## The London Gazette.

## Published by Authority.

From Donday, May 9, to Thursday May 12. 1670.

Falmouth, May 4.

Me 29th past came in here the Marigold of London, bound for Rochelle, and the 3d instant the Guerasey Fregat from cruising to the Westward, where she met with several vessels, but none of them had heard of any Pyrats upon the coests. She met likewise with one Dutch man of war bound for the Westward Islands, carrying up a Flagupon the Main top, but upon the siring of a Gun, took it down and struck sail. This day the Guernsey sailed again intending for Port/mouth.

Plymouth, May 8. This day arrived here the Crown of this place from Virginia Inden with Tobacco.

Cadiz, April 29. From Tangier we are informed that the Emperour of Morocco baving been long diffatisfied with the Governour of Salit, upon leveral complaints made against him, a mongst which his ill dealing with the English, after a Treaty made was not the least, has cauled his head to be cut off: the Governour of Alcazar fearing the like affects of his displeasure has for his security fled to another sanctuary.

The Lord Henry Howard who continues yet in Tangier, having generously given liberty to three Moors, in testimony of their graticude, the Moors have lent home two Gandemen which had been detained at Sally, with two

Servants and four horses.

Mr Farendale a Chirurgion having perfected his cure of a Brother to the Emperour of Morocco which was thought to be a Leproly o is diffinift with a reward of aco pieces of eight 14 great Cattle a Mule and one flave.

Genous, April 30. A Batk lately arrived at Finale from Cagliari in the Island of Sardinia, informs, that the Duke de Si Germain the Spanish Viceroy, has caused publick execution to be done upon a principal Lady of the Island who was p oved to be an Actress or Accomplice in the estassinate of the Duke de Cameraça the former Viceroy, and was resolved upon the arrival of the Spanish Companies he has long expected from Naples to reduce to obedience those disturbers of the publick peace, whose resuge is in the Mountains, where they are commanded by a Gentleman whose guilt for the same assassinate has driven him to this desperate way to avoid the hands of publick justice.

The Duke d'Ossuma has left Finale, and is gone to mlexandria, intending in few days to depart also from thence on his way for Milan to take possession of that Go-

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had an Audience from their Catholick Majesties, in which he gave them an account of the late King his Masters death, and the succession of the Prince his Son to the Cro-n.

The Conde de Miranda who has been long Ambastador from the Prince Regent of Portugal, and had some
time since taken his leave in order to his return home,
has at the last prevailed for Letters for his Revocation,
and intends within eight days to depart from this City, in
which time he expects the arrival of Don Juan de Roshes, some time Secretary to the Queen of Portugal,
who into succeed him in this Courts but with no higher
Characterthen that of Frivoy Extraordinary; he is now
on his way hither from Rome, where he has been employd to negotiate for the filling up of the vacant Bishopricks in Portugal, till the Ambassador from the Prince his
Master arriving, sossed him of that Prince his

Conde de Ennanuaez, who has been designed to compliment his Imperial Majesty upon his recovery from his late dangerous distemper, and from thence to pass into Poland to compliment the King upon his Coronation and late Matriage with the Emperors Sister, is lately empowted to go thence to Sweden and to reside there, for which he is suddenly to receive his instructions.

he is suddenly to receive his instructions.

Don Diego Caballero, who was employd in the charge of General of the Horse in the late wars with Portugata afterwards made Camp-master-General in Estremadura, and since Viceroy of Navatre, is recalled from his said Viceroyalty, and made Colonel of the new Regiment of Guards in the room of the late Marquis of Ayrona.

Vienna, May 3. The Drums are still beating in all parts of the Emperors hereditary Countreys, each Regiment of Foot is to be augmented to the number of 2000 men, and the Horse to 1000 in each Regiment, so that with those that are now raised, his Imperial Majesties Army may (when drawn together) amount to about 60000 men, with a proportionable Train of Artillery.

The forces which are employed to reduce the Countrey belonging to the Counts serini and Erangipani, under the Command of Marethal Spankaw, have put Gartions into all the most considerable places and settled thosa parts in peace. The two Regiments of Spork and Heisten are sent into Miper Hungary, where Prince Ragosski was at the head of 5000 men, expecting affissance from Transfiguratia, but his hopes on that side vanishing. Prince Abassi having lately sent him an apology instead of succor, excusing himself, that he cannot be just to the pramise he made to affish him.

