

The London Gazette.

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From Saturday July 8. to Tuesday July 11. 1710.

From the Camp at Portella, June 25. N. S.

ON the 11th Instant, when we were encamped before Balaguer, advice was brought to Marschal Staremberg, that the Enemy had left their Camp at Corbins, and passed the Segra that Morning, in order to attack us. Upon this Intelligence the Marschal immediately drew up our Army in an advantageous Post between some Mountains on the Left of Balaguer, ordered the Tents and Baggage to cross the River into the Town, and commanded the Army to lie under their Arms all that Night. On the 12th in the Morning we perceived twelve of the Enemy's Squadrons advancing towards us in order of Battle; but on our firing some Cannon they retired behind the Hills, by the same Road wherein they approached us. We saw no more of the Enemy all that Day: However, our Army was commanded to continue under Arms all the Night following. On the 13th, at four in the Morning, we perceived their whole Army marching towards us in a Line of Battle, in order to attack us on the Left. Some of their Parties had the day before observed the situation of our Camp on that side, where Lieutenant-General Stanhope was posted with the English Forces under his Command; at ten they came up within Cannon-shot, their Right Wing marching between the Mountains to attack us in the Flank of our Left, at the same time that their Left advanced in the Plain, in order to wheel about and attack us in our Front. Our Cannon began to play upon them with such Success, as to put in disorder several of their Squadrons and Battalions, and we could perceive that whole Ranks were swept off, as well of Horse as Foot, at each Wing. After the Discharge of one hundred and forty Shot, their whole Army halted for some time, and about one in the Afternoon they faced about, and retired. The number of their killed, as we have since learned by Deserters, and such of their wounded as they could not carry off, amounts to three hundred Men, among whom were a Colonel, a Lieutenant Colonel, four Captains and three Lieutenants. Notwithstanding the Superiority of their Numbers, the Advantage of our Post, the Alacrity and good Disposition of our Troops, gave us great Expectations of Success, in case of an Engagement, and the King appeared every where with great Cheerfulness and Resolution. As the Enemy were retiring, General Stanhope charged at the Head of our English Cavalry the Horse of their Right Wing, which he put into some Confusion, but received Orders from Marschal Staremberg to March no further; his Horse was wounded under him in two Places in the Pursuit. On the 13th at Night the Marschal ordered a Bridge of Boats to be laid over the Segra below Balaguer, which was completed at two in the Morning. On the 14th the Army marched over that River, and the Marschal resolved to pass the Noguera, to possess himself of the Camp at Corbins, which the Enemy left when they passed the Segra, to attack us at the Camp of Balaguer; but by the first Intelligence we had of the Enemy, they were making Preparations to re-pass the Segra with the utmost Expedition, and were marching to prevent us from taking their Camp; for which reason General Stanhope, who commanded the Cavalry, and had reached the Noguera at 4 in the Afternoon, perceiving some Squadrons of the Enemy's Horse on the other side of the Segra, (and being apprehensive that they might cross that River, and possess themselves of their Camp before he could send to Marschal Staremberg, and receive his Orders to pass the Noguera,) resolved to ford it immediately, and tho' the Stream was very rapid, he passed the River at Corbins, and made himself Master of the Enemy's Camp, where he found a great quantity of Forage. At the same time Count Alalaya passed with the Right Wing at Alboras, and lost only 1000 Horsemen and Dragoons, who were torn down by the Current in his Passage. The Foot

