

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Saturday July 1. to Tuesday July 4. 1710.

Genoa, June 22. N. S.

ON the 14th Instant that part of the Confederate Fleet which sailed towards Sardinia, to observe and frustrate the Enemy's Designs on that Island, arrived off of Bastia, the Capital City of Corsica, and took a French Ship under the Cannon of the Castle; from thence they proceeded towards Bonifacio, to pursue the Duke of Tursis's Gallies which were sailed from thence with eleven Transports full of Men, in order to make the Descent. This Day we received Advice, by an Express, that the Enemy had landed several hundred Men at Terra-Nova, on the North-East part of that Island; but were all surrounded, and cut to pieces by a Body of Horse that were posted on that Quarter by the Command of the Viceroy, except their Commander the Marquis de St. Philip, who was taken Prisoner.

Berna, June 28. N. S. Letters from Geneva of yesterday say, that the Duke of Berwick arrived at Chambery on the 22d; and on the 24th set out for Briangon, where Lieutenant-General Dillon had drawn together thirty Battalions. Advices from Turin say, that the Differences between the Prussian Troops and the Imperial Commissary were adjusted, so that those Forces went on their March, and would arrive in Piedmont on the 1st or 2d of the next Month. We have received an exact List of the French Army in Dauphiné, by which it amounts to seventy Battalions of Foot, and thirty six Squadrons of Horse and Dragoons. They write from Barcelona, that General Stanhope had formed a Regiment of Spanish Deserters, and mounted them with the same Horses they brought off from the Enemy when they deserted; that Admiral Baker was arrived with a Convoy of thirty Corn Ships, and that the Reinforcements from Italy were impatiently expected in Catalonia.

Douay, June 30. N. S. This Day the Duke of Marlborough being come to view the Town, the University attended him in a Body, and Monsieur Adrien Delcourt, their Chancellor, and Provost of St. Peter, complimented the Duke in the Name of the University in the following Speech.

My LORD,

WE come to assure your Highness of our most humble Respects, and of the inviolable Fidelity we shall retain towards our new Sovereign. It is with much Satisfaction that we pay our Duty to you; but we want Words to express the high Regard we have to a Sovereign Prince of the Empire, a Generalissimo of the Forces of Great Britain, a Hero, who by his Victories and Conquests is become the Admiration of the Universe. Germany and the Netherlands, my Lord, are Witnesses of your great Actions; you have been Victorious at Schellenberg, Hochstet, Ramellies, Oudenarde and Tancieres: In Germany you have forced Works that seemed impregnable; in Brabant you have pass'd the Lines of your Enemies in the sight of a powerful Army; you have subdu'd the Country of Liege, the Spanish Guelderland, Brabant, Flanders, and part of Hainault; you go from Conquest to Conquest, and have not much further to advance to reduce an entire Kingdom. We will not compare you with Heroes of Antiquity, their Excellent Qualities were frequently fill'd with Vices; but it is given to your Highness to be an Hero, and yet to be Prudent, Temperate, Just, Affable, Benevolent; you are above being Cruel or Diffident, and are adorn'd with an Humanity that gives a Lustre to Victory itself. It is therefore with Justice that the Emperor hath made you a Prince of the Em-

pire; that the Queen of Great Britain has heap'd on you the highest Honours and Favours; that her Parliaments have given you all possible Instances of their Esteem and Affection, and that the French themselves have often taken occasions to make their Acknowledgments of your Merit. It were endless to be particular in the mention of all your Heroick Actions and Admirable Qualities, and we consider also the Value of your Highness's Moments. Permit us only to desire your Highness's Protection for our University, which is in the utmost want of it. We might expect in this change of Affairs to be expos'd to such Disturbances as are no way consistent with the Tranquillity which is absolutely necessary for the Prosecution of our Studies; but we may be assur'd of all Security, if your Highness will vouchsafe to grant us the Protection we most humbly sue for. This, my Lord, will infinitely oblige us, and render it our Duty ever to pay for her Britannick Majesty, your Highness, and a constant Success to all your Enterprises.

From the Camp before Douay, July 6. N. S. The Reparations in the Defences of the Town are now in such a forwardness, that we are making Dispositions for the march of the Army into the Enemy's Country. The separate Bodies under the Command of General Fagel and Count Vehlen are accordingly ordered to join the Armies to which they belong to Morrow, and other Detachments are commanded at the same time to level the Entrenchments betwixt Virry and Montigny; Provisions of Bread are likewise preparing sufficient for the Subsistence of the Troops for eight Days, which will arrive from Tournay on Wednesday. The Marschal de Villars continues with the main Body of his Army in his former Camp, from whence he has sent several Detachments to reinforce the Garrisons of such Towns as by his present situation he seems to have abandon'd. Some Brigades are likewise sent to work at the Lines they are making from Cont d'Ugy on a small River which falls into the Scarpe a little above Arras to Bironcourt; the Escare, another Rivulet which runs into the Somme a Corbie.

