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St. James's, January 27.

PET following Addies from the Royal Burgh of Perth, was presented to Her, Majesty by the Right Hon. the Lord Viscount Duplin, being introduced by the Lord High Treasurer.

To the QUEEN's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Ancient Inhabitants and Chief Burghers of the Royal Burgh of Perth, in that part of Great Britain called Scotland.

May it please Your Majesty,

I A D our humble Acknowledgments been as early as the
Scnse we had of your tender regard for the Welfare of
your People, this had been the first Address to your Majesty, and did we not speak from the sincerity of our Hearts,
we might be justly look'd on, to our Shame, as degenerate
from the steedy Loyalty which eminently distinguish'd our Predecessars.

Predecessors.

It is with all Submission we beg leave to inform your Majesty, that ever since Almighty God, who alone can dispose of Kingdoms, put the Reins of Government into the Hends of your Royal Ancestors, the ancient Inhabitants of this City, have shewn a constant Loyalty, and firm Adherence to the Royal Line, now in the Ancient and Illustrious Family of S T U A R T, from whose Bounty and Indulgence we enjoy a great many valuable Priviledges; and as a Mark of the Considence reposed in them for their Fidelity to the Church and State, they were frequently honoured with the Church and State, they were frequently honoured with the benefit of the Royal Residence. And for an Instance of the Loyalty of our Foresathers, they held Majesty so Sacred among them, that the Execrable Murderers of King James the First of Scotland, were pursu'd by them, and put to Death with exquisite Tortures, tho not suitable to the Horror of their Villainy.

They gave also many uncontested Proofs, that their differing from the Sovereign, in matters of Religion, gave them not the least Allowance for stretching forth their Hand against the Lord's Anointed.

It is from the Example of the Holy Testa, when he rebuk'd St. Peter for drawing his Sword, tho' in the most vandicable Quarrel can be imagin'd, and the just Imitation of our Predecessors we have learn'd, and thro' the Grace of God, we'll ever retain the true and folid Principle of Passive Obedience and Non-Resistance, without which the

Pative Obedience and Non-Kentrance, washing Peace of any Government is certainly precarious.

No wonder then if Men of our unfhaken Loyalty, behold

The state of the control of the contr with Joy, and with Graticude acknowledge your Majesty's most excellent Judgment and Prudence in the Choice of your Ministry, whose Resolution, Candor and Experience is a Terror to those Hellish Emissaries, whose Spirits can never be at rest, but with the downfall of the Crown and

The bleffed Effects of your Government, are not only The bieffed Effects of your Government, are not only shed Abroad thro' your own Dominions, but all Europe must quickly taste the happy Fruits of your Instuence. The Ballance of Power establish'd, Religion shourishing, and Trade encreasing, are Bleisings scarcely to be enjoy'd with Satisfaction, but when contending Nations are reduced to Peace and Concord; this your Majesty's wonderful Conduct, by the Grace of God, is like to finish to your own immortal Colors and the Color of the Process. Glory, and the great Honour and Interest of the British Nation.

Madam

The World is convinced how necessary your Majesty's Prefervation is for the Benefit of Mankind. We must therefore implore the God of Heaven to continue you long for a Biessing to these Nations; and when you have effected the great and glorious Things for which the Almighty hath appointed you to govern, and fixed Church and Monarchy to as the Gates of Hell shall not prevail against them. appointed you to govern, and insert Chileri and Moharchy
fo as the Gates of Hell shall not prevail against them, may
your Royal Diadem peaceably tall upon their Head, who
by the Laws of God and the Nation have Right to inherit
it. This is the humble Prayer and earnest Wish of, Madam,
may it please your Majesty, your Majesty's most dutiful Subjects and most humble Servants.

Which Address Her Majesty received very graciously.

the Streights Mouth, as the Lord Forbes likewise did for the Mand of Minorca, with the British Men of War under their Command. Yesterday the Dutch Fleet came in here from Holland.

