

The London Gazette.

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Whitehall, August 10.

BY Order of the Right Honourable the Lords and others, her Majesty's Commissioners for receiving and disposing of the Money to be collected for the Subsistence and Settlement of the poor Palatines: Notice is hereby given, That all Persons concerned in collecting the Money on the Briefs for the Relief, &c. of the said Palatines, are hereby required to pay forthwith into the Chamber of London all such Sums of Money, not under fifty Pounds, as they shall from time to time have collected on the said Briefs, and to take from the Officer, appointed there to receive the same, a Receipt on the back of the respective Briefs whereon the same was collected, in part of Money by them collected thereon.

By Order of the said Commissioners Notice is hereby likewise given, That they will, for the future, meet as a Committee in the Council-Chamber in Guildhall on every Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, at four of the Clock in the Afternoon, and on every Wednesday, at ten of the Clock in the Forenoon.

H. Bensch.

Windsor, August 16. The Marquis Viali, Envoy-Extraordinary from the Republick of Genoa, (being introduced by the Right Honourable Mr. Secretary Boyle, and conducted by Sir Charles Cottrell, Master of the Ceremonies.) has had his private Audience of Leave of Her Majesty.

Berne, August 10. N. S. On the 27th of the last Month the Affair relating to the County of Tockenbourg was taken into Consideration at the General Diet at Baden; the Deputies of that County, as well as the French Ambassador, being present. In the mean time new Differences arose between the Protestants and Roman Catholics at Rheinthal, which hindered a final Accommodation of the Matter. On the 6th Instant the General Diet concluded; but the Deputies of the six Cantons appointed to determine this Dispute continue their Session, and labour to make an end of the Quarrel, notwithstanding the Abbot of St. Gall hath fallen into new measures to delay their Proceedings. The last Letters from Geneva say, they have lately received no certain Advices of the Motions of the Duke of Savoy's Army; but that it was reported his Cavalry had joined Count Thaur. The most exact Account we have of the Marches of that General's Troops, and of the present Dispositions of both Armies, is as follows. The Enemy having entrenched nine Battalions in the Tarentaise along the River Verceix, (which falls down from the Mountains of Bon-homme, and passes between St. Maurice and Céz, and from thence into the Izeré,) placed ten Squadrons of Horse and Dragoons in their Rear, to preserve the Communication with Montiers. The care of this Post was committed to Lieutenant-General Theuy. Monsieur de Médavy was entrenched at St. Jean de Maurienne with sixteen Battalions, who had posted fifty Granadiers at St. Andre, which is four Leagues from St. Jean de Maurienne and eight hundred Men at St. Michael, supported by another Body of eight hundred chosen out of all his Infantry; Monsieur de Celly, a Lieutenant-General, commanded fifteen Battalions in the Valloire, to maintain a Communication with Briançon, by the Mountains of Gallobier. The Duke of Berwick remained with thirty Battalions at the Camp du Bay, a League distant from Briançon, and had placed five or six Battalions well entrenched on the Eminences,

in order to cover that Town. General Thaur having passed Mount Cenis, encamped at Auffois in the Upper Maurienne; from whence he detached the Count de la Roque with five thousand Men, to fall into Montiers. At the same time General Schullenburg was ordered to March over the Mountains of Little St. Bernard, to force the Enemies Entrenchments at St. Maurice. Monsieur de Thoy being advised of the Motions of the Count de la Roque, drew out a great part of the Troops which were in these Entrenchments, to oppose him at Montiers. He broke down two Stone Bridges on the Izeré, which runs thro' the middle of that Town. When the Count de la Roque arrived at Montiers, he possessed himself of that part of the Town which is on the South East of the River, Monsieur de Thoy being on the opposite side of it. The Troops which were left in the Entrenchments at St. Maurice, as soon as Count Schullenburg appeared at the Foot of Little St. Bernard, abandoned their Posts, and retired with precipitation to rejoin the Forces which were at Montiers. Several Skirmishes happened between the Count de la Roque and Monsieur de Thoy in that City; but the Izeré prevented the Count de la Roque from engaging the Enemy in a full Body. In the end Monsieur de Thoy thought fit to retire towards Fessons; but being on his March, received Orders from the Duke of Berwick to attempt the recovery of those Posts which he had quitted; whereupon he placed a Regiment of Dragoons in his Front, to cover his March through a straight Passage on the Banks of the Izeré, which was exposed to the Enemy's Fire from the other side of that River. The Count de la Roque posted along the opposite Bank a Detachment of Infantry, by whose Fire that Regiment was entirely broken. The Enemy finding it impracticable to execute the Orders of the Duke of Berwick, retired to Fessons and Cavin, where they threw up Trenches for their Infantry at the foot of the Mountain, and posted their Cavalry in a small neighbouring Plain. In the mean time the Count de la Roque had repaired the Bridges of Montiers, passed the Izeré, and was followed by Count Thaur, who had left some Troops in the Upper Maurienne: The Count de la Roque arrived at the Enemy's Intrenchment on the 27th in the Evening, they being but two Leagues and a half from Montiers. For some time they Cannonaded each other, but the Night approaching, the Fire ceased on both sides. On the 28th in the Morning he attacked the Enemy's Lines, which he carried after a long and vigorous Resistance. The French had between twelve and fifteen hundred killed on the spot; but the Loss of the Duke of Savoy's Forces is not exactly known. The Enemy's Cavalry suffered most in this Action. The Enemy retired, after their Defeat, to Confians, in which Place Monsieur de Thoy had left seven or eight hundred Men, most of whom were slain, or made Prisoners of War, when we took that Post. During these Transactions the Marschal de Berwick gave Orders to throw up Entrenchments from Frotterive to the River Izeré; but upon Advice of the Retreat of Monsieur de Thoy, he assembled all the French Forces at Montmellian, where they have marked out Lines for an Entrenchment, to extend from the foot of the neighbouring Mountain to the Works of the Castle, and continue from these Works to the River Izeré, whereby they hope to cover Chamberry and Baraux; but it is believed that the Duke of Berwick will not be able to maintain that Post, where he may be attacked both in Front and Rear. The Cavalry which suffered at Fessons is retired to Ancey, where they are to be joined by some Troops of Dragoons which have been