came up at seven in the Evening; but we could not easily lay our pontoons, because of the rapidity of the Stream, insomuch that the Troops were obliged to halt, and lye all Night on their Arms, and the Marschal himself at the Head of them. The Bridges were finished with great Difficulty at three in the Morning of the 15th; and that Day all the Infantry marched over, and at Noon the whole Army took this Camp at Portella, which the Quarter-Master and Adjutant-Generals think more advantageous than that of Corbins. General Stanhope being advised that the Enemy's Army had stretched towards the Segra, believed they designed to attack him with their Horse, whereas they are much superior, before our Foot could get over the River, he therefore lay all Night on the Ground at the Head of the Cavalry, prepared to receive them. The next Morning we had Advice by Deserters, that the Enemy despairing to regain their Camp, had resolved to stay on the other side of the Segra, and endeavour to intercept our Provisions, and cut off our Communication. This Project cannot be executed without great Difficulty, all the neighbouring part of Arragon being entirely in our Interests, whereas the Enemy must suffer in Catalonia, where the Country is as entirely averse to them. On the 16th and 17th we had Intelligence, that the Enemy remained encamped at Ivars, and had sent Parties to Cervera and Agramont, in expectation of finding some of our Magazines of Corn; but we had taken Precaution to remove our Stores from those Places. They also attempted to possess themselves of Cataff; but one hundred Men who retired from Cervera got into the Place before their Arrival, and prevented them, and in their retreat the Peasants of the neighbouring Country killed several of their Men. On the 18th we had Advice, that the Enemy had brought out of Lerida some pontoons, and four Pieces of Cannon, in order as they gave out, to pass the Segra, and cut off our Communication with Balaguer, by which way we must necessarily be supplied with Provisions, and secure our Retreat. Marschal Staremberg having received this Intelligence, immediately ordered Major-General Goatracout to pass the Noguera with a Detachment of eight Companies of Grenadiers, and the same number of Squadrons, with Instructions to encamp on the Banks of the Segra, and observe the Motions of the Enemy; so that should the Enemy attempt to pass the River, such timely Notice might be dispatched to the General, that he may March and attack them before one half of their Army can get over. On the 19th our Parties brought in seventeen Troopers with their Horses. On the 20th they took 2 Captains, a Lieutenant, a Cornet and twenty Men, with their Horses, and brought them Prisoners to the Camp. On the 21st the Partizan Gran Jan came in with ten Mules and ten Horses, which he took from the Enemy; and at the same time we had Advice, that General Nebott, who commanded the Miquellets in the Mountains between Tortosa and Mequinenza upon the Elro, had taken two hundred Mules and one hundred Horses of the Enemy, as they were Foraging. On the 23d the Enemy, who had quitted their Enterprize on the Castle of Cataff, returned to the Attack with four Pieces of Cannon, and it is reported they have taken that Place, which may incommode our Convoys; but we have still a secure Communication by the way of Mandress, Cardona and Solsons, through the Mountains of the Conca de Trem to Balaguer, and from thence to the Camp; and it will be very difficult for the Enemy to molest our Convoys, since if they sent any Troops that way, they would not only very much weaken the main Body of their Army, and be in danger of being destroyed by the Miquellets; but also the Passes are in several Places inaccessible, and in others so narrow, that they can March but one a breast, and a small number may oppose the Progress of an Army. We have Advice of the Arrival of the Grafson and Chesham Men of War, with the Lord Rocfort's Regiment of Dragoons, and several Italian Recruits.

Turin

Turin, June 25. N. S. Our Army is to be divided into two bodies, one is to act offensively against the Enemy, and the other is to observe the Motions of the Army near Briangon. The Prussian General having received the Letter that was sent him by the British and Dutch Ministers at this Court, concerning the Payment of the Troops under his Command, and adjusting the Differences between him and the Imperial Commissary, immediately commanded the Prussian Troops to March, and they are expected in our Neighbourhood within few days. The Dutchers Comfort hath lately been very much indisposed, but is now somewhat recovered.

Brussels, July 16. N. S. Yesterday nine Squadrons and four Battalions of Palatines arrived at Vilvorde, within two Hours March of this Place, and will proceed to Morrow towards the Army. Letters from Paris of the 12th say, that on the 6th the Nuptials were solemnized between the Duke of Berry and Madamoiselle d'Orleans, and that on the following Days they received the Compliments of the French Court and Foreign Ministers on that Occasion. They add, that by the last Advices from Dauphiné, they had Intelligence of the Motions of the Confederate Army in Piedmont towards Provence. They write from Spain of the 30th of June, that the Confederate Army had repassed the Straits; and that his Catholick Majesty was returned to Barcelona.

Kingsale, June 30. On the 28th sailed from hence for Amstcrdam a Dutch Privateer called the Ava-Maria, from Guiney, where she took several Prizes, and has great quantities of Gold Dust on Board belonging to the States.

Cowes, July 8. Yesterday arrived the Fortune from Arundel in Norway, laden with Timber; the Master reports, that a Swedish Man of War had chased on Shore a Danish Merchantman on the Coast of Norway, laden with Deals, where she was burnt with her Lading; and that another Swedish Man of War had lately burnt a Man of War of the Danes on the same Coast.

