

# The London Gazette.

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*Barnstable May 29.*

**Y**esterday arrived here the *Orange-tree* of this Port with Wooll from *Dublin*. The *Sea-Flower* of this Port laden with Pays, Lead and Shot may sail with the first wind, as may in few days a new vessel of this Harbor on her first voyage for *Boston* in *New-England*.

*Naples, May 13.* The Viceroy lately ordered 150 men who escaped to land about three months since from a Gally which was cast away about *Cape St Mary* near *Otranto* to be sent aboard the Gallies belonging to this kingdom, supposing the said Gally to have belonged to the Turks, but the men finding their danger of being condemned to the Gallies, made their application to the Venetian Resident, affirming that the Gally which perished, belonged to the Heirs of the late Chevalier *Vitali*, and that they were all of them Christians and Subjects to the Republick of *Venice*; upon the Residents information, the Viceroy was pleased to give a countermand to his former Order, and set them all at liberty.

A Turkish Bregantine which was employed to take a view of our coasts, and to find out the most convenient places to land and plunder the Countrey, was cast away near *Palinuro*, but Twenty four of the men got to land, who are since put on board our Gallies for the service of the publick.

Three of the Turkish Corsairs have lately taken a ship on her passage from *Bari*, bound for *Brindis*.

Here is lately arrived an Envoye from a people, inhabiting a part of *Morea*, consisting of about 60 thousand souls, who have not yet submitted themselves to the obedience of the Turks, but make it their petition that some place may be allowed them within this kingdom, to which they may transport themselves, which the Viceroy has committed to the consideration of the Regent *Galiotta*.

The Viceroy of *Sardinia*, endeavors what he is able to reduce those people, who being dissatisfied with his Government, have sheltered themselves in the Mountains where they hope to make themselves considerable by entertaining the Banditti, and whatsoever Malefactors or discontented persons shall fly to them. He has for his greater conveniency removed from *Cagliari* to *Sassari*, to be neerer to them, the better to observe their motion, and has seized on the Marquis of *Mortolcone*, and *Albs*, with the Counts of *Sedilo*, *Villamar*, and *Montalvo*, who are suspected to hold a correspondence with them.

From *Sicily* we are told, that the Marquis *Isembaldi* is lately dead at *Palermo* by the fall of a Balcone upon which he was standing.

*Copenhagen, May 17.* His Excellency, the Earl of *Essex*, Ambassador from his Majesty of *Great Britain*, having the 13th instant made his publick entry, and been conducted to the house appointed for the reception and entertainment of Ambassadors, was at his alighting complimented from his Majesty, and welcomed by several of the Nobility, who that night supped with his Excellency; after three days honourable entertainment upon the Kings account, His Excellency was conducted by Monsieur *Pasberg*, one of the Senators in his Majesties Coach preceded by those of the Nobility to his publick Audience; the streets through which he passed being lined on both sides the way with soldiers, to the Gate of the Palace, and within the Court were placed the Kings Guards,

consisting of Reformed Officers; his Excellency coming up the stairs, was met by Monsieur *Korbitz*, the Grand Mareschal of this Kingdom, who introduced him through several rooms, filled with the Nobility, to the presence where the King was sitting under a Canopy of State, attended by several great Officers of the kingdom, of whom he had his Audience, with the usual ceremonies, wherein his Majesty was pleased to return his Excellency a Compliment, shewing the double obligation he had to his Majesty of *Great Britain*, one in sending an Ambassador, the other the person of the Earl of *Essex*.

This Ceremony ended, his Excellency was from thence conducted to the Apartments of the Queen and Prince *George*, to whom he made his compliments, and returned to his house in the same day he came.