Colonel Spork Regiment has had some suscess in an encounter with about 2000 Hungarians, whereof about 300 were killed upon the place, with the loss of nine only of the Imperialists.

We are in daily expectation of the return of the Messenger sent with Letters from Count Serini to the Prince Ragetsky, his Son in law, perswading him to return to the obedience of the Empetor.

'Count Tattenbach's Estate is under Sequestration, but his Lady is lately arrived here, petitioning for her Dowry, and an allowance for her maintenance. The Count Serini's Estate is likewise confiscated, and his Lady carried prisoner to Gratz.

The 8th instant their Imperial Majesties intend to be? gin a pilgrimage to Nostre Dame de Gelles, where they intend to arrive about the Eve before the Ascension.

The Palatinates of Upper Hungary have fent to inform his Imperial Majesty, that they had a design to withdraw all their forces from the service of Ragotsky, and would submit themselves to his Imperial Majesties Commands, and intended to send their Deputies to make their submissions at Finna, if he would please to countermand the forces which he had ordered to march into their Country.

The Emperor is pleased to conter the Charge of General of his Horse upon Charles Prince of Lorrain.

Amflerdam, May 5. An Officer of the Prince de Ligne now Vice-Roy of Sicily, has lately brought hither his laid Excellencies baggage, which he has taken care to fee Embarqued upon the ship called the Isabella, which is Ordered to transport it to Messing, wearing the banner of Sicily, and the arms of the Prince de Ligne. The Admiralty have out of their respects to the Prince-Ordered two of their men of War now bound for the Sireights to undertake the Convey of this Vessel and to accompany it

so Messina, that it may not fall into the hands of the Corfairs.

Paris, May 14. The Marshal d'Estrecs being lately dead, his body was brought hither from Soissons, the place of his Government, and was the 5th instant honourably enterred in St Johns Church, and a solemn service performed in the same Church for him the 10th instant.

On Sunday last arrived here two Extraordinary Couriers from the Duke de Chaulnes, his Majesties Ambassador at Rome, one of them bringing Letters for the King, the other for the Nuncio, both of them confirming the B. lection of Gardinal Altieri to the Papacy, of which we have these particulars: That after leveral debates and conferences, held by the heads of the feveral factions, on the 19th of April they agreed upon Cardinal Alzieri to the Papacy, and deputed one to him in his Celle to acquaint him with their resolutions, and to defire his acceptance of their choice, to which he answered, that he had not ability to support so great a burden; deliring them to make another choice, and for some time disputed it with much earnestness, till their perswasions prevailing, he with tears told them, they had opened upon him the gates of Hell, and yielded to their importunity, they then acquaint the the rest of the Cardinals with what had passed, who immediately proceeded to his Election, but the scrutiny held them for above three hours; this being past, they fetched him from his apartment, and putting upon him the Pontifical Robes, proceeded to adoration, and then opened the Conclave, where the Queen of Speden, and the Duke of Chaulnes attending, were the first who entred and kissed his see, and the same evening conducted him to the Vatican.

This Pope having no Naphews has adopted Cardinal Paluzzi whose Brother had Martied his Neice, giving him the name of Cardinal Altieri, and to his Brother the name of Marquis Altieri instead of Paluzzi, and being himself a Creature of the former Popes has consistened Don Camillo Rospigliosiin his charge of General of the Eccle-fisstical State, and Don Gio Battista Rospigliosii in his Government of the Castle St. Angelo. He was made Segnior Carpegna Datario, Segnior Massimi Secretary of State, and Abbot Ralioni Secretary of his Breis.

The Marquis de Bethuhe returning in eight days by

the Marquis de Bethune returning in eight days by post from Vienna, reports that Count Serini, had made his peace with the Emperour and was restored to his liberty, but Ragetsky still continues as the head of the Hungarians, and expects great assistance from the Turks.

Brussels, May 14. His most Christian Majesty on Munday last arrived at Arras, where he was received with as much solemnity as the place was able to contrive. Don Francisco de Velasco is supposed ere 'this to have had his Audience, and to have made his compliments to the King.