St. Hellens, July 9. Admiral Aylmer weighed Anchor yesterday from Spithead, on Board the Royal Sovereign, with the Royal Ann, Torbay, Newark, Russel, Phoenix Fireship, and seventy five Sail of Victuallers, Store-ships and outward bound Merchantmen; but it happened soon after to be Calm, which obliged him to Anchor at this Place, where the Fleet is now getting under Sail, with small Gales at West North-west.

Kensington, July 10. The Queen having been pleased to make Choice of the Right Honourable, John Earl of Anglesey, to be Vice-Treasurer, Receiver-General and Treasurer at War in Ireland, in the room of Thomas Lord Coningsby; the said Earl had the Honour on Saturday last to kiss Her Majesty's Hand for that Employment; and this day his Lordship was Sworn one of Her Majesty's most Honourable Privy-Council, and took his Place at the Board accordingly.

Whitehall, July 10. The Queen has been pleased to appoint James Cresset, Esq; her Majesty's Envoy-Extraordinary to the Elector of Hanover and the Duke of Welfenbittel.

Whereas several Persons unknown, did on the 7th of June last, at Midnight, break open the House of Mr. John Stone at Shepperton in Middlesex, with intention to rob the same, and did attempt to murder the said Mr. Stone as he lay a sleep in his Bed, wounding him with a Hand-crow, and giving him several Stabs in his Body, so that his Chirurgeons despair of his Life: Her Majesty, for the better Discovery of the Offenders, is pleased to promise her most Gracious Pardon for the said Crimes to any Person concerned therein (except him that attempted to murder the said Mr. Stone) who shall discover the rest of the Persons that committed the same, so as they or any of them may be convicted thereof.

H. BOYLE.

And as a further Encouragement to any Person concerned in the said Fact, that shall make such Discovery of any of his Accomplices, so that they or any of them shall be convicted thereof, a Reward of Fifty Pound shall be paid by the said Mr. John Stone, or by his Executors in case of his Decease.

The Receivers for the Lottery being to re-deliver to the Managers and Directors all the Books of Lottery-Tickets remaining in their Hands, on the 15th Instant, in order to the speedy Drawing the said Lottery; all Persons who have not yet taken out their Tickets, are desired to repair to the Bank of England, and see their Tickets cut off, by the time aforesaid.

There is now ready for the Press, (and so many as will be subscribed for shall be printed off) An Index to Interest-Money. Written by E. Hatton, Author of the Merchants Magazine, Comes Commercial, &c. It contains the Interest (at once) for every Number of Days, from 1 to 365, and thence yearly to 20 years, at the usual Rates per Cent. all plain and easy without Decimals; as are also the Tables of the present Worth, Sec. of Annuities in Compound Interest, without Fractions or any Trouble to the Reader: Likewise a new Circle for finding the Number of Days between any two in the Year, with the greatest Ease. In this Book you have above forty thousand Tabular Numbers more than in that which is now accounted the best Extant. Proposals (which contain a full Account thereof) are given, and Subscriptions taken in by R. Motte at Tower-hill; G. Strahan in Cornhill; J. Sprunt in Little-Britain; D. Midwinter in St. Paul's Church-yard; J. Tomlin at Gray's Inn Gate; C. Harper, D. Brown, W. Freeman, T. Goodwin and J. Vincent in Fleetstreet; J. Goudge and B. Barker in Westminster-hall.

This Day is published, Epistoliarum Obscurorum Virorum, ad Dm. M. Gratium Gratium Volumina II. Ex tam multis Libris conglutinata, quod unusquisque cocus per decem annos, oves, boves, feras, græves, passeres, aures, Sec. coquere, vel aliquis in molus calcet, et cenam magna hypocausta per viginti annos in calcifacera possit. Accesserunt huc Editioni, Epistolæ Magni Benedicti Passavantii ad D. Petrum Lysem, Et la Complainte de Messire Pierre Lyser sur le Trespas de son Frere. Impensis Ben. Clementis ad in signe Lunæ salcata in Comœterio Aedis Divi Pauli.

