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Venice, January 21. N. S.

ON the 27th and 29th Instant, the Law-Suit, depending between the Duke of Guastalia and the Duke of Lorrain, concerning the Effects of the late Duke of Mantua, was pleaded before the Council of the Fourteen, and several Articles were decided in favour of the Duke of Lorrain. The Pretensions of the Duke of Guastalia to part of this Inheritance, are to be further debated on the 10th of the next Month. The Express which our Regency lately dispatched to Monsignor Mocenigo, the Ambassador of this Republick to the French King, is returned from Paris; and our Minister is also speedily expected from that Court. The last Advices from Rome say, that the Indisposition of the Pope being in some Measure abated, his Holiness had given Audience to some of his Ministers; yet such is the Nature of his Distemper, that it is thought he will never recover a perfect State of Health. An Express hath been sent to Vienna, to recall Monsieur Allani from that Court, under pretext of the Pope's Sickness, with a Commission to leave the Direction of those Affairs which are yet undetermined between his Holiness and the Emperor, to the Nuncio Monsieur Piazza. The Differences between the Duke of Anjou and the Court of Rome encrease, and all hopes of Reconciliation seem to be vanished. That Prince hath ordered his Minister, Monsieur Molines, to command all the Spaniards who are soliciting any Business at the Court of Rome, to return into Spain within four Months, by which means the Dataray will be deprived of all the great Advantages which it receives from the Spanish Dominions.

Vienna, February 1. N. S. After divers Consultations on the Measures that are to be taken for the successful Prosecution of the War, the Aulick Council hath determined, that a Sum of twenty two Millions of Florins be raised for the Service of the ensuing Year. As soon as sufficient Funds are established for levying that Sum, Prince Eugene designs to set out for Holland. The Malecontents in Hungary having lately made some Excursions towards Presburg, General Heister is returned into that Kingdom, to prevent any Advantages they might obtain by reason of his absence. Since the departure of that General, we have received Advice of frequent Successes of the Imperialists, and the Government of Gran hath sent an Express to this Court, with an Account that Baron Sickenen with a Detachment of Imperial Troops had entirely defeated a much superior Body of Malecontents in the Valley of Walkerez on the 22d of the last Month, and had killed three thousand on the Spot, and taken all their Baggage, and several Ensigns, Colours and Standards. It is also said, that our Forces have possessed themselves of the Castle of Tonawecz, which is situated on the Frontiers of Poland, and made the Garrison, consisting of 40 Men, Prisoners of War. It is hoped that General Heister will happily conclude the War in Hungary this next Campaign, if the Malecontents should not submit themselves to His Imperial Majesty, and acknowledge their Allegiance to the House of Austria, before the Germans shall be ready to take the Field, and be enabled to pursue the Successes that have lately attended their Arms in that Kingdom. We have received no fresh Advices concerning the King of Sweden; and our last Letters from the Ottoman Port confirm the Accommodation of all Misunderstandings between the Grand Signior and the Czar of Muscovy. This Court hath resolved to send considerable Reinforcements into Italy, from whence they are to be transported to Catalonia, for the Service of his Catholick Majesty. Count Thaur is speedily expected in this City from Milan. The Recruits are carried on with Success in all the Hereditary Dominions of his Imperial Majesty; and it is constantly affirmed, that the Army on the Upper-

Rhine will be very much augmented, in order to oppose the Enemy's Designs of penetrating into the Empire.

Copenhagen, February 3. N. S. A Squadron of seven Men of War is ready to sail for the East Sea, with a Fleet of forty or fifty Vessels laden with Provisions for the Islands of Bornholm and Christianfan, under their Convoy. An Agreement hath been concluded with two German Officers, for raising a Regiment of twelve hundred, and a Battalion of six hundred Men, for the Service of his Danish Majesty. These Officers are to receive twenty Rix-Dollars for every Man that shall be clothed at their Expence; and they have engaged to compleat the whole within six Months after the first of the next Month. On the 6th Instant an Express arrived here from the Danish Army in Schonen, with Advice, that the Detachment which had lately possessed themselves of Christianstadt, had also taken the Town of Carlshaven without Resistance; and had exacted twelve thousand Rix-Dollars of the Inhabitants, to exempt it from being burned, which is the first Demand of Contributions they have made since their Defeat. Carlshaven is situated in Blekingen, which is one of those three Provinces that formerly belonged to the Crown of Denmark. After this Success the Danes continued their Rout towards Carlscroon, and had taken six hundred Swedish Sailors by Surprize, between Carlshaven and that Place. Advices from the Frontiers of Sweden say, that General Steinbock had sent divers Couriers to Stockholm, earnestly solliciting a speedy and effectual Reinforcement to stop the Progress of the Danes, and impatiently expects the new Levies that have been raised in Sweden for that Service.

Hamburg, February 7. N. S. We have received Advice from Schonen, that the Swedes have not yet been able to oppose the Progress of the Danes, but expect, with the utmost impatience, the Reinforcements which are in Motion towards the Frontiers; in the mean time they have taken all possible Precautions for the Security of Carlscroon, or at least for preventing their Fleet from falling into the Enemies Hands. We are advised from Poland, that King Augustus passed the Oder on the 27th of the last Month on his Journey to Warsaw, in which City the Hereditary Prince of Muscovy expects his Arrival. Most of the Provincial Diets have concluded their Sessions, and elected Deputies to assist at the General Diet, which is to be assembled at Warsaw. It is said, the Palatinate of Lublin hath given it in Instruction to their Deputies, to Congratulate His Majesty on his happy Return into Poland, to solicit Pardon for some of their Nobles that had deserted the Interests of His Majesty, and to obtain leave for their return into the Kingdom; these Deputies are further to intreat the King to order all the Muscovite Troops immediately to evacuate Poland, except twelve Thousand Foot, who are to be maintained at their Charge in pursuance of an Agreement with the Czar; to consent to the Augmentation of the Army of the Crown, and to offer seven Hundred and Fifty Men to be raised by that Palatinate as their Quota. It is said, a Day will be appointed for assembling another General Diet, that the Commotions which still disturb the Tranquility of the Kingdom may be composed, and the Confederacy of Sendomir may determine without pernicious Consequences to the State.

Falmouth, February 2. On the 31st sailed the John and Alice of London, laden with Fish for the Streights. Yesterday sailed the Cgulfal Galley of and for Middleburg from Zant, with the Berry Brigantine from Virginia, bound for Limes. This Day sailed hence the Pearl of and for London from St. Cruz, and the Catherine of and for the same Place from Cadix.