*Rome, May 17.* On Sunday morning last, the Pope *Clement X.* was in his Pontificals carried in much state to *St Peters Church*, preceded by all his Officers with the Prelates, &c. all the Ambassadors and Ministers of foreign Princes, and the whole Colledge of Cardinals; at the Church Porch he was met by Cardinal *Carlo Barbarino* the chief Priest of that Cathedral, who presented him with the Keys of the Church, the Canons and Clergy of the Church having there the honour to kiss his foot; then entering the Church with the acclamations and shouts of the people, he was carried to the Altar of *St. Gregory*, where the Cardinals again adored him, and from whence he gave his benediction to the people, and putting on his Sacred Robes, as did also the Cardinals, Patriarchs and Bishops, he was thence carried to the Apostles Altar, where Cardinal *Maidalchini* the chief Deacon, put on him his Pallium, after which followed a solemn Mass; which ending, the Cardinal chief Priest with two of the Canons presented him with a Purse wherein were 25 Giulio's in an antique Coyne, which he gave to the Cardinal Dean of *St Angelo* for a solemn Mass; after this, he went again to his Chair, and was carried to the great and most eminent seat and placed upon a high Throne, where an Oration was made to him by Cardinal *Barbarino*; which ending, Cardinal *Maidalchini* put on him his Triple Crown. The Pope then gave again his benediction to the people, and at the same time upon a signal given, the Great Guns were fired, and several Volleys of shot given by some Companies of Foot drawn up for that purpose; and the Cardinal *Descott Barbarino*, in the name of the whole Colledge gave the Pope his salutation *ad multos annos*.

The next morning the Pope held his first private Confistory, where in a short speech he gave the Colledge thanks for choosing him to succeed in the highest Dignity. Cardinal *de Retz* went on Saturday last away for *France*; Monseignor *Bonvisi*, Nephew to the Cardinal of that name is chosen by the Pope to be sent Nuncio to *Cologne*.

*Dantzic, May 29.* The people are in most parts of *Poland* full of animosities and fears: and the Nobility have in many places of the kingdom held private Councils, which tis feared may be forerunners of new troubles. Here are at present in this place the Palatine of *Cracow*, the Palatine of *Pomeran*, Prince *Michael Radzevil*, and the Crowns Treasurer; the Great Generals Lady is in three or four days expected here; these persons have had several conferences.

Yesterday returned hither from *Coningsbergh* Monsieur *Acacia*, Envoye from his most Christian Majesty, his pretensions being to settle a Trade and Commerce with the Towns upon the *Balthick* sea.

The Vice-Chancellor of the Kingdom is suddenly expected here to receive the Homage of this Town in the name of the King.

Letters from *Warsaw* tell us, that the Poles are in great apprehensions of a war with the Turks, upon intelligence lately brought them, that a considerable body of their forces are ordered to march that way to seize upon *Vorosensko*, who principally Commands the Cossaks, to send him in Chains to *Constantinople*; and to establish another Commander in his room; which done, they intended to lay siege to *Camienitz*. The same Letters farther saying, that upon the receipt of this information, the King immediately dispatched Letters to the several Palatinates, to acquaint them with the approaching danger, to advise them to lay aside all private animosities, and to provide in time for the security of themselves and the publick, against so powerful an enemy.

His Majesty is not only endeavouring to heal the distempers within the bowels of his kingdom, but to provide also for its security from without, and is sending away his Envoys to the Duke of *Muscovy*, the Cham of *Tartary*, and Elector of *Brandenburgh* to settle a correspondence and right understanding with them, so as to strengthen himself if possible, with their friendship.

The King has earnestly pressed the Queens Coronation, which he desires may be celebrated at *Warsaw* on his Coronation day in *June* next, to avoid much unnecessary trouble and expence, but nothing is yet resolved in this point.

*Hambourg*, *June* 3. The report of the inclination of the Czar or *Muscovys* inclination to the Turkish Religion, seems to be ill founded, he appearing at all the Ceremonies of his Church with as much zeal as ever.

From *Lunenbourg* we are told that the Duke of *Brunswick Walsenburel* having sent one of his Officers to take possession of the Castle of *Regenstein*, which was lately confiscated upon the conspiracy of the Count de *Tutenbach*, The Elector of *Brandenbourg* who also puts in his claim to the same place and territory, caused this Officer to be seized and carried away prisoner to be secured within some Castle in his own Dominions, of which the Duke of *Brunswick* having intelligence, sent out a party to his rescue, who forced the prison and delivered him. This procedure of the Duke has been so ill resented by the Elector of *Brandenbourg*, that he immediately sent to tell the Duke, that unless the Officer were returned to the prison from whence he was taken, he should be obliged to take his own satisfaction by a like hostility upon some part of his Countrey: This message not being complied with, the Elector ordered Six thousand men immediately to march towards the frontiers of *Lunenbourg*. The Dukes of *Lunenbourg* are said to have an equal force in readiness to entertain them; so that tis feared they may suddenly come to dispute their Titles by the sword, if the interpositions of some of the neighbour Princes prevent them not.