Brussels, July 9. N. S. On the 7th Instant a French Courier from Geruyneberg pass'd through this Place on his way to the Court of France. The Ordinary Dutch Deputies returned hither three Days ago from Ghent; as did likewise the Council of State and of the Finances appointed for the Administration of the Spanish Netherlands, after having finish'd the Affairs relating to the Subsistence of the Imperialists the remaining part of the Campaign. Two Saxon Battalions are on their March from the Meuse, in order to join the Army. They are expected here on the 11th, and nine squadrons and four Battalions of Palanes are come into the Neighbourhood of Ruremond, and will pass through this City the middle of next Week, on their way to the Army. Letters of yesterday from the Camp near Douay bring an Account, that the Troops employ'd in the Siege had join'd the grand Army. The Field Artillery being likewise come up, and Bread for several Days being expected at the Camp this Day, the Allies will decamp to Morrow, in order to advance into the Enemy's Country. The French continue in their former Camp between Montpreux and Oisy. A great number of Troops have been employ'd since the first of this Month, in throwing up a Line from Ugy beyond Arras to the Source of the Escare, to cover the Tract of Ground which lies between the Scarpe and the Somme.

Hague, July 8. N. S. The Deputies employ'd in the Negotiations with the Plenipotentiaries of France arriv'd here yesterday in the Evening, and will probably be sent

to Gertruydenberg within few Days; to hear what further Proposals these Ministers have to offer on the Subject of their Conferences. Messieurs Raudwyck, Vingd' Iteifum, Gossinga, and the Treasurer-General Hop, who were sent to Flanders, as Deputies from this State, are returned here, having concerted and established with the Council or State of those Provinces the necessary Funds for the Subsistence of the Imprialists 'till the ensuing November. Yesterday we received Advice, that the French Army on the Rhine had passed that River at Delham; and that General Grens old facing the Enemy superior, had thrown six thousand Men into Landau, and was retired towards the Lines of Mublery. The last Letters from the Froniers say, that the Enemy continued encamped behind the Dikes of Arloux and l'Ecluse; but that six Brigades of Infantry, and three of Cavalry, were employ'd in throwing up Earth-trenchments behind a Rivulet call'd the Cruchon, which are to be continued to the Source of the Encre, whereby the Enemy propos'd to cover Araz, Camoray, Eouchain and Valenciennes. It is said the Marshal Villars finding himself very much impair'd, hath demanded a Passport to Aix-la Chapelle, for the Cure of his Wounds, and the Recovery of his Health. We hear that Marshal d'Haicourt will Command the Army during his Absence; but that the Duke of Vendosme will be speedily sent into Flanders, and is to be join'd with that Marshal in the supreme Command.

Dublin Castle, June 27. On the 25th Instant Night some Persons, who are not yet discovered, very much defaced the Statue of King William (which was erected to his Memory by this City after the Battle of the Boyne) by twisting the sword it holds in one Hand, writing the Truncheon out of the other, daubing the Face with Dirt, and other indignities of the like Nature. This Intemperance hath occasion'd the following Resolution of the House of Lords.

Die Lunæ 26 Junii, 1710.

Resolved,

That the Lord Chancellor do, as from his House, forthwith attend his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, and acquaint him, that the Lords being informed that great Indignities were offer'd last Night to the Statue of his late Majesty King William of Glorious Memory, erected on College-Green, to show the grateful Sense this whole Kingdom, and particularly the City of Dublin, have of the great Blessings accomplished for them by that Glorious Prince, have made this unanimous Resolution. That all Persons concerned in that barbarous Fact are guilty of the greatest Insolence, Baseness and Ingratitude, and desire his Excellency the Lord-Lieutenant may issue out a Proclamation to discover the Authors of this Villany, with a Reward to the Discoverer, that they may be Prosecuted and Punished accordingly.

His Excellency, by the Advice of the Privy Council, hath accordingly issued a Proclamation, offering a Reward of one hundred Pound to any one that shall discover the Criminals, to which sum the City of Dublin have promised to add fifty Pounds.

Portsmouth, July 2. Yesterday her Majesty's Ships the Humber, Mary, Medway's-Prize and Suffolk Hag-boat came to St. Helens, with about eighty sail of Transporters, Merchantsmen, Colliers and Coasters under their Convoy from the Downs. The same Day the Cornwall failed out of the Harbour to Spithcad. Yesterday General Erle, Governor of this Place, came to Town, and to Morrow he will review the Regiments that are to be embark'd at this Port.

Admiralty Office, July 3. They write from Portsmouth, that on the 30th of the last Month a French Bunker of fourteen Guns, laden with Fish, arriv'd there from Newfoundland, which was taken by her Majesty's Ship the Jersey. By a Letter from Captain Matthews, Commander of the Chester, dated at Barbadoes the 30th of January last, we have an Account, that he had taken and brought in there a French Privateer Sloop of four Guns and twenty eight Men.

