

cons on his way to receive the punishment of his Heretic at Rome, which he has several times endeavour'd to avoid by poison, but has been prevented by the carefulness of his Guard.

Marseilles, August 5. We have had a Rumor here from Spain which is now confirmed, that seven Argier men of War, which came out whilst Sir *Jho. Allen* was at *Port Mahun*, met off *Cape de Gact*, with two English men of War, supposed to be the *Advice* and *Guernsey* Fregats, with the *Alie* and *Frances*, and some other Merchant ships under their Convoy from England, with whom they maintained a Fight for two dayes, till both the Commanders of the men of War were killed; and afterwards disputed it so stoutly, that the Argierines were forced to quit them and retire; of which we daily expect the Particulars. The Commanders of the aforesaid Fregats were Captain *Allington*, and Captain *Touaz*, who both of them gave great proofs of their Valor in this Encounter.

Hambourg, August 8. The differences are not yet adjousted between the Elector of *Brandenbourg* and Dukes of *Lunenbourg*, about their pretensions to *Regenstein*, but tis hoped may be suddenly determined by the Commissioners employed in that affair.

From *Copenhagen* we are told of the arrival there of the *Sieur Gabel*, Envoye from his most Christian Majesty. The *Her de Wit*, Ambaador from the States of the *United Provinces*, embarked himself the 11th instant upon a Yacht the King of *Denmark* was pleased to order to wait on him for his transportation to *Dantzick*, on his way for *Poland*, a Fluite also attending him with his Baggage.

Brussels, Aug. 9. His Excellency the Count de *Montercy* intends suddenly to begin a Progress to visit all the principal Garrisons under his Government, about which time the Commissioners are expected here to put in execution the Reformation of the Infantry, that of the Horse being already well advanced.

Here lately arrived an Express from *Paris* with the news of the arrival there of the Constable of *Castille*, who was fallen into a great distemper, not without much danger, whereupon *Don Francisco de Velasco* his Son, went away immediately by Post to visit him.

Paris, Aug. 20. Letters of the 30th past from *Aubenas* give us this account of the actions of his Majesties forces against the Rebels of *Vivarez*, that on the 25th those of his Majesties forces which were encamped near *Viviers*, marched to *Villedieu*, where the Count de *Rouvre* having by his spies got intelligence that the Rebels were drawn up in Battalia in the Plain near *Aubenas* to the number of about 4000 men; immediately Order was given to march towards them; the Officers from an adjacent Hill observing their Order, presently resolved to engage them, which was put into execution, and a party of Sixty commanded Musqueteers sent before to begin the fray; with these the Rebels began to exchange some shot, but finding the body of the Army to march up to charge them, they gave only one Volley, and then fled with all speed to the Mountains, whither they were pursued by the Count de *Rouvre*, the *Sieur Le Bret*, the Prince d' *Harcourt*, the Count de *Brancais*, Marquis de *Varades*, and many Volunteers, who followed them amongst the Rocks, and in that days conflict, killed 140 of the Rebels, and took 80 prisoners.

That evening the Army lodged in the field where the Rebels were drawn up, and the next day marched into *Aubenas*: since this defeat, the Rebels begin every where to lay down their Arms, submit-

ting to their Governours, and relying upon the Kings Mercy; and the Gentlemen who were driven away from their habitations are again returned to their houses.

Paris, Aug. 13. We have daily confirmation of the defeat of the Rebels of *Vivarez*, though with some difference in the number of the slain and prisoners, which are said to be more then at first reported: they tell us of 200 killed and 400 taken, the whole number of the Rebels thought to be about 6 or 7000; the Kings forces consisted of 3000 Foot, and 1500 Horse, who are in daily pursuit of the Rebels amongst the Mountains and Fastnesses, where they sometimes meet with opposition, and have lost some men; but the Rebels despairing of success, have employd divers of their Curats to mediate for their pardon. *De Roure* their Leader is escap'd, but 100 Pistols are offerd for his head.

The Church of *Nostre Dame*, defiled by the Assassinate committed on the Priest, by *Francis Sarazin*, (whose former distraction could not preserve him from the fire to which he was condemned,) having been for some days shut up, was opened again on Tuesday and new consecrated, with solemn Processions made thither from the several Parishes. This day a solemn Funeral service is to be there performed for the Duke de *Beaufort*, and on the Monday following, the like service to be at *St Denis* for Madam, lately deceased.

On Monday last in the evening arrived here his Grace the Duke of *Buckingham*, who lodged at his Excellencies Mr. *Montagues* house, and is this day going to *St Germain*s to his Audience.

On Sunday last his most Christian Majesty had a review of his forces at the Fort *Sebastien*, where arrived Six Regiments of fresh Foot, and Two Regiments of Horse to relieve as many of the Army as have been there encamped.

Chester, August 3. The *Scipio* of *London* laden with Lead is cleared out for *Venice*, and may sail with the next Tyde for *Plymouth*, to pass thence under Convoy to the *Streights*.

From *Dublin* we are informed that His Excellency the Lord Lieutenent having taken a View of the Army at their Rendezvous at the *Curragh* of *Kildare*, is returned from thence to *Dublin*, finding the forces of that Kingdom in an excellent Posture and Equipage, which are since by his Orders, distributed againe to their several Quarters.

Advertisements.

These are to give notice, that the Lords Commissioners of His Majesties Treasury have appointed Munday the one and thirtieth day of October next, at three a Clock in the afternoon, at the Treasury Chambers in Whitehal, to receive Propositions for Farming His Majesties Revenue of Excise; and have likewise appointed Munday, the seventh day of November next, at three of the clock in the afternoon at the same place, to receive Propositions for farming His Majesties Customs; and also the new Impositions laid upon Wines, by Act of this Session of Parliament. Whereof all persons who have a desire to be concerned in any of the said Farms, may take notice and bring in their Propositions accordingly.

The Officers of the Receipt of His Majesties Exchequer, are come to the payment of the 1459. Order, Registered on the Eleven Months Tax, and will proceed to the payment of the subsequent Orders to that Number, as the Money shall be brought into the Exchequer.