

# The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Tuesday September 22 to Saturday September 26. 1713.

*Madrid, September 11. N. S.*

**W**E have received Advice from the Camp before Barcelona, that the Catalans had begun to build another Fort at the Foot of Montjoue, and to raise a Battery there, which would have very much annoy'd the King's Army, but the Duke de Popoli sent a Body of Infantry to attack the Place, and after a long resistance they made themselves Masters of it, and raz'd all the Works thereabouts. Monsieur Bracamonte, who was set with a Detachment of Three thousand Men in pursuit of General Nebot, overtook and got the better of him in two Encounters, after which the Inhabitants of Vick and the Plains made their Submission to his Majesty, and desired some Troops to protect them from the Insults of the Enemy, which has been granted them. Some Days ago three of the King's Gallies attack'd two Catalan Ships, one of Twenty four, and the other of Eighteen Guns, and after a sharp Fight took them both. They have likewise burnt above Forty small Boats that were carrying Provisions into Barcelona.

*Turin, September 16. N. S.* The Duke has been indisposed for some Days, which has obliged him to put off his Journey to Alexandria. The Marquis de Courtaunce is returned from Sicily, with an Account, that the Vice-Roy had received Orders to put his Royal Highness into Possession of that Kingdom, and Deputies from their Nobility and Senate are expected very soon at this Court. A Gentleman is arrived here from Admiral Jennings, in order to settle the Embarkation, and it is agreed that the Duke's whole Train, consisting of Four hundred and fifty Persons, shall go on Board the Men of War. His Royal Highness has appointed the 27th for his departure, and the Government is to be committed to the Prince of Piedmont during his absence. Mr. Chetwynd, Her Majesty's Envoy at this Court, had his Audience of Leave some Days ago, and is gone to Paris, in his way to Great Britain. Yesterday the Marquis de Doria arrived here in Quality of Envoy Extraordinary from the Republick of Genoa.

*Frankfort, September 23. N. S.* The greatest part of the French Army having passed the Rhine at Strasburg and Brisac, on the 20th Marechal Villars attack'd and forc'd the Imperial Lines on the Black Forest, where the Franconian Regiment of Jaxheim suffered very much. Of twelve Battalions that attempted to get into Fribourg, the two last were so broken, that few of them could get into the Place. General Vaubonne, who commanded in the Lines, perceiving the Strength of his Enemies, thought proper to retire to Hohen-Graven. Prince Eugene has sent a Detachment of ten Battalions, four Regiments of Imperial Horse, and two of Hussars, to sustain that General. It is now thought the French design to make an Attempt upon Villengen, in which case they must be obliged to send a great way for Forage, and will

find it very difficult to subsist there. A contagious Distemper is lately broke out in Bavaria and the Upper Palatinate, upon which the Most Christian King has forbid all Correspondence between Stralbourg and the rest of the Empire.

*Hamburg, Sept. 26. N. S.* The Contagious Distemper increases very much in this City, notwithstanding the great Diligence that is us'd by the Magistrates of Health to prevent it from spreading. The Conferences between Baron Goertz and the Danish Ministers have been discontinued for some time, and we are assur'd the King of Denmark will not consent to raise the Blockade of Tonningen, till after the conclusion of a Treaty between him and the House of Gottorp. His Majesty still insists upon having Satisfaction made him for the Swedes being admitted into that Place, and proposes some other Conditions that the Administrator cannot grant, during the minority of the Duke. Since the Court of Mecklenbourg has refus'd the Muscovites Demands, they have committed great Disorders in that Country, and have carried away several of the principal Inhabitants to their Camp before Stetin. They have at last opened the Trenches before that Place, which was done with great Confusion. The Workmen were terrify'd with the Shot from the Town, and could hardly be brought back to finish what they had begun. On the other side, the Swedes imagining they had a Design to Storm the Town, posted the Garrison on the Counterscarp, and the Citizens on the Ramparts, but they not being train'd to Arms, fir'd on their own Men, and kill'd more of them than of the Enemy. The Czar was in great danger of being cast away by a Storm in his Passage to Finland: His Fleet was separated, some of the Ships split against the Rocks, and his Majesty was forced to save himself in a Shallop. The Swedish Fleet lies at Anchor at Alandstaf now Abo, in order to prevent any more of the Muscovite Troops from being transported into the Kingdom. The Czar has been advancing with his Army ever since the 14th of August, and the Swedes must either yeild up the Country, or hazard a Battle, which they seek all means to avoid, by reason of the superior Strength of their Enemies. The Imprisonment of King Stanislaus and the Palatin of Kiovia is confirm'd by Letters from Warsaw of the 16th; however, the Turks continued their March towards the Frontiers of Poland, and were but at three Leagues distance from Caminiec when the last Accounts came from thence.

*Hague, Sept. 30. N. S.* On the 27th the Earl of Strafford returned from Utrecht, and has since been frequently in Conference with the Great Pensionary and the Deputies of the States General. Their High Mightinesses have published a new Edict, forbidding any Person from coming into these Provinces from the Town of Hamburg upon Pain of Death. The Plenipotentiaries of the States are come hither from Gtrotcht, to receive the