Whereas several Persons unknown, did on the 7th of June last, at Midnight, break open the House of Mr. John Stone at Shepperton in Middlesex, with intention to rob the same, and did attempt to Murder the said Mr. Stone as he lay asleep in his Bed, wounding him with a Hand-crow, and giving him several stabs in his Body, so that his Chirurgeons despair of his Life: Her Majesty, for the better Discovery of the Offenders, is pleas'd to promise her most Gracious Pardon for the said Crimes to any Person concerned therein (except him that attempted to Murder the said Mr. Stone) who shall discover the rest of the Persons that committed the same, so as they or any of them may be convicted thereof.

H. BOYLE.

And as a further Encouragement to any Person concerned in the said Fact, that shall make such Discovery of any of his Accomplices, so that they or any of them shall be convicted thereof, a Reward of Fifty Pound shall be paid by the said Mr. John Stone, or by his Executors in case of his Decease.

A Letter signed N. H. and dated June 24, 1710. having been received by the Post, wherein it is offer'd to make a considerable Discovery, in case the Party making the same may be protected, have his Charges born, and be encouraged; the said Party is desir'd to apply himself to the Person to whom the Letter is directed, and upon making good what he therein offers, he shall be reimburs'd his Charges, with a Reward suitable to the Service he shall perform, and be protected in all such fitting manner as the Case shall require.

Notice is hereby given by the Paymaster of the Mail-Lottery Tickets, that Money was reserved in the Receipt of her Majesty's Exchequer on the 30th of June last, to satisfy the 114th Payment, numbered from 106000 to 107000 inclusive; as also Money to satisfy the 115th Payment, numbered from 65000 to 66000 inclusive, with all Interest due thereon; which Money will be paid at the Mail-Lottery Office at the Exchequer, on demand.

Notice is hereby given by the Agent to the Captors, That the Officers and Company of her Majesty's Ship the Kent, may, on Wednesday the 12th Instant, on Board the said Ship at Plymouth, receive their several Shares of the Prizes Vendore, Duke de Villars and Esperance, lately Condemned as Prizes to the aforesaid Ship (according to her Majesty's most Gracious Proclamation of the 20th of May 1708;) and that the Shares of such as shall not then be received, may, as soon as the Books return from Plymouth, during the space of three Years, be received every Thursday Morning at Mr. Mistrars's House on Tower-hill, London.

Notice is hereby given by the Agent to the Captors, That the Officers and Company of her Majesty's Ship the Swallow's Prize, may, on Thursday the 6th Instant, at the House of Mr. Samuel Eyre in Bosolph-lane, London, receive their several Shares of the St. Eloy and Fishing Galley, Prizes, lately condemn'd to her Majesty's Ships the Ruffel, Mountague, Newark, Burford, Rochester, Line and Swallow's Prize (according to her Majesty's most Gracious Proclamation of the 20th of May 1708;) and that the Shares of such as shall not then be receiv'd, may, during the space of three Years, be every Thursday Morning received at the Place aforesaid.

Advertisements.

This Day is Publish'd, Jacobo Robaulti Physica. Litteræ variæ, seu Naturæ & Admirationibus ex industria Jacobi Newtoni Philosophiæ maximam partem hactenus impeditæ & innotuit Samueli Clarke, S. T. P. Rectoris Collegii à S. Cris. Editi. Tertio in quâ Annotationes sunt duntaxat præsertim ad hæc verba: Tabula variæ & Imperii Jacobi Newtoni ad signa Curvæ in Cælestibus D. Pauli.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded against John Bunker of Parkhill in the Parish of Colne in the County of Lancashire, Master, intend to meet on the 17th of August next, at 10 in the Forenoon, at the House of Richard Stephenson in Colne aforesaid, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; when and where the Creditors that have not already proved their Debts, and paid their Contribution money, are to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Timothy Carkner late of Swinden in the Parish of Colne in the County of Lancashire, Master, intend to meet on the 17th of August next, at 10 in the Forenoon, at the House of Richard Stephenson in Colne aforesaid, in order to make a further Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, and paid their Contribution money, are to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

O the last der; but to Wilfr back from was a L sian Maj of the V Treaty t related to tred into jesty of cons. By had been Monsieur Titles of delivered leave this King of General C his Master chant of frequently for their eight hund sufficient Prussia M all Horfes furnish him hath count which is t his Prussia that the P of Orange lvered to and he has bither. G Body of M are to enca merania; a ed to join t nss to the that they being affe longer a P Differences being to t Sweden, an also signifi detenz of some Distu merania w separated fr paid to the tween the cused, and cred thousa ed from: Qu law of the from Bende Sweden and that th the Domin Warlike Pr