

# The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Saturday July 9. to Tuesday July 12. 1709.

Whitehall, July 6.

**B**Y Order of the Right Honourable the Lords, and others, appointed Commissioners and Trustees, by Her Majesty's Letters Patents under the Great Seal, for collecting, receiving and disposing of the Money to be collected for the Subsistence and Settlement of the poor Palatines; Notice is hereby given, that the said Commissioners will meet in a general Meeting in the Chapter-house of St. Paul's on every Wednesday, at Four of the Clock in the Afternoon, and that in order to receive Proposals for employing and settling the said Palatines; and to prepare Business for the said general Meeting, they will meet as a Committee in the new Buildings adjoining to the Banqueting-house in Whitehall on every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at Four of the Clock in the Afternoon; and that they will likewise meet as a Committee in the Council-chamber in Guildhall, London, on every Monday and Friday at Four of the Clock in the Afternoon, and on every Wednesday at Ten of the Clock in the Morning.

H. Benslyth.

The Persons appointed Commissioners and Trustees by the said Letters Patents are,

- The Lord Archbishop of Canterbury.
- Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain.
- Lord High Treasurer of Great Britain.
- John Lord Somers, Lord-President of the Council.
- John Duke of Newcastle, Lord Privy Seal.
- William Duke of Devonshire, Lord Steward of the Household.
- Charles Duke of Somerset, Master of the Horse.
- James Duke of Ormond.
- Wriotheley Duke of Bedford.
- John Duke of Buckingham and Normanby.
- James Duke of Queensberry and Dover, Secretary of State.
- Henry Marquis of Kent, Lord Chamberlain of the Household.
- Evelyn Marquis of Dorchester.
- Thomas Earl of Pembroke and Montgomery, Lord High Admiral of Great Britain.
- James Earl of Derby.
- Thomas Earl of Stamford.
- Charles Earl of Sunderland, Secretary of State.
- Lawrence Earl of Rochester.
- Henry Lord Bishop of London.
- Thomas Lord Bishop of Rochester.
- Jonathan Lord Bishop of Winchester.
- John Lord Bishop of Ely.
- William Lord Bishop of Lincoln.
- William Lord Dartmouth.
- Charles Lord Halifax.
- The Right Hon. Mr. Secretary Boyle.
- James Vernon, Esq;
- Lord Chief Justice Holt.
- Sir John Trevor, Master of the Rolls.
- Lord Chief Justice Trevor.
- Sir Charles Hedges.
- John Smith, Esq; Chancellor of the Exchequer.
- Sir James Mounague, Kar. Attorney General.
- Robert Eyre, Esq; Solicitor General.
- The Lord Mayor, Aldermen, Recorder and Sheriffs of the City of London.
- The Honourable Spencer Compton and George Watson, Esqrs;
- Sir Matthew Dudley,
- Sir John Bucknall,
- Sir John Stanley,
- Sir Henry Furnese,
- Sir John Philips, and
- Sir Alexander Cairns, Barts.
- Sir Theodore Janssen,
- Sir James Collet,
- Sir Edmund Harrison,
- Sir William Scawen, and
- Sir John Elwill, Knights.
- Dr. Willis Dean of Lincoln.
- Dr. White Kennet Dean of Peterborough.
- Dr. — Godolphin Dean of St. Paul's.
- Dr. Thomas Maningham Dean of Windfor.
- Dr. Thomas Bray,

- Dr. George Smalridge,
- Dr. Mosse,
- Dr. Bradford,
- Dr. Purler,
- Dr. Linford,
- Dr. Pelling,
- The Reverend Samuel Clark,
- Conradus Wernley,
- Ulrich Scherer,
- John Tribbeko, and
- Andrew Ruperty, Clerks.
- Samuel Travers, Esq; Surveyor General.
- John Plumer,
- John Shute,
- Joseph Coffly,
- Richard Woollaston,
- David Huxleter,
- John Ward,
- Henry Comish,
- Nathaniel Gould,
- Justus Beck,
- John Delben,
- Richard Martin,
- Arthur Bailey,
- Micajah Perry,
- Henry Martin,
- William Dudley,
- George Townsend,
- Thomas Railton,
- Ralph Bucknall,
- John Chamberlain,
- William Dawson, and
- Francis Eyles, Esqrs.
- Frederick Siare, and
- James Keith, Doctors of Physick.
- Thomas Smith, Esq;
- Robert Hales,
- Henry William,
- Ludolph Robert de Neuville,
- Peter Joy,
- William Falkner,
- Henry Horr,
- Walter Cook, and
- Jonathan James, Gent.

*Berne, July 6. N. S.* The Comotions in the Cevennes and the Vevais increase daily, and the Reformed have lately been joined by great Numbers of the Roman Catholic Persuasion; so that it at present appears, that these Disturbances arise as well from the general Dissatisfaction of the People, as from the Persecution in Point of Religion. Our late Advices concerning an Action between the King's Troops and these Malecontents are confirmed. Letters from Lyons of the thirtieth of the last Month tell us, that there were sixteen hundred Men killed in the Field of Bartel, but do not say whether the King's Forces or the Malecontents had the Victory: What makes us conclude the latter had the Advantage, is, that the Duke of Berwick, upon advice of this Engagement, had detached eleven Battalions to join the Duke of Roquelaure, who was likewise to be reinforced by twenty seven Squadrons from Spain. It is said, that the Duke of Berwick's Army, after this Detachment, consisted of seventy Battalions and fifty Squadrons. There are Letters which say the Malecontents, since this Action, consisted of a Body of five thousand Men; and that some Swiss Regiments not only refused to Charge, but fired upon their own Officers, who urged them to obey their Orders. These Advices add, that the French King had commanded all his Troops, except twenty four Battalions, to retire out of Spain; and that those Troops, as they return into his own Dominions, are to be dispersed to several Parts of the Kingdom, in which the Court is apprehensive of Tumults. The Army commanded by the Duke of Berwick is still intrenched near Brancon. The Diet of the thirteen Cantons is to meet at Baden on the eighth Instant, and it is not doubted but the Affair of Tockenbourg will soon be wholly adjusted.

*Frankfort, July 11. N. S.* Yesterday Count de Zobor, Adjutant-General to his Imperial Majesty, set out from this Place for the Army in Flanders. Count Rechteren is expected here every moment; and it is supposed that as soon as he hath held a Conference with the Deputies of the Neighbouring Circles, he will return to the Hague. Letters from the Imperial Camp at Etingen advise, that General Thungen was arrived there from the Baths of Embs, and that they were making the necessary Dispositions for passing the Rhine. These Letters add, that a Party of the Troops of the Elector-Palatine lately engaged a Body of French near Hombourg, and entirely defeated them. Advices from the Enemy's Army say, that they were