

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Tuesday February 2 to Saturday February 6. 1713.

Stockholm, January 3. N. S.

THE States of the Kingdom assembled on the 28th past, in the Presence of the Prince's Regent, and the Young Duke of Holstein. Count Hoorn, President of the Court of Chancery, made a Speech, setting forth the Reasons that had induced the Prince's and the Senate to convene that Assembly. He told them what had been done in the last Meeting of the States, and exhorted them to Unanimity among themselves. Afterwards Monsieur Lionstedt, Counciller of the same Court, read Ten Proposals to them, consisting chiefly of the Necessity of Re-establishing the Finances, and of raising Money to defend themselves against their Enemies, as well by Sea as by Land. On the 29th each Body of the States nam'd Deputies to confer with the Prince's and Senate; which they did accordingly the next Day, after they had taken an Oath of Secresy. It is not known what Resolutions they have taken, only that they have agreed to raise an Army of Ten thousand Foot, and Two thousand Horse. This day General Leven set out with Dispatches for the King in Turkey. Count Wagtmeeſter, High Admiral of Sweden, was on the Road to this Place, in order to be present at the Assembly of the States, but his Coach overturn'd, and bruised him to such a degree, that he was not able to proceed on his Journey.

Warsaw, January 23. N. S. The Commissioners appointed by King Augustus to regulate the Quarters and Subsistence of the Saxon Troops, continue to remedy the Complaints of the Polish and Lithuanian Nobility. The Garrison of Pofmania has been reinforced, and the Saxons have carried Twenty four Pieces of the Cannon they made use of in Pomerania to that Place. The Palatin of Potoski has sent an Officer to the King, to desire leave to throw himself at his Majesty's Feet, and to implore his Pardon. We have received advice from Turkey, that the Ambassadors of Muscovy and Poland had follow'd the Grand Signior to Constantinople, and the latter was to have his Publick Audience on the 8th. The Port had not made any Answer to the Proposals of that Minister, but they were under so great Uneasiness at the Rebellion in Asia, that it was thought they would endeavour to maintain a good Correspondence with all the Neighbouring Princes. It was said the Grand Vizir was to go with a considerable Army to oppose the Bacha of Bagdad, and his Adherents.

Vienna, January 24. N. S. Some days ago there was a Report spread, that the Contagious Distemper was again broke out in this City, but it proves now to be altogether groundless, and we are entirely free from any Apprehensions of that kind. The States of Lower Austria that, during the time of the Infection, were Assembled at the House of Count Kenerviller, their President, meet again in

the Imperial Palace. The Emperor has appointed the Count d'Attalaya to be Vice-Roy of Sardinia: Several Generals are sent for to assist at a Great Council, which is to be held at Court after the arrival of Prince Eugene, who is expected here in a short time from Radstad. The Prince of Nieu-bourg's Regiment continued their March two days ago towards Hungary, and will be follow'd very soon by five more, together with some Hussars already arrived here from the Upper Rhine. An Express is come from Constantinople, with the King of Sweden's Resolution relating to the Congress at Brunswick, and to the Mediation offer'd by his Imperial Majesty for concluding a Peace in the North, but we don't yet know the Contents of that Prince's Answer. We have received advice from thence, that Aly Bacha, who commanded at the Siege of this Place, was removed from his Government of Adrianople, and committed to Prison; Issuf Bacha, formerly Grand Vizir, was Strangled in the Isle of Rhodes, and his Estate Confiscated. The Commissioners appointed by the Grand Signior to settle the Frontiers of Turkey and Muscovy, were upon their departure from Constantinople for that purpose.

Paris, February 10. N. S. On the 6th the Sieurs Buys and Gollinga, Ambassadors Extraordinary from the States General, had an Audience of the King at Versailles. Mareſchal Villars is expected here very soon from Radstad. They write from Madrid, that publick Prayers had been made in the Cathedral and other Churches, for the recovery of the Queen of Spain, whose Fever was very much abated. His Catholick Majesty had publish'd a Decree to confine the Jurisdiction of the Officers of the City, and to take away their Power of determining Law Suits. Advice was brought from Catalonia, that General Nebot was releas'd from his Imprisonment, and sent with the Command of a Regiment to the Isle of Majorca. The Marquis de Lede, Governor of Terragona, being informed that there was an Insurrection at Villa Franca de Panadelo, fomented by some of the Magistrates, sent a Detachment of his Garrison thither, under the Command of the Chevalier de Lede, who seiz'd and imprisoned three of the chief Promoters of the Sedition, by which means it was immediately quell'd. The People in some parts of the Plains of Vich being likewise risen in Rebellion, the Count de Fiennes was marching that way with a considerable Body of Troops. Letters from Valencia bring an account, that on the 12th past, the Spanish Squadrons design'd for the reduction of Barcelona, set Sail from Alicant, where it had been stop'd for some time by contrary Winds. It is said to consist of Twenty four Men of War, and a few Frigats are ordered to join it from the Western Ports of France. There are no Naval Preparations besides these, in other parts of this Kingdom, as had been reported.

Windsor.