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Rome, June 7.

N Monday last the Pope held a Consistory, where were proposed and disposed of feveral Archbishopricks and Bishopricks, amongst others, the Cardinal Viscomti, formerly Nuncio in Spain, was upon the recommendation of the Queen Regent made Archbishop of Montreal in the Island of Sicily, which his Eminence intends suddenly to take possession

of.
The fame day the Pope gave Audience to all the Cardinals who had any thing to offer, and to the French Ambasador the Dake de Chaulnes who took his leave in order to his return home, but departs not from hence till Monday next, intending to fee the Ceremonies of to morrow, when the Pope is to ride in state to take possession of the Church of St John de Latran, at which the Count de Prado the Portugais Ambassador intends to appear with extraordinary pomp. The faid Ambassador has lately dispatcht a Courier to Lisbonne to give the Prince his Master an account of what has hitherto passed in reference to the affairs of Portugal. Monfegnior Ravizza, by the favour of the Cardinals Chigy, and Rospigliosi has been nominated by the Pope for his Nuncio to that kingdom, which has so little pleased the Count de Prado, that he has made several com-plaints upon this subject to divers of the Cardinals. Monsegnior Matthei is made Vice-Legate for Avignon, though himself seemed not over-zealous to be removed to so great a distance from the Court of Rome, he being neerly related to the Pope.

We are here in daily expectation of the arrival of an Ambassador from the Duke of Savoye.

The ship on which were embarked the Goods and Baggage belonging to the Cardinal de Bouillon, and the French Ambassador, is said to be taken by the Turks, with many persons that took the opportunity of this ship to transport themselves for France.

On Tuesday last the Prince Gasparo Altieri went to take possession of his new Charge, as Governour of the Castle St. Angelo, where he was received with much Ceremony, with feveral vollies of Canons

Madrid, June 11. His Catholick Majesty has recovered his health and is fallen again to his exercises with the young Nobility, to the great joy of this whole City and Kingdom. Several of the Grands in testimony of their joy came this night in Mascarade to the Palace, with Torches in their hands. A publick Jubilee is to be kept upon this account, and on the 18th the people are to be entertained in the great Place-Royal with a fight-with Bulls,

The Constable of Castille takes all opportunities to folictie his return home by reason of his great in-disposition of body, which he attributes principally to the air of the Netherlands, but as yet, no succes-

for is appointed for that Government.

The Count de Molina intends in few days to depart in order to his voyage into England under the Character of Ambassador Extraordinary.

Don Fuan is lately indisposed in his health, principally occasioned by Melancholly, but his apprehen-

Warfam, June 14. From Bialacterko we are advifed, that the Cossacks feem not so inclinable as formerly to their dependency upon the Crown of Poland, but desire rather a brutish liberty and to establish amongst themselves a kind of popular Government; and that Dorosenska, one of their Generals, endeavoured in an Assembly at Czekrin to per-

fions are great, that attempts are made upon his life.

swade them to swear fidelity to him, and wholly to throw off their obedience to the King of Poland. Hanenho who was also one of the Generals of the Cossacks, a person of different principles and interest from Dorosensko, had deputed those 30 persons who had Audience the last month from the King,

but returned without any confiderable effect. The Envoy from Tartary is still here expecting the return of the Chancelor of this Crown, and intends upon his dismission from this Court, to go from

hence to the Marquis de Brandenbourg.

The face of this Court feems much changed for the better, the Queen great with Child. The Primate the Archbishop of Gnesne's resolved to espouse the Kings interest; and the Mareshal Sobiesky has engaged himself to appear with the Nobless at the general Assembly on horseback in the field, and to act vigoroufly for the fettlement of peace within that

kingdom.

Venice, Fune 14. Here is lately arrived the Gally called Brassana, with the Governour of the Three Islands the Proveditor General Valier, who on the Thursday following, with a large Train of Senators attending him, made his visit to the Colledge, where he gave them a satisfactory account of all affairs under his charge. He left several Galeasses and Gallies refitting at the Port of St Cross, whereon are to be embarked fix Companies of Root, which are more then the usual number which are allow'd! for the necessary guard of Corfu, which said Companies are to be transported to Dalmatia.

Letters from Zante and other places, confidently tell us that the Visser is at last gone from Can-dia with a great Fleer of ships and Gallies, to attend the Commands of the Grand Segnior, who was in the mean time diverting himself in Hunting; though to the ruine of that Country by which he passes, having no less then 30. thousand persons attending him, for his Guard and Recreation.

The same Letters tell us, that the Visier has left the Command of Candia during his absence in the hands of his Son and a Bassa, in whom he reposes much Confidence, and has appointed some other persons to assist them as a Councel in matters of difficulty; he left the City much repayred and beautifyed, and has built there a Seiaglio, and several other publick buildings, for which he was supplyed with materials from Smirna, Alexandria and Constantinople, and had planted great number of Cpress trees about the City, to render it the more pleasant.

'Tis believed Chevalier Molino is also departed with him, that which hitherto retarded him, was the expectation of the presents designed by the Republick for the Grand Seguior and several Ministers of this Court, which were some weeks since sent away from Zante r with a Convoy of four men of

War, to secure them from the Corfairs.
The Turks who are now possest and Inhabitants of the City of Candia, presented the Visier before his departure with a Petition, that he would beflow on them such Lands in that Island, as were formerly in the Possession of several Greeks, and this in Recompence of their faithful Service during the late Wars, but the Visier answered them that they had gotten their Possession of that City and Island upon Articles of surrender, and therefore it was not in his power to gratify them with the Lands they defired, as if they were to be disposed of by right of Conquest.

