

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Thursday July 21. to Saturday July 23. 1709.

Whitehall, July 20.

BY Order of the Right Honourable the Lords, and others, her Majesty's Commissioners for receiving and disposing of the Money to be collected for the Subsistence and Settlement of the poor Palatines: Notice is hereby given; that they will hold their General Meeting in the Parlour of Doctors-Commons on the next and every Wednesday, at four of the Clock in the Afternoon.

Notice is hereby likewise given, That the said Commissioners are come to a Resolution for disposing and settling as many of the said Palatines as conveniently they can, in North-Britain, Ireland, and the Plantations; and that they will, at their Committee, receive Proposals in order thereunto.

Notice is hereby likewise given, That any Masters of Ships trading in the Coal or other Coast-Trade, are at Liberty to employ such of the said Palatines as are willing to serve them on Board such Ships, and that such Masters may apply themselves to a Person appointed to attend, at the several Places where the said Palatines now are, for that purpose.

H. Bendysh.

Milan, July 12. N. S. The Marquis de Visconti set out from hence some Days since towards the Army in Piedmont. Letters from Turin say, that the Marschal Count Thaur left that Place on the seventh Instant, and proceeded to the Army near Suza; from whence he decamped on the 9th, and advanced with the main Body of his Forces near Mount Cenis, having left a considerable Detachment of Horse and Foot under the Command of General Rhebinder, to observe the Motions of the Enemy near Briançon. General Thaur intended to pass the Mount Cenis the Day following, with a Design to encamp at Lanebourg. Great Reinforcements of Horse and Foot have been sent to General Schallembourg in the Valley of Aosta. The rest of the Cavalry and Infantry continue encamped at Staffarde and Orbassan, where they expect every moment to be joined by the Regiment of Paté from Naples. The whole Army consists of forty three thousand Men. These Letters add, that the Enemy have received great Reinforcements in the Tarantaise, where they are entrenched, to prevent General Thaur from penetrating into that Country; and that some of their Parties having attacked the Post of Thuile at little St. Bernards, were repulsed with great Loss.

Venice, July 16. N. S. A Grecian Saick is arrived here from Constantinople, which informs us, that all things are in great Tranquillity at the Ottoman Port. We have received repeated Advices of an Engagement that lately happened between four Vessels of Tripoli, and five Gallies of Malta, wherein the latter burnt the Admiral of the Tripolins, carrying four hundred Men, and took one of their Tartanes. Three Knights of Malta were killed in this Action. Letters from Naples advise, that Cardinal Grimani had made Don Oratio Mufcettola Duke of Melito, President of Trani, and Don Nicolo Torres Governor of Reggio. These two Lords are both Neapoli-

tans, and have always distinguished themselves by their Zeal and Affection for the Interest of the House of Austria. These Advices add, that the Viceroy had sent out several large Ships to scour the Seas from the Privateers of Lipari, which mightily infest the Coast; and that those Vessels have already taken one of their Capers. Letters from Genoa say, that two English Men of War are arrived at that Port from the Levant, having taken divers French Ships laden with Corn in their Cruise.

Frankfort, July 21. N. S. The Great Master of the Teutonick Order arrived here on Friday last; and proceeded yesterday on his Journey to Dusseldorp. There has been an Order Published, in which very severe Penalties are pronounced against all such Peasants as shall neglect to seize or pursue any of the late Party which seized his Highness, some of whom are still supposed to lurk about the Country since they were dispersed; but the greater number of them have made their Escape. Letters from the Imperial Camp at Muhlberg say, that the French Army is encamped in the Black Forest behind their Lines, which they continue to Fortify with great Diligence. These Advices add, that eight thousand French Horse had passed the Rhine near Altenheim, and not only foraged the Country for their own Subsistence, but had conveyed off great quantities of Corn, in order to be conveyed into France. Letters from Swisserland say, that the Abbot of St. Gall has chosen for Arbitrators in his behalf, for deciding the Affair of Tockenbourg, two of the Deputies of Lucerne, two of Uri, and two of Soleure; the Inhabitants of that County have chosen the same number, two of Zurich, two of Berne, and two of Basil. The Canton of Schweits has, during the whole Dispute, opposed an Arbitration; but we have now hopes it will be soon brought to an amicable Issue.

Brussels, July 22. N. S. The effectual Methods which have been taken to prevent the Importation of Corn into France have rais'd the Price of that Commodity in the Neighbourhood of Mons, and several other Places of the Enemies Frontiers; and we are assured, that the same Scarcity of Provisions has lately occasioned an Insurrection in Namur. Advices from Mons say, that Marschal Villars arrived there on the sixteenth Instant, and had a Conference with the Elector of Bavaria; after which he immediately returned to his Army. Letters from Lille inform us, that the Prince of Holstein-Beck hath given up the Command of that City to Major-General Huffsels, the Governor of the Cittadel; and that great numbers of Deserters come daily thither from the Enemy's Camp. Letters from Paris say, that the progress of the Siege of Tournay, and the Motions of the Army under the Marschal Villars, were industriously concealed from the People. The Posture of Affairs in Province and Dauphiné gives the Court much uneasiness, the Duke of Berwick having been obliged to send such great Detachments for the reinforcement of the Troops commanded by the Marquis de Roquelaure, that the Guard of several important Passes in the Mountains is committed to the Militia.

Plimouth, July 19. Yesterday came in from Cruising, but last from Falmouth, her Majesty's Ships the Salisbury, Medway and Romney, and under their Convoy nine Sail of Tin Ships and Coasters.

Dartmouth,