

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Tuesday June 27. to Thursday June 29. 1710.

From the Camp before Douay, June 30. N. S.

THE Articles for the Surrender of the Town of Douay, together with the Fort d' Escarpe, being, after several Messages to Monsieur Albergoti, and Debates with the Hostages, agreed to, the Capitulation was signed on the 27th Instant in the Morning; at Noon our Troops took Possession of a Gate of each, and yesterday Morning the Garrisons marched out with the usual Marks of Honour, and are this Day to be conducted to Cambrai, they amounted in all to near 5000 Men, but most of them were in a very bad Condition; of two hundred and fifty Dragoons, only fifty were mounted. Monsieur Albergoti having evacuated the Place, dined with the Duke of Marlborough, and in the Afternoon the Duke sent an Aid-de-Camp to attend him to the French Camp. The Troops appointed to Garrison the Town and Fort marched in yesterday. Count Hompefch is made Governor of the former, and Monsieur des Roques, the chief Engineer, of the latter. Orders are given for levelling our Lines and Approaches with all possible Expedition; as likewise for clearing the Scarpe and Canal, and turning the Waters into their former Courses. Several Battalions that were left in our distant Garrisons are ordered to March out and join the Army, and are to be replaced by such as have suffered most during the Siege. The Armies on both sides continue in their former Situations.

From the Camp near Douay, July 3. N. S. Since the Enemy's Garrison evacuated Douay, a great number of our Troops have been continually at Work, as well in Demolishing our Lines and Approaches, as in repairing the Breaches, and other Damages done to the Defences of the Town during the Siege; the finishing of which, so far as will be necessary for securing the Place against any Infiltrate, will take up some Days longer. In the mean time we are adding some new Works at St. Amand, Marchienne and the other Posts on the Scarpe, for the greater security of the Navigation of that River; and we are likewise bringing forward our Magazines of Provisions to Douay. The Enemy continue still in their former Camp, to observe our next Motions. Yesterday the Duke of Marlborough and the Prince of Savoy went to visit the Town of Douay and Fort d' Escarpe, after which they were waited on by the Chancellor, with several other Members of the University, and the Magistrates of the Town, who congratulated their Highnesses in Marangues suitable to the Occasion.

From the Camp near Douay, July 5. N. S. Our Army is still employed in levelling the Lines, and repairing the Breaches in the Rampart and Outworks of Douay. The Armies have not yet made any Movements; but as soon as the Town is sufficiently secured from the Danger of a Surprise, we shall decamp, and March towards Arras.

Brussels, July 5. N. S. Several Couriers have lately passed and re-passed through this City between the Court of France and their Ministers in Folland. Our last Letters from the Camp before Douay say, that the Articles of the Capitulation for the Surrender of Douay and Fort d' Escarpe were faithfully executed on both sides on the 29th of the last Month; the Garrison marched out that Day in the Forenoon, in the Presence of the Duke of

Marlborough, Prince Eugene, and several other General Officers; the Squadrons and Battalions were reduced by the Siege to a very weak Condition, and the whole Garrison did not amount to five thousand Men. Immediately after which General Hompefch, who is appointed Governor of the Town, marched in with the Troops that are to form that Garrison. Monsieur des Roques is made Governor of Fort d' Escarpe, and took Possession the same Day. The Confederates will decamp as soon as the Troops are reviewed, the Approaches before Douay levelled, and the Fortifications of the Town repaired: The Enemy having consumed and destroyed all the Forage in the Neighbourhood of their Camp, and most other Places on the Frontiers, the Allies have treated with Undertakers to supply the Army with dry Forage for the space of two Months. Letters from Madrid of the 16th of June, N. S. advise that on the 8th of that Month King Charles arrived at Balagner, under a triple Discharge of the Cannon of the Town. The same Day Lieutenant-General Don Antonio d' Amezaga joined the Duke of Anjou's Army with the Forces under his Command, and the Battalions that marched out of Flanders arrived at the Camp. The Troops also under the Command of General Cajetano, having joined the Army the Day before from Valencia, the Duke of Anjou resolved to pass the Segra: Accordingly on the 10th the Troops were commanded to March, and began to pass the River at nine in the Evening. The whole Army being drawn up on the other side, marched in six Columns to the Camp of Arcos, within two Leagues of the Confederate Army, where they halted on the 11th. The next Day the Army made another Movement; and Lieutenant-General Verboom was ordered, with a Regiment of Dragoons, to observe the Confederate Camp; the Army halted till his return; that General having made his Report, the other Generals were commanded on the same Service; and being returned, the whole Army marched and encamped at Belcaire, within half a League of the Allies. On the 13th the Army decamped at Break of Day, and being ranged in order of Battle, advanced within Musket-shot of the Confederates, who played their Cannon from nine Batteries which defended their Camp, and did such Execution on the Enemy, that having sustained their Fire for an hour and a half, they were obliged to retire to Belcaire with a considerable Loss. The Confederate Army was to advantageously encamped, that it was thought impracticable to force their Entrenchments, although the Duke of Anjou's Army was far superior in number, which it is said consists of forty two Battalions, and sixty Squadrons; whereas that of the Allies doth not exceed thirty Battalions and forty three Squadrons; but they daily expect great Reinforcements from Italy.

Hague, July 4. N. S. Monsieur Vercombe having visited the French Ministers at Gertruydenburg, returned from thence on the 24th of the last Month. Since which time these Ministers have sent a Courier to Versailles, who returned last Tuesday, the first Instant, with an Answer to their Dispatches, which they signified this Morning to the Great Pensionary, and desired another Conference with the Deputies of this State, it hath been determined to comply with their Request, and Messieurs Buys and Vander-guffen will return to Gertruydenburg within two Days. Advices from the Camp say, that the Enemy's Army hath made no Movement since the Surrender of Douay; but design to regulate their Measures