All our Cavalry is now drawn together and quartered beween this City, Louvain, Mechelen, to be in readiness to march upon the first Orders.

We have here a warm report of the death of the Duke of Lorrain, of which we expect a farther confirmation.

The Prince de Ligne lately leaving this place, had large testimonies given him of the affections of the people; the streets and windows being thronged to take the last view of him as he went away, and great numbers went out in Coaches, on horleback, and on foot, a League from the Town, ranging themselves on both sides the way by which he passed the more conveniently, to bid him farwel : the first night he lodged at Louvain, where the Inhabitants put themselves into Arms and received him with much konour without the Town; the Cavalry also waiting on him into the Town; at his arrival the Magistrates and Officers of the place, and the University in their several bodies came to compliment him, and made Presents to him es they were used to do to their Kings. The next day he went thence on his way for Italy, through which he intends to pals to his Viceroyalty of sisily, leaving his concernments here to the management of Monfieur Wibandi, the principal Officer of his house.

From Colegae we are told, that there is great hopes of an agreement between the Elector and that City; that the Bishop of Osnabrug is gone privately to Munster to confer about the affairs with that Bishop, who is resolved to affait the Town, in case any thing be attempted on them, and has sent the Sieur de Wedenberg, President of his Court of Justice, to the frontiers, to confer with a Minister from the Elector of Mentz about the concernments of the said City.

The County of Rinflein being part of the Estate belonging to the Count de Tattenbach, and now under Sequestracion for his rebellion against the Emperor: a dispute is risen between the Elector of Brandenbourg and
Dukes of Brunswick and Lunenbourg, both fides putting
in their pretensions to the County, the Elector claiming
in as a Fief belonging to the Principality of Halberstas,
and the Dukes, as being part of the County of Blankenberg, both parties are marching their forces to dispute their
Titles, and already some hostilities are began by them.

Brusses, May 16. The 6 instant their most Christian Majesties went from Landricies to Ausses, where they Visited the Fortifications and returned to dine at Landrecies, from whence they went the next day to Questoy; the same day his Majesty took a view of the fortifications there, of his Camp a quater of a League from thence on the way to Valenciennes; the 9th they want thence and arrived that evening at Casteau Gambresis; and the next day lodged at Castelet; the 11th they came to Bapaume, and the next day to Arras, in all places received with the noise of the Artillery, and all possible demonstrations of joy.

On Sunday in the evening arrived here an Express from Cambray, from Don Francisco de Velasco, informing his Excellency, that the Loth instant the King had passed upon the Spanish Territories, but that he had not an opportunity given him to make his compliments to him: this Courier was sent back again the next morning, but his melisee not known.

Some passengers from Lille inform us that the King entred that City on Wednesday last, passing under several Triumphal Arches which were eracted against his coming; they farther tell us that the Report of the Plague being as deth will not hinder his Majesty from Viewing the Fortiscations of that place, and passing afterwards to Oudermard.

Haguel May 15. The Heer Van Benning is preparing for his journey into England, and the Colledg of the Admiralty Ordered to fit up a ship to attend his transportation, he intending to set forwards the next week.

The Heer Van der Tocht is returned home from his Negotiation at Bruffels, of which he has given th States an account, the other Deputy still continues there to are tend the business under debate with the Admiralty of Ostend.

The difference between the Cities of Anflerdam and Leyden is determined by the great Council, the Channel is to be opened and let free, but care will be taken to make a fluce for the prevention of the inconveniences of letting in t' 6 falt water.

His most Christian Majesty having altered his progress; the Heer Opdam has also changed his design of attending him at Lile, and is this day setting sorwards with a great Train of Gentlemen to Compliment him at Dunkerk.

An Express arriving from Brussels with Letters from the Constable of Castile, the Spanish Ambassador immediately went hence to attend him having not time to take leave of the States.

Lyme, May 9. This Morning arrived here the Providence of this place in fix weeks from Virginia; the came out in company with Captain Eaton aboard a Londoner, and one thip belonging to Plymouth, from whom the was in few days separated, but met with no disturbance or disaster by the way; that Plantation is now in a healthy condition, the distemper which Raigned among a them being wholly scaled.