been dispersed over Savoy. They have sent their Equipage to Seiffel on the other side of the Rhore, and it is expected that they will also pass that River on the Approach of the Enemy. The Head Quarters of Count Thaur were at St. Peter d' Albigny on the 30th of the last Month, which is but two Leagues from Montmellian. Letters from Geneva say, that there was an Action on the 19th last past, between the King's Forces and the Malecontents in the Vivarce; but the Success of that Engagement is not certainly known, though it is reported the Malecontents were defeated.

From the Imperial Camp near Langercandel, August 13. N. S. His Electoral Highness of Hanover arrived at the Army on the 8th Instant, and the same Day passed the Rhine over the Bridge of Philipsbourg, and encamped in this Place. The Prince Alexander of Wirtemberg, and Major-General Hoffman, have already joined our Army with two Regiments drawn out of the Garrison of Landa. We have also received a great quantity of Artillery from Philipsbourg; and the neighbouring Bailiages have brought in several Horses and Waggon, for the Transportation of our Cannon, Baggage and Provisions. The Marshal d'Harcourt is retired with all his Forces behind the Lines of Lauterbourg; but our Army being much Superior to the Enemy, it is supposed he will be obliged to quit these Lines, if his Highness thinks fit to Attack him. The Imperialists having laid a Bridge of Communication over the Rhine at Schreck, are building a Fort for its Defence. Letters from Strasbourg say, that a Correspondence for delivering that City to the Imperialists is discovered, and that a hundred Burghers have been apprehended on Suspicion of being concerned in the Design. They add, that great quantities of Provision and Ammunition were found to have been concealed by private Hands; and that those Stores have been seized for the use of the Garrison.

Hague, Aug. 20. N. S. The States of Holland are appointed to Assemble next Week. The Count de Brouy succeeds Don Quiros in the same Character in which he lately served his Catholic Majesty. On the 14th Instant Monsieur Plessin left this Place on his way to Copenhagen. Our late Advices from France say, that they had discovered a Forgery of so great quantity of their Money Bills, that it had almost destroyed their Credit. These Letters add, that the People are very backward in bringing their Silver into the Mint; and their Species of Gold is so much Counterfeited, that it is said the Currency of it will be prohibited in this Country. The late Action in Savoy is confirmed from all Parts; and Count Thaur, according to the Advices of the 9th Instant, had disposed of his Troops in such a manner, that he commanded the Country from Conflans to St. Pierre d'Albigny, where he expected the Horse and Artillery to join him from Piedmont, who being already passed Mount Cenis. The Duke of R-rwick lay behind a Line which he had thrown up at Montmellian, with his Right covered by the Izere, and his Left by the Mountains. Those Advices add, that his Army was in great want both of Money and Provisions; and that they could not expect to be supplied from Langue-doc, Dauphiné or Provence. The Corn in all those Countries having been generally destroyed by all the ill Accidents of both the Summer and Winter Season. They write from the Frontiers of Flanders, that the French Garrisons, as well as their Armies, are under a necessity of distributing half a Pound of Flesh, instead of a full Pound, and two Liards, instead of two Pence a Day to each Soldier, besides his Bread. The Subaltern Officers are allowed but half their usual Pay; the Severity of this Order occasioned the late Insurrection at Ipres, in which many Houses were pillaged, the Officers being unable to prevent these Disorders, and several being wounded in attempting to appease the Tumult. We have fresh Advices of the Defeat of the Swedish Army near Poltowa, which add, that a Body consisting of seven thousand Swedes and eight thousand Cossacks, which had retreated from that Barrel towards the Boristhenes, having been closely pursued by the Muscovites, and wanting both Provisions and Ammunition, surrendered themselves Prisoners of War. 'Tis said, the King of Sweden himself escaped by swimming over the Boristhenes, being followed by only eight hundred of his Horse, and that General Mazepa hath also saved himself by Flight.

