

The London Gazette.

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From **Tuesday** November 18. to **Saturday** November 21. 1712.

By the **QUEEN**,

A PROCLAMATION;

ANNE R.

WHereas our Parliament stands Prorogued to Tuesday the Thirteenth Day of January next, We, with the Advice of Our Privy-Council, Publish and Declare Our Pleasure, That the said Parliament shall, on the said Thirteenth Day of January next, be Held and Sio for the Dispatch of divers Weighty and Important Affairs. And the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens and Burgesses, and Commissioners for Shires and Burghs of the House of Commons, are hereby Required and Commanded to give their Attendance accordingly at Westminster the said Thirteenth Day of January next.

Given at Our Court at Windsor the 16th Day of November, 1712. in the Eleventh Year of Our Reign.

God save the **QUEEN**.

The following Address from the Borough of Sterling being transmitted by Sir Hugh Paterson, Representative for the County of Sterling, was presented to Her Majesty by the Right Hon. the Viscount of Killisb, and introduced by the Lord High Treasurer.

To the **QUEEN**'s most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Burgesses, Freemen, and other considerable Inhabitants within Your Majesty's antient and loyal Borough of Sterling.

May it please Your Majesty,

OUR Fore-Fathers, who had the Happiness and Honour of dwelling near the Sacred Persons of Your Royal Ancestors, who for several Ages kept their Court in Your Royal Palace and Castle of Sterling, having transmitted to us the firm Principles of Loyalty to the most Illustrious, Antient and Sacred Race of Stuarts, the unquestionable Heirs to the Imperial Crown of Great Britain: We therefore beg leave at this time, with Hearts full of Gratitude and Joy, to express our Zeal and Affection to Your Majesty, sincerely blessing God for raising Your Majesty to be a glorious Instrument of settling the Church and Monarchy, that the Truths of Christianity, with the undoubted Priesthood, may be continued, and the hereditary Succession may be for ever preserved in the Empire of Great Britain:

Madam,

We are fully convinced, That the Power of Peace and War is, and always was, the inseparable Prerogative of the Crown; and therefore we cannot sufficiently admire Your Majesty's great Condescension, in laying before Your High Court of Parliament, the Terms upon which an honourable Peace may be had. We hope that God shall bless Your Royal Endeavours, notwithstanding the Opposition of a Factions Party at Home, in conjunction with ungrateful Powers Abroad, that Britain may be delivered from a bloody and expensive War, that Your Subjects may with Joy and Thankfulness expect to reap the Benefits of a firm and lasting Peace, procured by Your Majesty's great Wisdom, to Your immortal Honour and Glory, and to the Welfare and Prosperity of all Your dutiful Subjects.

We likewise with most grateful Acknowledgments, tender Your Majesty hearty Thanks, for granting a Toleration to all Your Subjects of the Episcopal

Communion, and more especially for allowing the Sons of the Church to officiate to us by the most Divine Worship of the Church of England, in the bearing of which from our faithful Pastor, we are further edify'd in the Knowledge of our Holy Faith, and taught to understand and believe the Primitive Doctrine, and Apostolick Government of the Church. These most desirable Blessings which we enjoy under Your Majesty's happy Government, do highly oblige us to pray, That Your Majesty may be still blessed with such a wise Ministry, a faithful Council, a loyal Senate, and victorious Army; that Your Royal Person may on Earth have a long Life and a glorious Reign, and hereafter an immortal Crown of Glory in Heaven.

Which Address Her Majesty receiv'd very graciously.

Florence, November 8. N. S. The Great Duke hath lately disposed of several Governements in this State, which became vacant by the Expiration of the Term allotted to those who were before in Possession of them. Monsignor Archinto, late Nuntio here, is returned from Milan, having obtained leave from the Pope to spend the Winter in this Place; and in the beginning of the Year he is to set out for Coning where he is appointed to Officiate. The Electoral Prince of Saxony is expected here very soon. It is reported, that a Body of Germans are to be Quarter'd in this Territory, in the same manner they were last Winter.

Copenhagen, November 12. N. S. Monsieur Vireck is gone from hence towards Norway, being appointed Vice Stadholder of that Kingdom. Before he went away, his Majesty ordered him to take care that no Wrong should be done to the British Traders in those Parts. The King of Sweden having assigned his Office of Director of the Circle of Lower Saxony to the King of Prussia, his Danish Majesty hath received a Letter from that Prince, desiring that all the Acts and Records found at Staden, concerning the said Office of Director, may be delivered over to him. The King of Denmark hath replied in positive Terms, that he will not comply with this Demand. The same Answer will be given to the Duke of Wolfenbuttel, who hath also sent a Letter to the like purpose. Monsieur Holst, Gentleman of the Bedchamber to the Princess Royal, is gone to Swerin, to Negotiate a Treaty with that Duke, for the Substantance of Four thousand Danish Horse in his Country at the King's Expence during this Winter, and in case he will agree to this Request, his Majesty will pay him the Sum due for the Provisions and Forage furnished for the use of his Troops the last Campaign, as well as that before, which amounts to One hundred thousand Crowns. We have received advice, that the Swedes have forced the Passage of Damgaard, and are entered into the Country of Mecklenburg with a Body of Fifteen thousand Men, half of which are Cavalry.

Hanover, November 15. N. S. Letters from Pomerania bring an Account, that the Swedes are entered into Mecklenburg, and have advanced as far as Wismar. The Saxon Troops that guarded the Passages were obliged to retire, after having made some resistance. General Steinbock hath published a Manifesto, setting forth, that he was obliged to make that Expedition, in order to drive away the Enemies of his King; that he would cause exact Discipline to be observed, but as the Danes had been so long furnish'd with Provisions in that Country, he expected also to have his Troops subsisted there. King Augustus hath dispatched several Expresses to the King of Denmark, to desire he will send some Forces to oppose the Swedes; but his Danish Majesty hath not yet thought proper to comply with this Request.

Berlin, Nov 19. N. S. The Prince of Anhalt arrived here last Monday. He sent one of his Aids de Camp before him to acquaint his Majesty, that he had surpriz'd the Dutch Garrison of Meurs, and taken Possession of that Place. The Success of this Enterprize hath occasioned great Joy at Court, and a Manifesto was immediately ordered to be published in justification of it. Count Schonborn, President of the Imperial Commission at Hamburg, arrived here two Days ago. He has been with the Elector of Hanover at Gohre, and the Duke of Mecklenburg at Grabe: And it is said, he is to concert Measures with the Princes of the Circles of Lower Saxony, for restoring Tranquility in those Parts.