The Barton or Farms of Berrierbar, Stewford, Eford Hill, Moles Tenements, and the Mills, all Demesne Lands, valued at about 450 l. per Annum; and also the Manor of Berrierbar in Lease for Lives, the High and Quit-Rents amounting to 22 l. per Annum, low rented, situated on the Severn-Sea, where there is a very good Harbour, Royalty and Fishery; as also good Common belonging to the Manor, and Court Leet and Court Baron, all situate in the Parish of Berrierbar, about seven Miles from Barnstable in the County of Devon, being late the Estate of Thomas Berrie, Esq; Deceased, to be Sold by Act of Parliament on Wednesday the twenty third of August next, at the Queen's Arms-Inn in Barnstable. Particulars, in the mean time, are to be had at Mr. Robert Incedon's Chamber at New-Inn, London, at Christopher Baker in Exon; Mr. Lewis Gregory in Barnstable; Mr. John Eldard in Plymouth; Mr. John Wyatt in Taunton; Mr. John Richards in Tiverton; and Mr. John Amyatt in Torref.

Whereas several Fee-Farm Rents issuing out of several Manors, Lands, Tenements and Tythings in the Counties of Northampton, Essex, Rutland, Surrey, Suffex, Hertford, Norfolk, Middlesex, Richmond in Yorkshire, and elsewhere, are due and payable to the Rt. Hon. the Earl of Dorset and Middlesex; these are desired to give Notice to all Persons concerned in the Payment thereof, that the said Earl of Dorset hath appointed William Hawley of St. Margaret's, Westminster, Genl. or his sufficient Deputy on this behalf to demand and receive the said Rents, and all Arrears thereof; and no other Person or Persons do presume to receive the same.

A Place of 40 l. value will be run for on Winchester Down any Horse, Mare or Gelding of 7 Years old, carrying 10 Stone weight, 3 Heats, on the 2d Wednesday in August. The first Day a 10 l. Plate will be run for the same Heat; by Gallows carrying 3 Stone, weight allowed for inches. And the Day after Plate of 20 l. value will be run for the same Heat; by Horse, Mare or Gelding carrying 10 Stone weight.

Whereas several sorts of Goods, as wearing Apparel, Household Goods, Plate, Watches, Rings, Jewels, &c. have been pledged to Mr. Thomas Granger at the Rose in Salisbury near Fleetstreet, before the 27th of March 1709, and are not yet redeemed; this is to give Notice to all Persons having any Right-Claim in any of the Goods pledged as above-mentioned, that if they do not fetch them away before the 29th of September next, they will be disposed of.

Whereas Mary, the Wife of John Ubley of the Parish of East-Greenwich in the County of Kent, Victualler, has the 7th Instant, depose from her said Husband: These are to give Notice, that her Husband will not pay any Debts she shall contract after the Publication hereof.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded against Thomas Turner and Edward Rawlson of the City of Coventry, Silkmens and Partners, and they being declared Bankrupts, are required to surrender themselves to the Commissioners, on the 22d and 23rd Instant, and on the 9th of August next, at 3 in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London; at the first of which Sittings the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-mony, and chuse Assignees.

Whereas Thomas Roy of Portchester in the County of Southampton, Bucher, hath surrendered himself (pursuant to Notice) and been twice examined; these are to give Notice, that he will attend the Commissioners on the 22d Instant, at 3 in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, to finish his Examination; when and where his Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay their Contribution-mony, and assent to, or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

Whereas Samuel Pierce late of Malborough in the County of Devon, Merchant, hath surrendered himself and been twice examined; these are to give Notice, that he will attend the Commissioners on the 27th Instant, at 10 in the Forenoon, at the Office of James Paddon in the Town of Kingsbridge in the County of Devon, to finish his Examination; where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay their Contribution-mony, and assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

Whereas Samuel Tull of St. Martins in the Fields in the County of Middlesex, Upholsterer, hath surrendered himself (pursuant to Notice) and been twice examined; these are to give Notice that he will attend the Commissioners on the 22d Instant, at 3 in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, to finish his Examination; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-mony, and assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

Conspiring banished the same chosen his Aff The next late Day the Field Obeyance Algier, him. killed the British Consul, Moscow Marshal time day suavitop his Czari days on Renter b there wa Pace. of April, jedy, emb Wyburg, kio, the pected to his Majes from the Preobroze er to from Rig the Town that the tress in Ju fix thous enforce th of Marsha ferling, th Wyburg Venice, that Gene Regiment mont. T to Naples rived ther the 16th feck Healt the Wine first impo the Imper nefs perso The Card room of Cardinal Church. Charles h circumcio Person of tion sho cio; and