Falmouth, August 13. Yesterday sailed the Sophia Packet-boat, Capt. Smith Commander, for Plymouth; the Resolution Packet-boat from the West-Indies, but last from Mount's-Bay, and a Dutch Runner from Guiney, arrived here Yesterday.

Dartmouth, August 14. Rear-Admiral Baker, with the Outward-bound Fleet, are still detained in Torbay by contrary Winds. They have taken several small French Privateers, which lay hovering on our Coast.

Tarmouth, August 15. On the 13th Instant divers light Colliers sailed for Newcastle. Yesterday Her Majesty's Ships the Lime and Flamborough, with several Light Colliers under their Convoy, arrived here from the Southward, bound for Newcastle. Her Majesty's Ship the Gosport passed through our Road Yesterday, from Humber to the Southward. This Day divers laden Colliers are come in from Newcastle.

The Court of Directors of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England give Notice, That in pursuance of a Power to them given in and by a late Act of Parliament, Entituled, An Act for enlarging the Capital Stock of the Bank of England, and for raising a further Supply to her Majesty for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and nine, the said Court do direct and appoint a fourth Twenty Pounds per Cent. of and upon the New Subscriptions to their Capital Stock, to be paid at the Bank on or before the 31st Instant, under the Penalties in the said Act directed; and that Attendance will be given at the Bank daily after the 2nd Instant, from 9 to 12 in the Forenoon, and from 3 to 5 in the Afternoon, for receiving thereof.

Advertisements.

Finding great Encouragement by selling true near French Brandy, clean and full Proof, a Trade not practicable this many Years, notwithstanding Brandyes are so much risen, Major Bird, Merchant, in Pudding-Lane, will sell his Bourdeaux but for 10 s. and his fine old Cognack for 11 s. per Gallon. To prevent Frauds, he gives a printed Receipt of the Price, Quantity and Quality; and sells no less than a Gallon.

Mr. Rumbold, Pawnbroker at the Crown in Long-Acre, gives Notice, That all Persons who have any Goods in her Hands, are desired to fetch them away in three Months, or they will be disposed off, she designing to leave off her Trade in that time.

Wheres Edward Douglas of Wisbeach, in the Isle of Ely, and County of Cambridge, Butcher, hath surrendered himself, and been examined; there are to give Notice, that he will attend the Commissioners on the 20th Instant, at 3 in the Afternoon, at the Rose and Crown in Wisbeach, to finish his Examination; where his Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-money, and chuse Assignees, or else they'll lose the benefit of this Act.

Wheres a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded against William Stames of the Parish of West Bromwich in the County of Stafford, Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is required to surrender himself to the Commissioners on the 30th Instant, and on the 6th and 17th of September next, at 9 in the Forenoon, at Mr. Jonathan Taylor's, Innholder in Dudley in the County of Worcester; at the first of which Sitings the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-money, and chuse an Assignee or Assignees. And all Persons that are indebted to him, or that have any Goods or Effects of his in their Hands, are not to pay or deliver the same to any Person, but such only as the Commissioners shall appoint.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt, awarded against Zachary Skingley, late of Colchester, in the County of Essex, Bay-maker, intend to meet on the 20th of September next, at 3 in the Afternoon, at Rich's Coffee-house in the Parish of St. Peter in Colchester, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, and paid their Contribution-money, are then to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Peter Barsthill, late of the City of Exeter, Mercer intend to meet on the 13th of September next, at 4 Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, to make a Dividend of the Bankrupt's Estate; where the Creditors who have not proved their Debts, and paid their Contribution-money, are to come prepared to do the same, or they'll be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend.

LOST on Sturday the 21st of May last, near Stow in Gloucestershire, an English Spaniel Dog, of a middle size, white, his Ears and part of his Head of a deep yellow, two or three yellow spots upon his Body, a small round Spot in the middle of his Forehead, about four Years old, his Tee is somewhat worn before, his Ears Curled, part of one Ear cut off, thick Shoulder'd, short Neck'd, strong Legs, brown Eyes, about an Inch cur off his Tail. Whoever brings him to Daniel James, at the Sign of the Crown in Stow; or to William Howgill, at the Sign of the White Horse in Little Wildstreet, near Little's Inn-Fields, London; or gives Notice, so that he may be had again, shall have three Guineas Reward.

W Five Pound willingnes Terms: and others, disposing of and settle given, Thau or more Five Pound besides the And who Cities of L have received said Palatine Persons who more Famili Allowance such Famili them to the that any fu by Letter or Committee, Chamber in

The follow been Tran Lord-Lie Mr. Secr very gra

To the The humble

May it pl
Your Ma Delight to your Ma be Address, Outlawries o send six hun eighty eight, They no lo successful to they consider your Majesty Royal Promis Regard to the jets, and p tures and O One thousand hundred eigh And are k jesty, That a meat, acted towards the behavior, ma jesty's Favou ful Subject.

Lisbon; A way has been recovered.