

The Vice-Chancellor of the Kingdom is suddenly expected here to receive the Homage of this Town in the name of the King.

Letters from *Warsaw* tell us, that the Poles are in great apprehensions of a war with the Turks, upon intelligence lately brought them, that a considerable body of their forces are ordered to march that way to seize upon *Vorosensko*, who principally Commands the Cossaks, to send him in Chains to *Constantinople*; and to establish another Commander in his room; which done, they intended to lay siege to *Camienitz*. The same Letters farther saying, that upon the receipt of this information, the King immediately dispatched Letters to the several Palatinates, to acquaint them with the approaching danger, to advise them to lay aside all private animosities, and to provide in time for the security of themselves and the publick, against so powerful an enemy.

His Majesty is not only endeavouring to heal the distempers within the bowels of his kingdom, but to provide also for its security from without, and is sending away his Envoys to the Duke of *Muscovy*, the Cham of *Tartary*, and Elector of *Brandenburgh* to settle a correspondence and right understanding with them, so as to strengthen himself if possible, with their friendship.

The King has earnestly pressed the Queens Coronation, which he desires may be celebrated at *Warsaw* on his Coronation day in *June* next, to avoid much unnecessary trouble and expence, but nothing is yet resolved in this point.

*Hambourg, June 3.* The report of the inclination of the Czor or *Muscovy's* inclination to the Turkish Religion, seems to be ill founded, he appearing at all the Ceremonies of his Church with as much zeal as ever.

From *Lunenbourg* we are told that the Duke of *Brunswick Walsenbuel* having sent one of his Officers to take possession of the Castle of *Regenstein*, which was lately confiscated upon the conspiracy of the Count de *Furtenbach*, The Elector of *Brandenbourg* who also puts in his claim to the same place and territory, caused this Officer to be seized and carried away prisoner to be secured within some Castle in his own Dominions, of which the Duke of *Brunswick* having intelligence, sent out a party to his rescue, who forced the prison and delivered him. This procedure of the Duke has been so ill resented by the Elector of *Brandenbourg*, that he immediately sent to tell the Duke, that unless the Officer were returned to the prison from whence he was taken, he should be obliged to take his own satisfaction by a like hostility upon some part of his Countrey: This message not being complied with, the Elector ordered Six thousand men immediately to march towards the frontiers of *Lunenbourg*. The Dukes of *Lunenbourg* are said to have an equal force in readiness to entertain them; so that tis feared they may suddenly come to dispute their Titles by the sword, if the interpositions of some of the neighbour Princes prevent them not.

From *Vienna* tis said that His Imperial Majesty has not yet fully recovered himself of his Ague, nor is yet returned from his journey of Devotion or Pilgrimage to our Lady of *Zeel*.

We are also told that the disturbances of *Hungary* are as much if not more formidable now then formerly, the numbers of the Rebels increasing, so that the Prince *Ragotsky* is at the head of a great and powerful Army.

Tis believed the Emperor intends to deal severely with the Count de *Furtenbach*, and the Marquis de *Franchipani*, in whose behalf he will not hearken to any intercession. But he seems to be more inclinable to favour the Count *Serini*, in consideration of the nearness of blood between him and Prince *Ragotsky*, which may oblige the latter to hearken the more easily to some reasonable Overtures for an accommodation.

*Hague, June 5.* Since the Prince of *Oranges* admission into the Council of State, he has received the Compliments of most of the Publick Ministers and persons of quality, and continues to be daily present at the Assemblies of the Council.

Monsieur de *Pompe* the French Ambassador, and the Heer de *Opdam* the States Envoy to, His most Christian Majesty are returned hither, the latter has given the States an account of his Reception.

*Paris, June 4.* On Sunday next his most Christian Majesty is expected here from his progress to the *Netherlands*.

We have by several Letters the news of the death of *Ferdinand* the II. Great Duke of *Florence*, who dyed on the 24th past about three in the morning, in the 59th year of his age, his distemper was a Droopie in his breast, which concluded with an Apoplexy.

*Paris, June 7.* From *Arles* in the County of *Roussillon* they write, that the Count de *Chamilly* has drawn so great a force together against the *Miquelets*, that he has forced them to leave the lower part of the Countrey, and to retreat to their fastnesses in the Mountains; and that the said Count was marched to *Ales* and was taking a view of all the Countrey about it, and making choice of several places between the Town and the Mountains; to shut up all passages by building of convenient Forts.

The *Miquelets* have left several of their company behind them, who are kept prisoners, and are to have their Process made by several Judges of the Sovereign Council of *Pepignan*, whom the Count has sent for for the same purpose, intending that a severe punishment shall be inflicted on them for a terror to the rest.

The Count intends as soon as he has settled this Countrey in peace, and provided for its security for the future, to obey the Orders he lately received from the Court, and to march with his forces towards *Languedoc* to pursue those Countrey people who were guilty of the late insurrections, and are since retired into the Mountains of *Picures*, having been so highly insolent, that when several Gentlemen their Lords had for demonstration of their obedience to the King, remonstrated to them the heynousness of their crime in taking Arms, and used several arguments to persuade them to a more peaceable temper, their endeavors met with so ill an entertainment, that the people immediately fell upon them, as friends to the new Customers, and killed several of them, plundering and burning their houses.

His Majesty has lately sent several new Edicts to the Parliament of *Paris*, to be communicated to such Commissioners of the body as shall be nominated for that purpose, which said Edicts are to be Verified and Registered in few days without the formality of a Remonstrance.

His Majesty intends to keep the Feast of *Corpus Christi* at *Beauvais*, and on Friday or Saturday to be at his Camp near *St Germain* to take a view thereof, having before hand sent his Orders to Monsieur de *Louvois* to enlarge the Camp, so as to be capable with ease to receive those forces which his Majesty intends shall be drawn thither to encamp for this Summer.

A considerable part of the Cavalry which attended his Majesty in his progress is to be sent to Quarter upon the frontiers of *Lorraine*.

Here lately passed by from *Spain* a Courier who hastned away to the Court to acquaint his Majesty, that the Queen Regent of *Spain* was fallen dangerously ill of a double Tertian Ague, for which she had been twice let blood; after which, her 6th fit was observed to be less violent then the former.

Letters of the 22 past by an Extraordinary from *Rome* tell us, that on the same day the Count de *Prado*, Ambassador of Obedience from *Portugal*, made a formal and solemn second Entry, and had an Audience from the Pope, who then held his first Consistory. This Audience took up so much of the day, that the Pope had not time to perform the Ceremony of giving the Cardinal de *Bouillon* his Hat, which was then expected.

*Lyme, May 30.* The 26 instant arrived here the *Retour*, a small vessel of *Weymouth* from *St Malo*, *Fersey* and *Guernsey*, informing us, that many of the seamen which were summoned in for his most Christian Majesties service to appear at *St Malo*, are to be employed on board the ships which are fitting up for a voyage to the *East-Indies*.