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Milan, March 14. N. S.

BY our last Letters from Vienna we are made to hope, that the Differences between his Imperial Majesty and the Duke of Savoy will be speedily accommodated. They write from Naples, that several Persons had been seized there upon Informations given in against 'em; and that upon the Examination of some of them, it appear'd from their own Confession, that a treasonable Correspondence had, of late, been carried on there in favour of the Duke of Anjou. An Embassy is appointed to wait on his Catholick Majesty, in behalf of that City, and the whole Kingdom, and the Persons who are to be employ'd on that Occasion, have receiv'd Orders to embark on Board one of the British Men of War that are still riding at Baya. Two thousand Men are arriv'd at Manfredonia, being the Recruits appointed for the Imperial Forces in that Kingdom. They are to perform their Quarentine at Manfredonia, and then proceed to the several Posts where their respective Corps are quarter'd. We are advis'd from Venice, that Prince James Sobieski is arriv'd there incognito, under the Name of the Count de Molesko. Immediately upon his Arrival he went to visit his Sister, the late Electress of Bavaria, who receiv'd him with much Tenderness and Affection. It is not yet known whether he intends to make some stay at Venice, or proceed immediately to Rome, where his Mother, the Queen Dowager of Poland, has prepar'd an Apartment for him. We are told from all parts, that there is a general Dissatisfaction in Sicily, not only on Account of the heavy exorbitant Taxes laid on the Inhabitants; but from the scarcity of Corn, which augmented daily in that Island, by reason of the great quantities that had lately been transported into France and Spain.

Berlin, March 17. N. S. His Excellency the Lord Raby, the Queen of Great Britain's Ambassador-Extraordinary at this Court, having receiv'd his Letters of Revocation on the 8th Instant, went immediately to the King, to know when his Majesty wou'd be pleas'd to give him his Audience of Leave; whereupon the King appointed this for the Day of Audience, and at the same time his Majesty was pleas'd to let the Ambassador know, that he intended to Dine with him the Day before; accordingly the King, the Prince Royal, the Prince of Anhalt Dessau, and several other of the chief Persons of the Court, were magnificently entertain'd by his Excellency yesterday at Dinner; and this Morning he was conducted with the accustom'd Ceremonies to his Audience by Monsieur Ilgen, Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and Monsieur Besser, Grand Master of the Ceremonies. His Excellency received, on this Occasion, all the Honours due to his Character and Person. The King particularly testified, in a most obliging manner, the profound

Respect he had for her Majesty, and how well pleas'd he had been with the Conduct of the Ambassador. His Excellency is now preparing every thing for his Departure; and it is believ'd, that by Saturday next he will be ready to set out for the Hague. It is said the Privy Counsellor Kamke is to have the Direction of the Post during the Absence of the Grand Chamberlain, and that he will enter upon that Office at Easter. The Countess of Wartemberg having lately offer'd to make a Present to the King of the House and Estate of Wolterdorf, his Majesty has refus'd to accept of it, unless he may be suffer'd to pay the full value for it; whereupon Monsieur Kamke, and several other Commissioners, have been sent by the King's Order, to make an Estimate of it, and report it to his Majesty. It was resolv'd on the 13th Instant in a Council of War, that the Prince of Anhalt should be continued in the Command of the Prussian Troops in the Low Countries. The Recruits rais'd for those Troops are on their March for the Netherlands; and the Prince Royal sets out to Morrow to review the greatest part of them at Brandenburg, the rest being already advanced beyond that Place.

Hamburg, March 20. N. S. We have not yet received any Account of the March of the Swedes in Pomerania; but we hear they expect the return of a Courier from Bender, with the King's Directions in relation to the Person who is to have the Command of those Forces. The Swedes endeavour to persuade the Inhabitants of Pomerania, that the Kings of Denmark and Poland intend to invade that Country, proposing by this means to oblige the States to raise the Militia, against which they have hitherto protested with great vehemency. We are told, that the Duchy of Bremen have received Orders to advance three hundred thousand Crowns in three Months time for the Service of his Swedish Majesty; whereupon several of the Inhabitants, conceiving it to be a Demand impossible for them to comply withal, are withdrawing their Effects, and leaving the Country. All the Muscovite Forces are in full March towards the Frontiers; and if the Reports be true of the Tartars preparing to make an Irruption into the Ukrain, we may speedily expect to hear of some Action on that side. The Swedes have of late confidently reported that his Swedish Majesty was set out from Bender; but this Report does not gain much Credit here, it being generally believ'd that the King will wait 'till the Turks are in a readiness to take the Field before he leaves that Place. They write from Dantzick, that the King of Poland's Equipage is sent from thence to Warsaw, where his Majesty is likewise expected in a short time. In the mean while the Diet in Saxony meet with many Difficulties in the Matters that are laid before them, which in all likelihood will prolong their Session; and his Majesty doth not propose to set out for Poland 'till all things are adjust'd there, and due Provision made for the Security of the Electorate.

A Letter