The London razette.

Bublished by Authority.

From Thursday July 20. to Saturday July 22. 1710.

Venice, July 11. N. S.

Efterday a Frenchman called Arrus, a Domestick of the Grand Prior Vendosme, murthered a young Woman of the same Nation, and that lived in the fame Family, by giving her feven Stabs with a Penknife. This Fact was committed at Noon Day in a Publick-House in the middle of the City, and in the presence of many Spectators, yet the Murtherer made his Escape before the Officers of Justice came to Apprehend him. The Senate hath lately published an Edict for the Establishment of a new Capitation, as well in this City as on the Terra-firma. We hear from Naples, that Don Antonio Galiuzzo, Secretary of War to the Marquis de los Balbafos, Viceroy of Sicily, was fled from Messina with a great Sum of Mony belonging to the Military Cash, which he gave out he would carry to Barcelona, and take the Advantage of four Neapolitan Men of War that lay ready in the Bay of Niples to fail for Spain, for the Transportation of it. They wite from Rome, that the Pope had in forne measure retowered his Strength, but was not able to affift at the pub-lick Functions of the Festival of S. Peter. It is faid, that the Court of Rome will not name a Nuntio to this State, nor our Senate an Ambassador to that See, until the Marquis de Prie shall have appeared in the Pope's Chapel in Aupublick Character, and have decided the Bispute with the Constable Colonna, concerning the Ceremonial.

Vienna, July 12. N. S. The Envoy of Muscovy re-fiding here is gone to Carlsbadt, to wait upon the Prince of Muscovy, and to attend other Affairs which require his Presence in that City. This Court hath been since time alarmed at the Preservoices which the Court of time glarmed at the Preparations which the Swedish Troops in Pomerania have made for a March, but places a Confilence in the good Measures that have been taken at the Hague, to preserve the Tranquili y of the Empire from being molested by the Northern War. We have reaived Advice from Naples, that the two Regiments of Vaubonne and Thaun, are on their March towards Milan, me will be in Lombardy the latter end of this Month. The Differences between the Regency of Mantua and the Priffian Troops being adjusted, those Troops marched on the 19th of the last Month out of their Quarters, a order to join the Army in Piedmont. The Bishop of the five Churches is returned hither from Milan to Negothe his private Affairs in these Parts. Letters from Bo-louis advise, that several armed Saxons and other Germas are come into that Kingdom, in small Companies, win Passports from Dresden, who have dispersed them-lives in the Northern Parts of Bohemia, and endeavour accapperate the Poople against the Government, by re-Resetting their Exactions as very heavy, especially that the Excise, which is larely Established in that Kingdom; which, together with the Severity of the Landlords, has undethe common People very untaffe. The Caufe of their oming into that Kingdom not being known they are conhed, till some Judgment can be made o their Intentions from further Intelligence. Our last Advices from Hungary hybat General Heister was decamped from the Neighbourked of Raab, and marched with his Army towards Upplungary; it was expected that he would be joined by Body of five thousand Men from Transilvania; and then the would endeavour to engage the Malecon ents to

Bolin, July 19. N. S. Last Monday, after the Cere Two the Installation of Count de Hanau was ended, the King went to Kepnick. His Majesty dined the next by with the Prince Royal at Wusterhansen, where he byed that Night, and on Wednesday returned to one of

Town yesterday Morning. To Morrow he designs to return again into the Country; fo that Monsieur Ranizau will not now find an Opportunity of having his Audience in Fown, as he expected. During his Majesty's absence, the Count de Hanau visited the Palaces of Oranjenburg and Potsdam, but having received Intelligence yesterday have a Branch of the Palaces. by an Express, that the French were resolved to pass the Rhine, he took his leave of this Court in order to return to Hanau with the usmost Expedition, that he may take to Hanau with the utmost Expedition, that he may take all possible Precautions for the Security of his Country. Last Wednesday his Majesty received a Letter from the Czar, to acquaint him with the Surrender of Wyburg. The Counter that brought this Letter proceeded on his Journey towards Copenhagen, with Dispatches for the King of Denmark. The Saddles and other Accountrements that the Danish Envoy bought in this Kingdom for the Cavalry of that Nation, are preparing to be sent to Copenhagen. Letters from Warsaw of the 11th Instant say, that several Detachments of Muscovites passed fant say, that several Detachments of Muscovites passed daily through that City, on their March to reinforce the Army of his Polish Majesty in Prussa. The Army of the Crown was encamped at Niskow, and that of Lithuania near Julodoua. The last Advices from Bender say, that the Cham of Crim Tertary had affembled a Body of teri thousand Men within half a League of that Place, to serve the King of Sweden as a Guard in his Passage to his Do. minions; but that his Majesty resolved to wait the Return of Monsi ur Poniatowski, whom he had sent to the Ottoman Port, before he would leave Bender. They add, that the Palatino Kiow was also with the Cham of Tartary. The Minister of the Ekctor of Hanover residing here has received his Master's Instructions, to inform this Cours, that the Election of Great Treasurer of the Empire is determined in his Favour, and to thank his Prusfian Majesty for his Vote and good Offices in that As-fair. Our last Advices from the Camp before Riga imports that the Muscovites having prevented the Swedish Vessels from approaching the Town on the Dwina, that the Garrison being distressed for want of Provisions, weakened by Sickness, and despairing of Relief, it was believed the Governor would capi ulate within few Days; that Felt-Marshal Czeremetoff had acquainted him with the Surrender of Wyburg, representing the Danger of his longer Obstinacy, when he had no prospect of Relief; and had assured him, that if he desired to deliver up the Town upon henourable Terms, he must not wait the last Extremity; but the Governor had not returned any Answer to this Summons at the time of the Dispatch of these

Whitehaven, July 16. Yesterday the Speedwell's Prize Captain Parker Commander, came into our Road winter the Anne Galley, and the Humility, from Chester; but a Storm arising suddenly at West, the two last were forced from their Anchors, and put on Shore in this Bay, and being laden with Coals, were both fink; the Anne is fince got into the Harbour, some of her Cargo of Merchants Goods being damnified, but the other lies fill on the Sand in danger of being quite destroyed. Our Coal Fleet waits only a fair Wind to fet fail with Capt. Parket tor Dublin.

Dartmouth, July 18. Yesterday was sent into this Road, by Her Majesty's Ship the Colchester, on Suspicion, the Maria of Bi boa, from Caciz, laden with Wooll, Soap, and other Merchandize for Amsterdam.

Briffel, July 18. This Day came in Her Majesty's Ship the Bridgewa er, and under her Convoy five Vessels from Cork. At the same time came in the St. Cusse of and from Bilboa, and the Nostra Seigniora del Rosario of and lalaces, called Rudow, from whence he came to from Vigo, with Iron and Wines,

Karmonsk.