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Florence, Octob. 13. N. S.

Yesterday Prince Gaston set out from hence, being appointed by the Grand Duke of Tuscany to compliment the King of Spain upon his Arrival at Milan; where, his Majesty will be met by the Counts Paar, Rudolph, Sinzendorf, and Wratilaw, from Vienna; and by the Ambassadors of several Italian Princes, and States. The Duke of Savoy proposeth to have an Interview with the King at a Place call'd La Cava, on the Road to Milan: But as his Royal Highness is attended by no more than six of his Domesticks, he has declar'd the Marquis de Caraille, who is Governour of Turin, to be his Ambassador Extraordinary, and to make his Compliments in Form: The Duke d' Uzeda, a Grandee of Spain, has publicly declar'd for his Majesty; and immediately after his Landing, went in a splendid Equipage to assure the King of his Fidelity. It is believ'd here, that we shall soon hear of some Action in Catalonia; where the Armies are so near, that it is scarce possible for 'em to part without an Engagement.

Berne, Oct. 21. N. S. We have Letters, dated the Seventeenth Instant, from Milan, advising, That the King of Spain arriv'd there the Thirteenth at Night; and, that he had been Complimented on the Road by his Royal Highness the Duke of Savoy. On the Sixteenth, the King receiv'd the agreeable News of his being Elected to the Imperial Dignity, for which Reason it is believ'd his Majesty will not make any long Stay at Milan, but proceed directly to Frankfort. The two Venetian Ambassadors appointed by the Senate to Congratulate his Majesty, and acknowledge him for King of Spain, were not arriv'd at Milan when these Letters came away, but were every Day expected. Letters of the Second, from Barcelona, advise, That the Armies in Catalonia were within half a Cannon-shot of each other at Lalbareda; and, that though the Enemy are much superior in Number, and the Allies are not entrench'd, they seem in no Disposition to attack them.

Hamburg, Octob. 23. N. S. We are assur'd by our last Letters from Copenhagen, that the Sick-ness is much abated at that Place, where there did not die the last Week above Three hundred and sixty Persons. They write from the Camp before Stralsund, that the Suedes had receiv'd on the Fourteenth a Supply of Ammunition, Salt, and other Necessaries; and, that on the Seventeenth they made a Sally out of Stralsund, with an Intent to destroy the Boats provided by the Muscovites for their Descent into the Isle of Rugen; but, that they found those Boats so well secur'd by means of several Redoubts rais'd by the Allies, that they were forced to retire without putting their De-

sign in execution. In their first Onset they carry'd one of the Redoubts, where they destroy'd several of the Enemy, and nail'd up two small Pieces of Cannon, but abandon'd it with much Precipitation upon the Approach of a Body of Muscovites under the Command of Prince Dolhoruki, who, upon the first Alarm, was marching to attack them. On the Sixteenth an Officer arriv'd in the Danish Camp, being sent Express from Norway with Advice, that the King of Denmark's Forces, Commanded by the Baron de Leuwendal, consisting of no more than Six thousand Men, were retir'd from the Neighbourhood of Bahus in Sueden upon the Approach of a Body of Suedes amounting to Five thousand Horse and Nine thousand Foot under the Command of Lieutenant-General Buhrenschild. The Danes are said to have retreated in so good Order, that the Suedes, notwithstanding the superiority of their Numbers, never thought fit to attack 'em, but suffer'd 'em to retire to the Frontiers of Norway, where they are so advantageously posted, as to be able to cover that Country from any Invasion from the Enemy. This Account is in some Particulars contradicted by the Suedes, who say the Danes were put to a disorderly Flight, wherein they lost the greatest part of their Cannon and Baggage.

Camp at Marchienne, Oct. 24. N. S. On Friday the Twenty third Instant his Grace the Duke of Marlborough went to visit the Fortifications of Bouchain, and having found them in a good Condition, order'd the three Battalions, appointed for the Garrison of that Place, to March in; and the Detachments that were there, belonging to the several Regiments that made the Siege, to join the respective Bodies to which they belong'd. The same Day Monsieur Albergotti, with the Troops encamp'd near Wavrechin under his Command, pass'd the Senet, and having join'd the Marechal de Villars, they are since march'd, and have separated the Army, in order to put them into Winter Quarters. Our Army will likewise do the same to Morrow. His Grace the Duke of Marlborough will go to Tournay the same Night, and proceed from thence to Holland, as soon as he has given the necessary Orders to the Commanders of the Troops on the Frontiers, for their Directions during the Winter.

Brussels, Oct. 29. N. S. The French Army under the Command of Marechal Villars separated on the 25th Instant; whereupon that of the Allies began to march to their respective Winter Quarters on the Twenty seventh, and the Duke of Marlborough went the same Night to Tournay, where he will continue till he has given the necessary Directions for the Quartering of the Forces; after which his Grace proposeth to proceed by Antwerp and Ghent to Holland. By Letters of the Tenth from Cervera we are advis'd, that the two Armies in Catalonia remain'd