

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Tuesday September 20. to Thursday September 22. 1709.

Whitehall, September 17.

THE Right Honourable the Lords and others, her Majesty's Commissioners for the Poor Palatines, having intrusted William Greene, Edward Ward and Henry Wilkes, Gent. by themselves and Agents, to disperse the Brieves granted for the Relief of the said Palatines, and to Collect the Charity thereon: And the Season of the Year, and the great Wants of the said poor People requiring a speedy Supply; Notice is hereby given, that all Ministers, Churchwardens, and others whom it may concern, are hereby required, as soon as the said Brieves shall come to their, or any of their Hands, to hasten the Reading the same, and to make the Collections thereon as soon as conveniently may be, and to return the said Brieves, together with the Money thereon respectively Collected forthwith, to the end the said Undertakers may thereby be enabled to pay the same into the Chamber of London, according to the Order of the said Commissioners.

H. Bendysh.

Mosco, July 31. N. S. There has been already given in general an Account, that the Army of his Czarish Majesty had entirely routed that of the King of Sweden. We have since received the following Particulars:

Such of the Swedish Horse and Foot as could make their Retreat from the Place of Battel, were the same Day pursued by the Lieutenants-General Galliczin and Baver, at the Head of a strong Detachment. The next Day Prince Menzikoff himself followed with more Troops, but could not join the other Generals 'till two Days after, when he found them very advantageously posted at the foot of a rising Ground between the Nieper and the Workla; and having taken a Quarter-Master with some Wallachs Prisoners, he was informed, that the King of Sweden, with a Detachment of his best Horse, passed the Nieper about three Hours before, but left General Lewenhaupt with the rest behind, who probably would surrender themselves, if summoned. On this Advice, the Prince immediately advanced with his Forces, who were not above nine thousand strong, and sent an Officer to let them know, that since all hopes of a Retreat were cut off, they must lay down their Arms, or otherwise expect no Quarter. On this Message Major-General Creutz, Colonel Ducker, Lieutenant-Colonel Trautfetter, and Adjutant-General Douglafs, came to treat of a Capitulation, which was presently agreed on, and signed by the Prince, and General Lewenhaupt: Whereupon the Swedes, consisting of fifteen thousand Men, choice Troops, and most Horse, were obliged to surrender themselves as Prisoners of War, and the same Day delivered over all their Arms, Artillery, Ammunition, Chest of War, Chancery, Kettle Drums, Standards and Colours, to Lieutenant-General Baver. Most of the Cossacks also came in and submitted; but General Mazepa, with some few of his Followers, passed the Nieper before the King of Sweden. When these Letters were dispatched, it was not known which way he had taken, but it was believed he could not Escape. Several thousand Men are ordered to take distinct and proper Routes in pursuit of him. This Detachment hath already fallen on the Rear Guard, killed two hundred on the Place, and sent in about one hundred Prisoners. In this manner the whole Swedish Army is entirely routed and dispersed, none having escaped except one thousand Horse, who fled with the King. On the 30th of June the Czar had left his Camp near Pultawa, to follow the Enemy in Person, and just arrived as the Surrender was made. On the Mucovitz side were only killed in the Battel one Brigadier, one Colonel, two Lieutenant-Colonels, two Majors,

and other Officers and Soldiers, to the number of one thousand three hundred forty four Men. There were wounded Lieutenant-General Renne, five Colonels, five Lieutenant-Colonels, eight Majors, with other Officers and Soldiers. The whole number of the wounded, including Horse and Foot, amounts to three thousand two hundred ninety two; the whole of both the killed and wounded, four thousand six hundred thirty six. These Advices are dated the 9th Instant, O. S. from Pultawa, and all the Circumstances have been confirmed by a Courier from General Baver, and another from Monsieur Sierman, the King of Prussia's Resident, who was taken Prisoner with Count Piper. We have no certain News from the King of Sweden; some Advices say, he is retired to Tekin, a Turkish Town on the River Niefter on the Frontiers of Wallachia; and others, to Oczakow, a Tartarian Town on the Euxine; and here is a Report, that the Czar had demanded him of the Governor of the Province. His Czarish Majesty is supposed to be at this time at Chioff, but his Army is to divide it self, one part is to March under General Baver into Poland, and another with Felt-Marshal Sheremetoff towards Livonia. The Rejoycings here have been extraordinary on this Occasion for several Days together. Monsieur Raysferling, the Prussian Envoy, will set out within three Days for the Army, with some Proposals relating to the present situation of Poland and Sweden.

A List of the Swedish Troops which surrendered themselves Prisoners of War to Prince Menzikoff, near Porcvolo-tsch, on the 30th of June, O. S. 1709.

