The London Gazette.

Pavilled by Antholicy.

From Thursday July 12. to Saturday July 14. 1711.

Copenhagen, July 11. N. S.

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HE Danish Fleet under the Command of Admiral Guldenlieu, is receiving on Board A a large Train of Artillery, and will Sail with the first fair Wind to the East Sea. We are affired, that the Swedish Fleet is in no forwardness, so that it is thought here it will not be. able to put to Sea this Summer. The Horse-Guards begun their March from hence towards Hollein on the 27th of the last Month; and the Cuitaffiers that were appointed to furround Elfenore, in order to prevent the spreading of the contiguous that is in that Place, are order'd to high likewife towards that Country. It being crain, that the fame Dittemper is also broke athere, the King and the Royal Family will facut from hence, in a few Days, and all the foreign Ministers are preparing to follow his Majelly. A Battalion of Swedes that was quartered in Tonningen, has been suffer'd to March out of that Place, by his Majesty's Order, who made Count Vandernath an Offer to that purpose, and commanded his Officers not to moleft the Soldiets in their March. They write from War-few, that Bender was invested by the Muscovites on the 9th of June. It is faid, that there is a very firong Garrison in the Place; but that the King of Sweden retir'd from it upon the approach of the Enemy, and is gone to Constantinople, having been invited thither by the Ocumin Court.

Bruffels, July, 18. N. S. Our Letters of the 10th Instant from Givet advise, that the Enemies second Detachment for Germany pursued their March the Day before towards Luxembourg by St. Hubert. According to the most exact Account we have received of its Strength, it consists of 10 Battalions and 26 Squadrons. The Imperial Detachment commanded by Count Feltz advanc'd on the Sth from Diest, and past the Meuse the 11th at Rumond. They write from Namur, that the late Elector of Bavaria intended to fet out on the 12th for Luxembourg, where he is to be declared Soverign of that Province, as he has already been of Numur. These Letters add, that as soon as that Cremony is over, the faid Elector will proceed from thence to Strasbourg, and take upon him the Command of the French Army on the Rhine. They write from the Camp, that the Loss sustained by the four Squadrons at Fieren on the 12th appears to be much less than was at first conceiv'd, and that most of the Horses which the Enemy had feiz'd, were recover'd by the Peafants during their disorderly Retreat, and have been spece brought back to the Camp. The French lost fince brought back to the Camp. The French lost a great number of Men on that Occasion, leaving above twenty Officers dead on the Place, amongst whom were a Colonel and a Major; and we hear that several others who were carried off, are since dead of their Wounds. The Enemy retired by the way of Beincheul, and Mareschal Villars, who had posted himself there with sexteen Battalions, in order to support 'em, summoned the Commanding Officer in Arleux to surrender, telling h m that the Army at Fieren was descated; but the Officer made Answer, that he was in a Condition to defend the Place 'till he shou'd receive Instructions from his Grace the Duke of Marlborough in that behalf.

Hague, July 17. N. S. They write from Vienna, that the young Prince of Hohenzollern was arrived there with an Account, that the Town of Mongatz furrender'd to the Germans on the 23d of the lait Month. About two thousand Men, of which the Garrison consisted, were suffer'd to March out with their Esseets, and are most of 'cm return'd to their respective Habitations. The Germans sound in the Place one hundred and twenty five Pieces of Cannon, and a great quantity of Ammunition. Our Letters from Turin advise, that the Duke of Savoy's Porces are marching in two Bodies towards Susa and Ivréa, and that his Royal Highness is preparing to join them at the Bottom of the Mountains, and will be attended into the Field by all the Foreign Ministers residing at that Court. In the mean time the Duke of Berwick, and the other French Generals in Dauphine, have considered what Measures are proper to be taken in order to put Toulon in a Possure of Deseace, in case the Duke of Savoy shou'd have any Desga upon that Place. These Letters add, that the Dukes of Parma and Modena have renewed their Disputes with greater warmth than before. The Duke of Medena has call d some German Troops in to his Assistance; and the Parmesans on their side are preparing for their Desence. Count Harrach, who arriv'd here the 8th Instant, with a Commission from the Empress Regent, has had an Audience of the King of Prussia at Honslaerdyke, whither he was attended by Count Sinzendorf and Baron Heems. As soon as he has settled some Assistance the approaching Election of an Emperor, he will see out from hence to Hanover, being sent thister with the same Commission.

Whitehaven, July 8. A small Vessel arrived here last Night from Strangford; and this Day ten Sail of laden Colliers sailed hence for Dublin.

Plimouth, July 10. Yesterday sailed a Dutok Caper to Cruise. Arrived the St. Vincent of and for Topsham, with Oyl from Cadiz. Last Evening sailed her Majesty's Ships the Speedwell and Valure, with about thirty Vessels for Wales and Ireland.

Briffol, July 11. On the 9th at Night came in the Queen Anne Packet-boat, Captain John Shorter Commander, in twenty Teven Days from New-York, with feveral Mails on Board.

Deale, July 12. Her Majelly's Ship the Roebuck sailed yesterday in the Asternoon towards the River. Here remain her Majelly's Ships the Canterbury, Rupert, Falmonth, Bristol and Happy-Sloop; as also the Thomas Ketch bound for New-York.