salts thereof in several places of the Cities of London and Westminster, and in the Country.