Count Lewenhaupt, the General of the Foot and Governor of Riga; Creutz and Creuse, Majors-General; Count Bonde and the two Counts of Douglafs, Adjutants-General to the Felt-Marshal. Horse: The Regiment of Horse Guards, with the Major Lilienstrom; the Royal Sweden Regiment, with Colonel Ramschivert, Lieutenant-Colonel Groan and Major Prinkenstrin; the Royal Livonia, with Lieutenant-Colonel Plater; the Smaland, with Lieutenant-Colonel Haderdom; the Carelia, with Colonel Lofchert, Lieutenant-Colonel Freidenfeldt, and Major Bluhert; the Suderhonen; the Ostergoth, with Major Haffter; the Aboe and Berenburg, with Major Hold; the Nicland, Norderchonen, and Crat, General. Dragoons: The Royal Regiment of Dragoons, with Lieutenant-Colonel Ornstedt, and Major Stromshild, Prince Wirtemberg; the Schroterfels with Lieutenant-Colonel Freiman, and the Majors Hamilton and Freiman; Helm, with Colonel Helm, Lieutenant-Colonel Lewenhaupt, Major Trautfetter; Duker, with Colonel Duker, and Major Duker; Gulderstein, with Colonel Gulderstein; Wennerfladt, with Colonel Wennerfladt, and Lieutenant-Colonel van Schaube; Schlippenbache, with Lieutenant-Colonel Culbaens, Majors Rosenkamps and Lode; Meyerfeldt, with Lieutenant-Colonel Troutfetter, and Major Groshausen; Taube, with Colonel Taube, and Major Brandheltz; Albenril, with Major Kruger. The Total of the Horse Officers and common Soldiers is, seven Colonels, ten Lieutenant-Colonels, fifteen Majors, one hundred eighty two Captains, two hundred and seventeen Lieutenants, two hundred and fifteen Ensigns, five hundred twenty two under Officers, eight hundred seventy five Staff Officers and other military Attendants; and eight thousand six hundred thirty seven common Soldiers; being in all ten thousand six hundred and eighty Men. Foot: Foot Guards, were Colonel Baron Peff, Major Count Oxentirn, eight Captains, nineteen Lieutenants, thirty one Ensigns, one hundred twenty one Under-Officers, eighty seven Staff Officers and other military Attendants, and eleven hundred ninety six common Soldiers; being in all one thousand four hundred

dred sixty two Men. Besides whom were the following Regiment of Foot; the Upland, West-Manland, Suder-Manland, Otergoth, Westergoth, Colmar, Dalcaill, Westherboe, North and Warmland, Jencoping, Cronenburgh, and the Colonels Tock and Cronman, the Lieutenant-Colonels Christback, Sack, Branschild and Jung; the Majors Ramfzy, Schwintur and Ochse, sixty two Captains, sixty two Lieutenants, seventy one Ensigns, two hundred ninety nine Inferior Officers, forty four Staff-Officers, and three thousand five nine common Soldiers. The Total of the Foot, besides the Guards, three thousand six hundred and six. Of the Artillery were one Colonel, two Lieutenant-Colonels, one Major, five Captains, six Lieutenants, six Ensigns, fifty five Inferior Officers, three hundred thirty five Staff-Officers, and one hundred twenty four common Soldiers. In all five hundred thirty five. The Total of the whole amounts to thirty four Regiments, and fifteen thousand two hundred eighty five Men; of whom are eleven Colonels, fifteen Lieutenant-Colonels, twenty Majors, two hundred fifty seven Captains, three hundred and four Lieutenants, three hundred twenty three Ensigns, nine hundred ninety seven Inferior Officers, one thousand three hundred thirty one Staff-Officers and other Military Attendants, and thirteen thousand and sixteen common Soldiers, being in all fifteen thousand two hundred eighty five. The List of the Artillery is as follows: Cannon, from six to three Pounders, twenty ones; Haultz for sixteen Pound Ball, two; Mortars for six Pound, four; Mortars for three Pound, four.

Lisbon, September 18. N. S. Sir George Byng, with the Squadron under his Command, is arriv'd at Gibraltar, having on Board General Stanhope, with Colonel Harrison's Regiment of Foot, and a Spanish Regiment of Dragoons, where it is reported they are to be join'd by Admiral Baker with Reinforcements from Great Britain and Ireland. This gives an Alarm to the Coast of Andalusia, and prevents the Enemy on the Frontiers of Portugal from taking the Field, who had otherwise intended to assemble their Forces between the 15th and 20th Instant. The Portuguese Colonels for those Regiments are named, and the Levies are carried on with all possible dispatch. The Marquis d'Allegretti, Chief Minister of this Court, lately died here, and it is said the Marquis de Marialva will succeed him. Count Tarrucca, Son to the Marquis d'Allegretti is embark'd on Board the *Breda*, in order to Sail for Great Britain with Sir John Jennings; from whence he will proceed to Holland with the Character of Plenipotentiary from this Court. The British Squadron under the Command of that Admiral will sail with the first fair Wind. It hath been detain'd four Days within the Bar of this River.