Hanover, Jan. 27. N. S. The Secretary of Monsieur Fabrice, Envoy from his Electoral Highness to the Czar, arorice, Envoy from his Electoral Highness to the Czar, arrived here fome Days ago with an Account, that his Majesty is resolved to leave the Confederate Army in Holstein, in order to go to some other Place, where his Presence is thought more necessary, and that he intends to pass by this Town for fear of falling into the Hands of some Parties of the Garrisons of Wismar or Stetin. He was immediately the Garrifons of Wismar or Stetin. He was immediately sent back with Orders for Monsieur Fabrice to affure the Czar that he shall be very well received, and a Guard is ordered to be in readiness to attend him from Harbourg hither, but the time of his arrival is still uncertain. We are assured that the reason of his going from the Army is, the advantageous manner in which the Swedes are posted, that renders it impossible to attack them, and having Jutland behind them, they will be able to draw Subsistance from thence for a long time. It is judged from this, that the Czar's design is to hinder them from joining their King, who is preparing to enter Poland. It is said the Confederate Forces will be commanded by Prince Menzikossi in his Absence. The King of Denmark continues still at Frederia near Kolding, without being able to save his Country from the Devastations of both Armies. The Princess of Muscovy is returned with a small Attendance from Elbing, to Prince Lewis of Wolsenbuttel, her Father, at Brunswick. to Prince Lewis of Wolfenbuttel, her Father, at Brunswick.

Bruffels, January 30. N. S. The States of Brabant have directed Count Maldeghem, and the Burgermaster of Lou-

directed Count Maldegnern, and the Surgermaner of Louvain, two of the Deputies fent some time ago into Holland, to return hither. We are assured from Mechlin, that the Danish Troops which were in Hor Majesty's Pay, have received Orders from the King their Master to return into his Dominions; and that they are now making Preparations for their March that way, notwithstanding that the States-General, by their Minister at Copenhagen, have sollicited very pressingly for their continuance in these Parts. It is slikewise to return into Denmark. A few Days ago fix Squadrons of those Forces, which have their Winter Quarters in Denderstond, plunder'd the Market of that Place, which Disorder they excuse by their want of Pay.

Utrecht, January 31. N. S. Some Days ago the Ministers of the Protestant Allies made a Representation to those of his Imperial Majesty, relating to the Interests of the Protestants in the Empire and the Hereditary Countries. Soon after Count Sinzendorf significal, that he was ready to return them an Answer on the part of the Emperor his Master. Whereupon a Meeting was held for that purpose on vain, two of the Deputies sent some time ago into Holland, to return hither. We are assured from Mechlin, that the

fter. Whereupon a Meeting was held for that purpose on the 25th, and the Count assured them that the Emperor the 25th, and the Count altured them that the Europeion did not intend to oppose the Abolition of the Clause added to the Fourth Article of the Treaty of Ryswick, which had been Remonstrated against, but that he will acquiesce in the Relief that shall be procured for the Protestants in a general Treaty of Peace. The next Day an Express came to the Ministers of the States-General, with a Copy of a Latter from the Ouen to their Masters, therefrom they Letter from the Queen to their Masters, whereupon they desired a Conference with Her Majesty's Plenipotentiaries, which was held accordingly at the Lord Privy Seal's House, and lasted several Hours. On the 29th in the Morning the and lafted feveral Hours. On the 29th in the Morning the fame Ministers sent to acquaint their Lordships, that having received some Dispatches of great Importance, they desired a Meeting with them, which was immediately granted. In the Evening rhey met again, and were together till three in the Morning, when Mr. Harrison, Secretary to the Embassy, was sent by their Lordships to London with a new Treaty for securing the Protestant Succession to the Crown of Great Britain, and settling a Barrier for the States-General in the Netherlands. Yesterday the Ministers of the Allies met in the Town-house, as usual, and afterwards those of the Emperor and France had their first Conference at the Lord Privy Scal's House, upon the Subject of evacuating Catalonia, and settling a Neutrality on the side of Italy. This Morning the Plenipocentiaries of the States were with those of Her Majesty, and acquainted them that they had been Yesterday at Mareschal d'Uxelles's House, where they made the Declaration demanded of them by the French, as a Satisfaction for the Misbehaviour of Count where they made the Declaration demanded of them by the Lisbon, January 27. N. S. His Majesty having been for fome time a little indisposed, was advised by his Physicians to remove to Salvaterra for the benefit of the Air. On the 23d Instant Sir Nicholas Trevanian set sail from hence for long interrupted the general Meetings, is now happily ended.