

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Saturday February 7. to Tuesday February 10. 1712.

St. James's, February 31.

THE following Address being transmitted from Ireland by their Excellencies the Lords Justices of that Kingdom, was presented to Her Majesty by the Rt. Hon. the Earl of Dartmouth, One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

The humble Address of the Recorder, Senior Aldermen, Burgesses, Freemen, and other Loyal Inhabitants of the Town and Corporation of *Dougal*, in the Kingdom of Ireland.

Which Address Her Majesty received very graciously.

Venice, January 27. N. S. The Magistrates of Health take great Care to hinder all Commerce with the Countries that are supposed to be infected with contagious Distempers. We have had several violent Storms here of late, by which eight small Vessels have been cast away, and the Men all drowned. They write from Rome, that the Pope was so well recovered of his late Indisposition, that he went to officiate at St. Peter's Church on the Festival of the Chair of that Saint. It is said, he will hold a Consistory very soon, in order to name the Cardinals in Pector. Great numbers of People die in that City, of an Epidemical Disease which the Physicians ascribe chiefly to the Inconstancy of the Weather. The Marquis de Prie, Ambassador from his Imperial Majesty, hath had an Audience of the Pope, who afterwards gave one to his own Ministers. Letters from Naples bring an Account, that the Viceroy had laid great Duties upon several Commodities that till then had been free from any Impositions, and was likewise using all other means to raise Money, pursuant to Instructions he had received to that purpose from the Court of Vienna. Upon notice of some Tumults lately raised in Sardinia, it hath been resolved to send a Body of Troops from Naples into that Island.

Vienna, January 28. N. S. Frequent Councils are held at Court upon the Affairs of Turkey, the North and Flanders. The Abbot of Keimpton, by two Deputies, hath received the Investiture of his Imperial Majesty, of the Fiefs and Dignities which he possesses in the Empire, and at the same time he was declared President of the Aulick Council. On the fifteenth the Archbishop of Prague, Chancellor of that University, and Primate of Bohemia, took the Oath of Allegiance for those Employments. Count Charles of Waldstein, Counsellor of State, and Knight of the Golden Fleece, died some Days ago. He had been formerly Great Chamberlain to the Emperor Joseph. Tho' we have as yet had no reason to apprehend any Infectious Distemper here, the Court hath appointed three Days of Fasting and Prayer to be strictly observed by all Persons whatever, for averting the Plague from this Country. Count Welzeck, Envoy Extraordinary from his Imperial Majesty to the Czar, is arriv'd here, and hath given the Emperor an Account of the Success of his Negotiations. We hear from Passau, that Count Raymond Ferdinand de Rabatta is elected Bishop of that Plate, in the room of Cardinal Lamberg, lately deceased. They write from Temiswar, that the King of Sweden is upon his March to

enter Poland; which is confirmed by Letters from Transylvania, with this Addition, that the Army he leads consists of Sixty thousand Men.

Copenhagen, January 28. N. S. Admiral Guldenhieu hath received Orders from the King of Denmark to send a Squadron of Ships towards Norway, as soon as they can be got ready, as well to convoy the Forces which his Majesty expects from that Kingdom, as also to prevent a Transportation, which it is supposed the Swedes intend to make from Gottorburg, to Jutland. The Commandant of this Town hath sent a Lieutenant of Artillery to Korser, a small Fortified Place at the extremity of our Island, towards the Passage of the great Belt from Funin. All the Families in this City are ordered to lay in a Stock of Provisions for a considerable time, upon pain of being severely punished. The Seamen have lately assembled here in great Numbers, demanding their Arrears in a very disorderly and insolent manner, but they have since received three Months Pay, which hath quieted them for the present. We are inform'd by Letters which came in this Morning from Fredericia, that the King was gone from thence to Rendesburg, where he was to have an Interview with the Czar. The same Letters bring an Account, that the Swedish Army was encamped between Husum and Fredericksstadt; that they had recalled all their Parties, and were preparing to strengthen their Camp in case of an Attack. The Confederate Forces were about three Leagues distant from them, and the Czar was desirous to have his Head Quarters at Sleswick, which the Court of Gottorp was resolv'd to hinder if possible.

Dresden, January 31. N. S. The King our Elector is expected here within three Weeks from Poland. It is said he intends to raise some new Regiments as soon as he is returned. Letters from Warsaw bring an Account, that on the 14th there had been a very warm Debate in the Senate, upon the Sentence that is to be given against King Stanislaus, and his Adherents. The Chamber of the Nuntia or Deputies, sat upon that Matter till past twelve of the Clock at Night, and then they join'd the Senate, where it was agreed by both Houses to grant the Malecontents six Months longer to come in, and submit to the Government; but that all Hopes of any further delay should be cut off by pronouncing Judgment against them at the expiration of the six Months. On the 15th the Diet was adjourn'd for a Fortnight, and it is thought they will not sit long after their next Meeting; nor come to any Resolutions of Consequence. The King hath nam'd Commissioners who are to endeavour to make up the Differences that have been for some time between the Clergy of Poland, and the Generals of the Army, upon account of Contributions which Church-Lands have of late been made liable to. Commissioners are also appointed to examine into the Great Treasurer's Accounts. The Court hath received a Confirmation of the News they had before, That the Grand Signior hath declared War against the Czar, for which he is making great Preparations, and hath sent a Circular Order to all the Vizirs, Bachas, and Officers of the Ottoman Empire, to be ready to march with the Troops under their Command, and to assemble at Adrianople on the 21st Day of next March.