razett

published by Authority.

From Tussday September 5. to Thursday September 7. 1710.

Milan, August 23. N. S.

Etters from Genoa say, that a Squadron of the Allies, confifting of fixteen Men of War and three Fireflips, having embarked fome Troops at Vado. the the 14th for l'arcelona. Those Letters confirm the thing of Balbastro by his Catholick Majesty's Toops, wherein they found Cloathing for a Regiment, and Stores of Provisions. The same Letters add, that the Garrison of Moncon, to the number of five hundred Men. surrended Prifoners of War; that King Charles continued to advance further into Arragon, and that the Biffing of Balbifto had the Honour to kils his Majesty's Hand. Our Advices from Naples tell us, that the Convoy with the Troops and Provisions defig aed for Catalonia failed on the 11th, confifting of three Neapolitan, one Durch Ship, one Sick, and feveral Tarrans, and other Veffels, twenty four in number; they had on Board fix hundred Recruits. four hundred Horses, one hundred and fixry Dragoens, ad fixty fine led Horses for King Charles's own Service-lince Cariati, Don Vicenzo de Miro, and several o-ther Persons of Distinction, took the Opportunity of the id Convoy, and are gone to wait on his Ca holick Ma jely. We hear from Leghorn, that an English Man of War had taken and carried into Gibraltar a Franch Privatercalled the Wife Solomon; and that the Prince George and Hanover, two Merchant-men richly laden from Lon-lon were attacked on the 12th off of Leghorn by two limch Galleys, one of which artempting to Board the Manager was for warmly received by her Cannon and fault Arms, that he was forced to pip off, having had see hundred and twenty Men killed or wounded in the Adion; that during the Engagement, the Prince George, bing a Ship of small force, laved her felf in the Road. The two Galleys je ined a ter the Action, but would not muse a second Attempt upon the Hanover, who having been very much disabled in the Engagement, is now thing in the Porr.

Frankfort, Saptember 3. N. S. The Baron de Stra-imheim, who has been at Vienna in the Quality of his Swedish Majesty's Envoy to that Court, arrived here the pih of the last Month, and see out from hence yesterday wake Possession of his Government of Deux-Ponts. We lare fent a great quantity of Meal from her ce to Philipfbug, for the Magazines of that I lace. The Circle of Innconia has done the lime. Letters from the Upper Rhine advise, that the Imperial Army was still encamped Rhein-Zabern; and that the Enemy continued behind thir Lines of Lauterburg. Letters from Vienna fay, Te Dum rad been Sung there on Account of the Victory obtined by his Catholick Majeffy near Almanara the 27th of July last, at which their Imperial Majestica assisted. Thele Letters add, that a Courier arrived from Hungary the rift of the last Month, with an Account, that the Gamion of Neuhausel offered to surrender, in case they were not relieved in fourteen Days time; and that the Ofher who commanded the Siege had confested to it, pro-field the Emperor as proved of it. The fame Courier was dispatched back the next Day with his Imperial Maphys Approbation; out on the 24 h another Courier arfired with the agreeable News, that the Garrison being in want or all manner of Necessaries had Capitulated, and that our Troops were actually in Pessission of one of the Gres of the Place.

Hague, Septamber 9. N. S. Though the Enemy en-derour to conceal and difficulte, as much as possible, their he Deteat near Saragossa, yet we have several Letters from France which make the Victory extreamly compleat; and one writ the 27th of August by an Officer in the Dake of Anjou's Army, gives the following Account.

Since we lett the Camp of Ivars in Catalonia our Army has met with nothing but Misfortunes. We decamped from thence the 26th of July, and came near Lerida. The next Day we marched towards Marshal Staremberg. who was fo diligent in coming to meet us, that our Troops, who expected fome Rest after a most tiresem March of wo Days in the greatest Heats of the Summer, were obliged to put then felves in order of B1 tel, at fix a Clock in the Evening: Our Horfe at fiest fell luriosfly upon he Enemy, but was foon driven back with much greater speed and Precipitation. Since that time we have been always in a flying Condition; and Monfieur de Statemberg pressing and pursuing us 'till the 19th In-stem, when he pushed the Ebro two Leagues from Saragoss in fight of our Army, which was encamped between the Bridges of the Gillega and the Ebro. We were all reach alarmed at this, being fearce able to imagine that the Enemy would think of Attacking us in a Camp where we were for advantageously posted, and at the Gates of a great Ciry; though that Place seemed little inclined to our fide, having never turnished us with any Provisions, which was the reason that our Army, after seven of the most fatiguing Marshes, was in want of every thing. At Noon cur Army passed over the Bridge of Saragossa, and was-ranged in order of Battel about a quarter of a League from the Town, in two Lines, with our Right towards some rifling Grounds, and our Left near the Ebro. The Enemy were already come in fight, and had likewife drawn up their Army in order of Battel. We remained in that Dispendion the rest of the Day, and all Night; the 20th at tive in the Morning our Cannon bigan to play, and the Enemy answered us soon after.
The cannonading continued till eleven, when the Enemy marched up in good Order to attack us. We behaved our selves pretty well at first, but that did not last long; for en a fudden almost all our Lest Wing of Horse run away in Confusion, and Marshal Staremberg taking Advantage of that Disorder, fell upon our Foot in Front and Flank, in such a manner, that at four in the Asternoon there was nothing of an Army to be feen, they being all either killed or taken Prifeners. The scattered Remains are getting together at Valtierra in Navarre, three Leagues beyond Tudela. I thank God that I was not in this unfortunate Battel, being commanded a little before to another Service. Our Troops had not received a Penny fince the beginning or this Campaign; great part of the Officers were Sick, by reafon of the Mifery they fuffered, being almost starved, our Army having wanted Bread to feven Days. I cannot yet fend you a true Account of the Killed, Wounded, and Prisoners.

Kinsale, August 29. Yesterday her Majesty's Ship the Hastings failed troin hence to Cork, being appointed Convoy to the Trade from that Port to Briftol, at the fame

time the Monk and Mountague were a cruifing.

Falmouth, September 2. Yefterday carre in here from cruifing the Woitehorfe Privaceer, and brought in as Prize the St. Nicholas of and from Naniz, for Newfoundland, and in fight of this Harbour she lest one of fourteen Guns,

re-taken by a Frence Privateer of thirty or forty Guns.

Plimeuth, September 3. A Dutch Man of War, two
Privateers, and nine Sail of Prizes and Coafters under their Convoy, from Falmouth, came to an Anchor here ye-fierday in the Evening, and failed this Morning to the Eastward. This Day passed by this Harbour several Ships, supposed to be those which lately put into Scilly, from Jamaica: The Royal Anne Galley is satised to the Eastward.