From *Vienna* tis said that His Imperial Majesty has not yet fully recovered himself of his Ague, nor is yet returned from his journey of Devotion or Pilgrimage to our Lady of *Zeel*.

We are also told that the disturbances of *Hungary* are as much if not more formidable now then formerly, the numbers of the Rebels increasing, so that the Prince *Ragotsky* is at the head of a great and powerful Army.

Tis believed the Emperor intends to deal severely with the Count de *Tutenbach*, and the Marquis de *Franchipani*, in whose behalf he will not hearken to any intercession. But he seems to be more inclinable to favour the Count *Serini*, in consideration of the nearness of blood between him and Prince *Ragotsky*, which may oblige the latter to hearken the more easily to some reasonable Overtures for an accommodation.

*Hague*, *June* 5. Since the Prince of *Oranges* admission into the Council of State, he has received the Compliments of most of the Publick Ministers and persons of quality, and continues to be daily present at the Assemblies of the Council.

Monsieur de *Pompon* the French Ambassador, and the Heer de *Opdam* the States Envoy to, His most Christian Majesty are returned hither, the latter has given the States an account of his Reception.

*Paris*, *June* 4. On Sunday next his most Christian Majesty is expected here from his progress to the *Netherlands*.

We have by several Letters the news of the death of *Ferdinand* the II. Great Duke of *Florence*, who dyed on the 24th past about three in the morning, in the 59th year of his age, his distemper was a Droopie in his breast, which concluded with an Apoplexy.

*Paris*, *June* 7. From *Arles* in the County of *Roussillon* they write, that the Count de *Chamilly* has drawn so great a force together against the *Miquelets*, that he has forced them to leave the lower part of the Countrey, and to retreat to their fastnesses in the Mountains; and that the said Count was marched to *Ales* and was taking a view of all the Countrey about it, and making choice of several places between the Town and the Mountains; to shut up all passages by building of convenient Forts.

The *Miquelets* have left several of their company behind them, who are kept prisoners, and are to have their Process made by several Judges of the Sovereign Council of *Perpignan*, whom the Count has sent for for the same purpose, intending that a severe punishment shall be inflicted on them for a terror to the rest.

The Count intends as soon as he has settled this Countrey in peace, and provided for its security for the future, to obey the Orders he lately received from the Court, and to march with his forces towards *Languedoc* to pursue those Countrey people who were guilty of the late insurrections, and are since retired into the Mountains of *Picures*, having been so highly insolent, that when several Gentlemen their Lords had for demonstration of their obedience to the King, remonstrated to them the heynousness of their crime in taking Arms, and used several arguments to persuade them to a more peaceable temper, their endeavors met with so ill an entertainment, that the people immediately fell upon them, as friends to the new Customers, and killed several of them, plundering and burning their houses.

His Majesty has lately sent several new Edicts to the Parliament of *Paris*, to be communicated to such Commissioners of the body as shall be nominated for that purpose, which said Edicts are to be Verified and Registered in few days without the formality of a Remonstrance.

His Majesty intends to keep the Feast of *Corpus Christi* at *Beauvais*, and on Friday or Saturday to be at his Camp near *St Germain* to take a view thereof, having before hand sent his Orders to Monsieur de *Louvois* to enlarge the Camp, so as to be capable with ease to receive those forces which his Majesty intends shall be drawn thither to encamp for this Summer.

A considerable part of the Cavalry which attended his Majesty in his progress is to be sent to Quarter upon the frontiers of *Lorraine*.

Here lately passed by from *Spain* a Courier who hastned away to the Court to acquaint his Majesty, that the Queen Regent of *Spain* was fallen dangerously ill of a double Tertian Ague, for which she had been twice let blood; after which, her 6th fit was observed to be less violent then the former.

Letters of the 22 past by an Extraordinary from *Rome* tell us, that on the same day the Count de *Prado*, Ambassador of Obedience from *Portugal*, made a formal and solemn second Entry, and had an Audience from the Pope, who then held his first Consistory. This Audience took up so much of the day, that the Pope had not time to perform the Ceremony of giving the Cardinal de *Bouillon* his Hat, which was then expected.

*Lyme*, *May* 30. The 26 instant arrived here the *Retour*, a small vessel of *Weymouth* from *St Malos*, *Fersey* and *Guernsey*, informing us, that many of the seamen which were summoned in for his most Christian Majesties service to appear at *St Malos*, are to be employed on board the ships which are fitting up for a voyage to the *East-Indies*.