

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Tuesday September 4. to Thursday September 6. 1711.

Florence, Aug. 25. N. S.

THE Hereditary Prince of Tuscany is so well recovered of his late Indisposition, that he intends shortly to remove from hence to Poggio, for the Benefit of the Air. A Muscovite Nobleman, who came hither lately with Letters to the Grand Duke from his Czarish Majesty, has, since his Arrival, been receiv'd with particular Honours in this Court, tho' he has only the Character of Captain of the Guards, and Gentleman of the Bed-chamber to the Czar his Master. We hear his Business is to propose the settling a Trade between the Subjects of both Princes; but we have not yet learn'd in what manner his Proposal has been receiv'd. The Fourteenth Instant being the Great Duke's Birth-day, Mr. Moleworth, the Queen of Great-Britain's Envoy Extraordinary, was admitted to an Audience on that Occasion. They write from Milan, that the Baron de Martini, Commissary-General for the House of Austria, in Italy, has demanded Thirty thousand Crowns of that State, for the Service of the Army under the Command of his Royal Highness the Duke of Savoy; who having lately been indispos'd, is at present at St. Maurice, being recommended by his Physicians to the Waters of that Place; which have agreed so well with him, that 'tis thought he will return in a short time to the Camp at Les Marches. It is expected that the Army will break up from thence soon after, in order to repass the Mountains, before the Fall of the Snow makes their Return into Piedmont something difficult. We have Letters from Barcelona, importing, that the Army of the Allies is divided into Three Bodies; one of which is order'd to march towards Gironne, and the other Two are encamp'd between Igualada and Montblanc, the Head Quarters being at Sancta Coloma.

Berlin, Sept. 5. N. S. The Princess-Royal, who is big with Child, having been somewhat Indisposed, the King came to Town on Thursday last to visit her, and return'd in the Evening to Charlottenburg. Monsieur Henning, who was appointed by his Majesty to assist as Second Plenipotentiary at the Election of an Emperor at Frankfort, died lately at that Place, and the King has Nam'd Monsieur Metternich to succeed him in that Employment, he being a Person thoroughly acquainted with the Laws and Constitutions of the Empire; and Orders are sent to him at Vienna, where he is at present, to repair immediately from thence to Frankfort. Monsieur Manteuffel came hither on Thursday last, being order'd to reside here as Envoy from the King of Poland; and Monsieur Westphal, who is that Prince's Resident, is to set out on Monday next for the Saxon Army in Pomerania.

From the Camp before Bouchain, Sept. 10. N. S. Several Detachments of our Troops, that were sent out Yesterday towards Valenciennes, Conde and Quesnoy, to take a View of the Forage about those Places, are return'd to the Camp, and the Officers who commanded them, bring an Account, that the Enemy have burnt all the Corn and Hay the Peasants could not carry into the Towns, which they are in hopes to secure, by rendring it impracticable

for us to subsist in those Parts. The Troops they employ'd to see the Forage destroy'd, have likewise plunder'd Bavay, and several other Places between the Schelde and the Sambre.

Hague, Sept. 11. N. S. On Wednesday last in the Evening the Earl of Peterborough went from hence in a Yacht, belonging to the King of Prussia, and proposeth to proceed without any delay to Francfort; from whence they write of the Sixth Instant, that most of the important Articles of the Capitulation were already adjusted, and it was hop'd the rest would be settled in a few Days. The Plenipotentiaries of Bohemia press earnestly for the speedy Election of an Emperor, to facilitate which, they have receiv'd Orders from the Empress Regent at Vienna, to wave their Pretensions to the Upper-Hand, which they before demanded of the Ministers assisting in behalf of the other Electors. We are in hopes every Day to receive an Account of the Reduction of Bouchain, which, according to General Fagel's Letters to the States, was expected to Capitulate this Day or to Morrow, that General having signify'd to the Garrison, that after that time, all Offers of a Capitulation will be rejected. Our Letters of the Twenty-ninth of the last Month from Vienna, give us a full Account of the late Action between the Turks and Muscovites, and the Peace that ensu'd thereupon. The Day before those Letters were date'd, a Courier arriv'd there from the Imperial Resident at Constantinople, with Letters dated the Fifth of the same Month, importing, that the Grand Signior had on the Third receiv'd the following Particulars by an Expres from the Army; That upon Intelligence, that the Tartars had cut off the Communication of the Muscovites with their Magazines, by which means they were reduc'd to the greatest Extremity, the Grand Visir march'd on the Nineteenth of July, to attack them in their Intrenchments on the River Pruth. The Muscovites defended themselves that, and the succeeding Day with great Obstinacy, in so much, that the Turks were repuls'd in Four several Attacks with a considerable Loss; but on the Twenty-first, when they begun to renew the Assault, the Muscovites were oblig'd to demand a Peace, which was soon after concluded on Terms very advantageous to the Turks; who thereby oblige the Czar to deliver up Asoph in the Condition it was in when taken; to demolish the Fortresses on the Black Sea; to recal his Forces out of Poland, and no more intermeddle in the Affairs of that Kingdom; to release all the Turks that have been made Slaves by the Muscovites; to grant the King of Sweden a free Passage into his own Dominions, and never, for the future, to send a Minister to Constantinople, where only the Merchants of Muscovy shall be allow'd to negotiate their own Affairs. This is the Substance of those Articles, which however beneficial to the Turks, yet we are assur'd the Grand Visir has been Cenjur'd at the Port, for not insisting on larger Concessions, and obtaining more favourable Conditions in behalf of the King of Sweden.

Dublin, Aug. 28. We have receiv'd a Letter from Captain Wade, Commander of Her Majesty's