Berlin, September 14. N. S. On the eleventh Instant his Majesty set out for Prussia, being attended by a numerous Court, and many Foreign Ministers, among whom his Czarish Majesty's Envoy residing in this Place. The King staid at Gols two or three Days; and this Day he designs to proceed on his Journey. Some time before his Departure he received Advice, that the Czar of Muscovy had been indispos'd at Kiovia; but that he was recovered, and design'd to continue his Journey to Poland; and that he left it to the determination of the King of Prussia, where he might have an Interview with him and King Augustus. We have very uncertain Accounts concerning the King of Sweden. Some Advices say, that he continues at Oczakow with three or four hundred Horse; others, that he was retir'd towards the Frontiers of Turkey, where he had been kindly received by the Bashi that Commanded in those Parts; but that he could promise him no Assistance 'till the return of an Exprez which he had dispatch'd to Constantinople. Other Accounts advise, that his Majesty was gone in Person to the Ottoman Port.

Dresden, September 16. N. S. Letters from Lemberg of the 28th of the last Month advise, that the Czar of Muscovy was expect'd there that Day; and that Field Marshal Muscovite Horse, with Orders from his Czarish Majesty to March with all possible Expedition, and endeavour to cut off the retreat of General Cassau, who was on his March towards the Frontiers of Pomerania. We have received repeated Advices from the Muscovite Army, of the Death of the King of Sweden; but some Letters say that he died at Oczakow, and others that it was at Bender.

My Lord High Admiral having received a Letter sign'd S. N. giving an Account of some intended ill Practice of an Officer in the Navy, his Lordship does hereby give Notice, That if the Person who writ the said Letter will attend him at his Office, and discover what he knows of this matter, he shall have all fitting Encouragement and Protection.

My Lord High Admiral being inform'd by John Bowen, a Prisoner in the Queen's Bench, That John Arnold, a Penfoner to the Chest at Chatham, is a Principal Evidence for him in a Cause whereon his Life depends, but that the said Arnold doth absent himself; his Lordship doth hereby strictly charge him the said John Arnold timely to attend and give his Evidence.

*Thomas Earl of Pembroke and Montgomery, &c. Lord High Admiral of Great Britain and Ireland, &c. is pleas'd to direct, That all the Men belonging to her Majesty's Ship the *Bonadventure*, which are in and about Town, do immediately repair to their Duty on Board the said Ship at Sheerness, otherwise they will be taken up, and punished as Deferters.*

*Notice is hereby given, That the Officers and Company of her Majesty's Ship *Adventure*, will on Thursday the 29th Instant, at the Prize-Office in York Buildings, be paid their Proportions of the Prize-Ship *Providence* of Dunkirk, according to the Directions in her Majesty's most Gracious Declaration of the 1st of June, 1702.*

Whereas Henry Bishop, of the Borough of Devizes in Wiltshire, being for a Notorious Riot Committed to the Prison of the said Borough; two Persons in Vizards did, on the Night between the third and fourth of August last, Assault the Watch near the said Prison, break open the Prison-Door, and rescue the Prisoner; Her Majesty does hereby strictly charge and Command all Persons who shall have any Knowledge who the two Men in Vizards were, as they will answer the contrary at their utmost Peril, that they do forthwith discover the same to one of her Majesty's Secretaries of State, or to the Mayor and Bailiffs of the said Town, to the end the said Offenders may be Prosecuted according to Law, and brought to Condign Punishment. And as an Encouragement to such Discovery, her Majesty has ordered a Reward of 20l. to be paid by the Sheriff of the County of Wiltz, who is hereby required to pay the same to any Person or Persons that shall make such Discovery for one or both of the Offenders by him or them discovered, so as he or they be apprehended, in order to be proceeded against according to Law.

The Court of Directors of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East-Indies, do hereby give Notice, That a General Court of the said Company is appointed to be holden at their House in Leadenhall street, London, on Friday the 23d of this Instant September, at ten in the Morning, to consider of the Report from the Committee appointed to inspect the Company's By-Laws.

Advertisements.

Macbeth. A Tragedy. With all the Alterations, Amendments, Additions and new Songs, as it is now acted at the Queen's Theatre. Also Politicks in Select Discourses of Monsieur Balzac, which he call'd his Aristippus, or Wise Scholar. Done into English by Basil Kennett, Fellow of C. C. C. Oxford, now Chaplain in a British Factory abroad: To which is added an Account of the Life and Writings of the Author: Both printed for John Philips at the Black-bull in Cornhill.

Joseph Tonneron of the City of Worcester, Clothier, and Timothy Coles of the same Place, Draper, being made Assignees of the Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded against John Firzer, late of the City of Worcester aforesaid, Clothier; all Persons that owe him any Money, or have any of his Effects in their Hands, are to pay or deliver the same to the said Assignees, or they will be Sued.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded against John Peckett, late of the City of York, Merchant, intend to meet on the 25th of October next, at the House of Mrs. Katherine Dawson, the Posthouse in Skeldergate in the said City of York, at two in the Afternoon, to make a second Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; when and where the Creditors who have not already prov'd their Debts, and paid their Contribution-money, are to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said second Dividend.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded against Henry Martyn, late of the Strand in the County of Middlesex, Mercer, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is required to surrender himself to the Commissioners on the 28th and 30th Instant, and the 24th of October next, at 3 in the Afternoon, at the Irish-chamber in Guildhall, London; at the first of which Sitings the Creditors are to come prepared to prove Debts, pay their Contribution-money, and chuse Assignees.