

# The London Gazette.

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Genoa, June 22. N. S.

**O**N the 14th Instant that part of the Confederate Fleet which sailed towards Sardinia, to observe and frustrate the Enemy's Designs on that Island, arrived off of Bastia, the Capital City of Corsica, and took a French Ship under the Cannon of the Castle; from thence they proceeded towards Bonifacio, to pursue the Duke of Tursis's Gallies which were sailed from thence with eleven Transports full of Men, in order to make the Descent. This Day we received Advice, by an Express, that the Enemy had landed several hundred Men at Terra-Nova, on the North-East part of that Island; but were all surrounded, and cut to pieces by a Body of Horse that were posted on that Quarter by the Command of the Viceroy, except their Commander the Marquis de St. Philip, who was taken Prisoner.

*Berna, June 28. N. S.* Letters from Geneva of yesterday say, that the Duke of Berwick arrived at Chambery on the 22d; and on the 24th set out for Briançon, where Lieutenant-General Dillon had drawn together thirty Battalions. Advices from Turin say, that the Differences between the Prussian Troops and the Imperial Commissary were adjusted, so that those Forces went on their March, and would arrive in Piedmont on the 1st or 2d of the next Month. We have received an exact List of the French Army in Dauphiné, by which it amounts to seventy Battalions of Foot, and thirty six Squadrons of Horse and Dragoons. They write from Barcelona, that General Stanhope had formed a Regiment of Spanish Deserters, and mounted them with the same Horses they brought off from the Enemy when they deserted; that Admiral Baker was arrived with a Convoy of thirty Corn Ships, and that the Reinforcements from Italy were impatiently expected in Catalonia.

*Douay, June 30. N. S.* This Day the Duke of Marlborough being come to view the Town, the University attended him in a Body, and Monsieur Adrien Delcourt, their Chancellor, and Provost of St. Peter, complimented the Duke in the Name of the University in the following Speech.

My LORD,

“WE come to assure your Highness of our most humble Respects, and of the inviolable Fidelity we shall retain towards our new Sovereign. It is with much Satisfaction that we pay our Duty to you; but we want Words to express the high Regard we have to a Sovereign Prince of the Empire, a Generalissimo of the Forces of Great Britain, a Hero, who by his Victories and Conquests is become the Admiration of the Universe. Germany and the Netherlands, my Lord, are Witnesses of your great Actions; you have been Victorious at Schellenberg, Hochstet, Ramellies, Oudenarde and Tancieres: In Germany you have forced Works that seemed impregnable; in Brabant you have pass'd the Lines of your Enemies in the sight of a powerful Army; you have subdu'd the Country of Liege, the Spanish Guelderland, Brabant, Flanders, and part of Hainault; you go from Conquest to Conquest, and have not much further to advance to reduce an entire Kingdom. We will not compare you with Heroes of Antiquity, their Excellent Qualities were frequently fill'd with Vices; but it is given to your Highness to be an Hero, and yet to be Prudent, Temperate, Just, Affable, Benevolent; you are above being Cruel or Disdainful, and are adorn'd with an Humanity that gives a Lustre to Victory itself. It is therefore with Justice that the Emperor hath made you a Prince of the Em-

“pire; that the Queen of Great Britain has heap'd on you the highest Honours and Favours; that her Parliaments have given you all possible Instances of their Esteem and Affection, and that the French themselves have often taken occasions to make their Acknowledgments of your Merit. It were endless to be particular in the mention of all your Heroick Actions and Admirable Qualities, and we consider also the Value of your Highness's Moments. Permit us only to desire your Highness's Protection for our University, which is in the utmost want of it. We might expect in this change of Affairs to be expos'd to such Disturbances as are no way consistent with the Tranquillity which is absolutely necessary for the Prosecution of our Studies; but we may be assur'd of all Security, if your Highness will vouchsafe to grant us the Protection we most humbly sue for. This, my Lord, will infinitely oblige us, and render it our Duty ever to pay for her Britannick Majesty, your Highness, and a constant Success to all your Enterprises.

*From the Camp before Douay, July 6. N. S.* The Reparations in the Defences of the Town are now in such a forwardness, that we are making Dispositions for the march of the Army into the Enemy's Country. The separate Bodies under the Command of General Fagel and Count Vehlen are accordingly ordered to join the Armies to which they belong to Morrow, and other Detachments are commanded at the same time to level the Entrenchments betwixt Virry and Montigny; Provisions of Bread are likewise preparing sufficient for the Subsistence of the Troops for eight Days, which will arrive from Tournay on Wednesday. The Marschal de Villars continues with the main Body of his Army in his former Camp, from whence he has sent several Detachments to reinforce the Garrisons of such Towns as by his present situation he seems to have abandon'd. Some Brigades are likewise sent to work at the Lines they are making from Cont d'Ugy on a small River which falls into the Scarpe a little above Arras to Bironcourt; the Escare, another Rivulet which runs into the Somme a Corbie.

*Brussels, July 9. N. S.* On the 7th Instant a French Courier from Geruyneberg pass'd through this Place on his way to the Court of France. The Ordinary Dutch Deputies returned hither three Days ago from Ghent; as did likewise the Council of State and of the Finances appointed for the Administration of the Spanish Netherlands, after having finish'd the Affairs relating to the Subsistence of the Imperialists the remaining part of the Campaign. Two Saxon Battalions are on their March from the Meuse, in order to join the Army. They are expected here on the 11th, and nine squadrons and four Battalions of Palanes are come into the Neighbourhood of Ruremond, and will pass through this City the middle of next Week, on their way to the Army. Letters of yesterday from the Camp near Douay bring an Account, that the Troops employ'd in the Siege had join'd the grand Army. The Field Artillery being likewise come up, and Bread for several Days being expected at the Camp this Day, the Allies will decamp to Morrow, in order to advance into the Enemy's Country. The French continue in their former Camp between Montpreux and Oisy. A great number of Troops have been employ'd since the first of this Month, in throwing up a Line from Ugy beyond Arras to the Sources of the Escare, to cover the Tract of Ground which lies between the Scarpe and the Somme.

*Hague, July 8. N. S.* The Deputies employ'd in the Negotiations with the Plenipotentiaries of France arriv'd here yesterday in the Evening, and will probably be sent