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Berlin, August 16. N. S.

THE King and Court continue in this City. Last Thursday Evening the Margrave Albert's Lady was delivered of a Prince. The Prince Royal has been these three Days indisposed; but this Day he waited on the King, and thanked his Majesty for a Present which his Majesty sent him. Yesterday being his Birth-day, in which he enters on the twenty third Year of his Age, his Indisposition hindered him from receiving the Compliments of any, except those of his own Court. The Prince-Royal was this Day delivered of a young Prince, to the great Joy of the King and the whole Court. The Prince-Royal sent his Majesty the first News of it by the Baron Leben, and immediately his Majesty went to the Prince's-Royal's Apartment, and being returned from thence to his own, has already received the Compliments from all the Foreign Ministers, and the Cannon are now firing round the Ramparts, the Bells are ringing, with all other Demonstrations of Joy. 'Tis already resolv'd this Prince shall be only styled Prince of Prussia, and not Prince of Orange. The News from the Frontiers of Pomerania in Prussia continue to bring us Accounts of the ravage the Plague makes in those Parts. In the mean time the strictest Care is taken here to prevent its approach to this City, no one being permitted to come into the Town, even in his way to Holland or Hamburg, without a sufficient Passport or Attestation, that there is no danger of the Infection. This Morning the Grand Chambellan was carried in a Chair to the King's Apartment, to wait upon his Majesty, being the first time he has been Abroad since his late dangerous Sickness. Monsieur Raatzau hath not yet had his Publick Audience, the King being inclin'd to admit him to it in the Country. The Elector of Hanover hath order'd his Ministers to acquaint this Court, that he is very ready to enter into Measures with his Prussian Majesty, and the rest of the Allies, for the Security and Neutrality of the Empire, as far as it regards the War of the North. Letters from Warsaw of the 6th Instant say, that ten Muscovite Regiments which were assembled near that City, in order to March towards the Frontiers of Pomerania, were countermanded, and are to remain near Blosia, upon the Advice from Constantinople, that the Grand Visier was deposed, which makes it feared that a Rupture with the Muscovites may ensue; especially since the Sultan hath forbid the Envoys of Muscovy and Poland to hold any Conferences, or to write to their Masters. Advices from Riga of the same Date say, that the Muscovites had abandoned the Fortrefs of Bichow to the Saporas. They write from Lublin of the 4th, that the Diet of that Province had accepted of the Decrees of the Diet of Warsaw; but had deputed some of their Members to wait on the King, and to insist upon the Muscovites Evacuation of the Kingdom.

From the Camp at Viller-Brulin, August 18. N. S. According to the Accounts we have from the Siege, our Approaches are somewhat retarded by the continuance of the Rains. The Disposition was made for passing the last Ditch on General Schuylenburg's side on Saturday Night, and for attacking the Counterscarp the next Morning. By Break of Day one Bridge was finished, but it was then found impracticable to carry the other four above half way over the Ditch, which in some Places is fifty, and in others forty Paces broad, so that they were oblig'd to

defer the Execution of the Disposition till this Night. At General Fagel's Attack we have twelve Saps, all advanced within few Paces of the Palisades, and some of them so near, that we were beginning to turn them along the Cover'd-way, which being flanked by a detached Ravelin on the Left of the Attack, we began yesterday to batter the same with sixteen pieces of Cannon; and this Night we shall make an Attack, in order to possess our selves of it, as being very necessary, both to annoy the Enemy in the Cover'd-way, while they remain there, and to facilitate the making our Lodgments afterwards. Our Army, and that of the Enemy, continue in their former Camps. The Duke of Marlborough, and the Prince of Savoy, design to go to Morrow to the Siege.

From the Camp at Viller-Brulin, August 21. N. S. We have an Account from the Siege, that the Disposition for the Attack on General Schuylenburg's side, was yesterday Morning executed in the manner following: Three hundred Grenadiers, with as many Fusiliers, and four hundred Workmen, marched first, sustained by four hundred Fusiliers, who had the like number of Workmen with them. We had five Bridges over the first Ditch, two of which did not succeed so well as was expected; but our Men got over the others, and marched on to the Counterscarp, out of which they soon drove the Enemy, and made two good Lodgments on the Salient Angles of the Counterscarp, with Communications to the Bridges, which Lodgments we suppose were joined last Night. At General Fagel's Attack our Mines have met with the Enemy's principal Gallery that leads to their Mines before the Salient Angle of the Ravelin, which covers the Gate of Arras, and beat the Enemy out of it. They have likewise opened a Sap, which makes a Lodgment on the salient Angle of the said Ravelin, which they are enlarging and running along the Palisades. The Marschal de Villars having sent a considerable Detachment of Troops to St. Omer, Lieutenant General Ross was order'd to March yesterday Morning with twenty one Squadrons and nine Battalions, and encamped at Hedigneul, between our Army and that of the Siege, where he will be in readiness to observe the Enemy's Movions, and join with the Troops of the Siege, in order to prevent or oppose any Attempt that may be made to give us Disturbance.

Brussels, August 23. N. S. On the 19th Instant the Partisan du Moulin with a strong Party of Dragoons presented themselves before Louvian: They attempted to force one of the Gates, but without Success, the Burghers immediately taking Arms, marched out of the Town, and drove them into the Woods: Of the Enemy's Dragoons several were killed and wounded; but they carried off all the Horses they found in the Neighbourhood of the Town. Upon this second Insult, the Detachment of two hundred and fifty Men, who were lately sent thither from Louvain, were immediately returned to their former Garrison; and two hundred Dragoons are on their March from the Army to reinforce this Garrison, and to disperse the Enemy's Parties which infest this Neighbourhood. The Victory obtained on the 27th of the last Month by his Catholick Majesty in Catalonia, is confirm'd from all Parts. Letters from Spain of the 4th Instant say, that the Duke of Anjou was encamp'd on the second under the Cannon of Lerida. The Enemy diminish their Losses to six hundred killed on the Spot, besides the wounded; but private Letters make the Slaughter much greater. A Courier is daily expected here with the

Particulars