Vienna, June 24. From Hungary we have confirmation of the report, that the 5000 Hungarians which had thoughts of trying their fortunes upon General Spark, but finding him in readiness to entertain them, immediately withdrew, and fent away feveral persons as their Deputies to him to assure him that they were now more inclined to ferve the Emperor then ever they were to oppose him, and would oblige themselves to continue faithful to him, if he would please to pardon them and grant them an Act of Oblivion, which has been offered in the Emperors name to Apper Hungary upon condition, that they will give the Emperor the sole power of choosing their Palatine; and that no Religion shall be perinitted amongst them, but the Roman, Lutheran, or Calvinist; that they shall admit of the German forces into all their Garrisons; and that it be declared, that the Emperor alone has power of calling an Assembly of the States of that Kingdom.

Hambourg, June 25. From Vienna we have daily news of the hopefulness of the Emperors affairs in Hungary, upon the submission and pardon of the

Prince Ragotsky.

From Warfam they write as pleasingly of the state of that kingdom; the Nobility of all the Palatinates having refolved to put themselves on horseback immediately upon the last summons to attend the King in the open field, and there to resolve upon what they shall find most conduceable to the safety and peace of the kingdom, only Cracovia and one other Province have, spended their resolutions, but the dissenting party are like to fail of their hopes of making their advantage of the dissatisfactions of the Army for want of pay, that being proportionably assigned them out of the several Provinces and Palatinates, to which the several Regiments are ordered for the receipt of their Moneys, which they

are punctually to receive.

General Sobiesky having confidered the general sense of the kingdom, and how much it imports him to preserve his Charge which by a longer opposition might be otherwise disposed of, is said to be convinced of his error and returned to the obedience of the Crown. The Marshal of the Court and the Palatine of Vilna have thought fit to be present and concur with their Provincial Diets, and have fince fubmitted themselves to the King, but Zamoisky, who prete ded to a share in an Estate with the Kings Mother, having spoken in the Diet, of which he was member, with too little respect of the King, is faid to have been killed by the Nobless: 'Tis believed all the rest of the dissent 1 g Nobility will be in few days summoned in by found of Trumpet, those especially which had their conference lately at Dantzig, and if they appear not at the time prefixt then by his Majesties Proclamation, their Charges shall be pronounced void, and be disposed of at his Majesties pleasure.

Amsterdam, July 1. We hear even now of the arrival of our East-Ind a Fleet at the Texel, whose return gives much joy to the Merchants both for the richnels of the ships, and the good news they bring with them of the victory obtained by General Speelman, over the King of Macaffer, and four other Kings

his Allies; and of the honourable peace which will much conduce to the advantage of our Trade: the Articles are not yet publisht, only tis said in the general, that the faid king of Macaffer is obliged to pay to the Company of Merchants concerned in the War and Trade in those parts, the sum of 200 thoufand Piastres towards their expences in this war, to demolish all his Forts except one, and to permit the Moneys coined by the faid Company to pais freely in all his Dominions, without any addition or diminution of the value of them; he is also by the said peace obliged neither to make war or peace without the confent of the Company; nor to fuffer any besides the said Company to trade within his Dominions. They farther affirm, that the little Kings of Binna and Dompo had submitted themselves and people in propriety to the Company.

All the ships bound thither from hence are there

fafely arrived.

Some ships lately arrived from the West-Indies inform us, that the Count de Lemos the Spanish Viceroy of the Indies was safely arrived at Lima in Peru, and has reduced to obedience the people which were in rebellion against the Spanish Government, and the authority of his Catholick Majesty, and for a terror to the rest, had ordered the principal of that rebellion, foseph de Salazar to be beheaded, 16 others to be hanged, and 26 to be banisht.

We have even now received information, that our East-India ships are safely entred into the Texel, the

Meuse, and into Zealand.

Our Letters from Cadis tell us, that the Gallions returned, laden to the value of 25 Milions, whereof eight upon the account of his Catholick Majesty, only one of this Fleet foundred about Havana, but fo as with the affiftance of fome of her companions, most of her lading was happily preserved.

The Rotterdam Convoy is arrived at Cadis, where also continues Captain Toll beyond the time he intended, expecting the unlading of fome of the

Gallions,

London, June 29. On Munday last the Envoyes from Denmark and Portugal, made their Complyments to their Majesties, condoling with them for the Death of Madam.

Yesterday arrived here the Marshal de Bellefonds Envoy Extraordinary from His most Christian Majesty, and was this day about noon introduced by Sir Charles Cotterel Master of the Ceremonies, and admitted in the usual form to his Audience from His Majesty, to whom he made his Complyments of Condoling for the Death of Madam, in the name of the King his Master: His Audience continued about an hour, which ended, he was with the same Ceremony conducted to his Audience from the Queen, whom he Complymented upon the same Subject, as he did likewise in the afternoon their Royal Hignesses at St fame's.

This afternoon the Chevalier Flamarens Envoy from Monsieur, had his Audience from their Majesties upon the same subject, of condoling for the Death of Madam, to which he was introduced also by Sir Charles Cotterel Master of the Ceremo-

nies after the usual manuer.

Advertisement.

He Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesties Treasury, have or-dered that notice be given that the Trustees for sale of His Majesties Fee-Farm Rents, do sit at Mr. Auditor Philips his Office in the Kings Bench buildings in the Inner Temple, on every Tuesday, Wednefday, and Friday, at Eight of the Clock in the morning, and two in the afternoon, to contract with the immediate Tenants or others, according to the late Act of Parliament.