

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From **Saturday** March 6. to **Tuesday** March 9. 1713.

Venice, February 23. N. S.

THE Magistrates of Health being inform'd that the Contagious Distemper was ceas'd in most Parts of Germany, have reduced the Quarentine to be performed by all Persons who come hither by Land to Twenty eight Days. The Duke de Matalona, the Prince de Sonnino, and several other Persons of Quality, who pass'd the Carnival at this Place, are gone to Vienna. We have receiv'd an account, that the Turks are making great Naval Preparations, whereupon the Senate hath order'd some Men of War and Gallies to be fitted out here, that they may be in a readines to oppose any Design against this Republick. They write from Rome, that on the 16th Instant the Marquis de Prie, went with a numerous Retinue to the Quirinale, where he desired the Pope, that his Imperial Majesty might have the Right of Presentation for one time, to all the vacant Benefices in the Empire, in the disposal of the See of Rome. The Pope receiv'd him sitting on his Throne, assisted by six Cardinals in their Ceremonial Habits, three of whom, Sacripanti, Paulucci, and Albani, were appointed by himself, and the other three Adda, Imperiali, and Colonna, were nam'd by the Emperor. The Credential Letters were presented and read, after which the Pope granted the Favour desired. Formerly this Request had been often made by the Emperors, but of late Years it has not been practis'd, and was never done till now, since the time of Urban the VIIIth and the Emperor Ferdinand.

Hamburgh, March 9. N. S. The Number of Persons that died last Week amounts to no more than Sixty seven. We have received Advice, that the Duke of Mecklenbourg has order'd his Subjects not to supply the Garrison of Wismar with any Provisions, but rather to expose themselves to Military Execution. The Czar hath writ a Letter to the King of Prussia, in which he thanks him for explaining himself upon the Affairs of Holstein, in some sort favourably to the Allies; but adds, that the two Letters he receiv'd from his Majesty were not express'd in so full a manner as to give an entire Security to the King of Denmark. For which reason he desires a formal Declaration from him in Writing, that he will make no Attempt against his Danish Majesty in favour of the Duke of Holstein.

The Form of a Declaration was join'd to this Letter, and the Czar order'd his Minister, as soon as the King of Prussia sign'd it, to deliver the Ratification of the Treaty of Statin. His Prussian Majesty hath sent an Answer to Count Golofkin, the Muscovite Ambassador at Berlin, without taking any notice of the Declaration he was desired to sign, but at the same time he assures the Czar, in very obliging Terms, that he will engage in no Undertaking to the Prejudice of the Allies: He hopes his Majesty will be satisfied with his Protestations, and intercede with the King of Denmark to restore Tonningen, at the Conclusion of a Peace, in the same Condition it was surrender'd to him, without Demolishing the Fortifications. Monsieur de Wedderkop is gone to Copenhagen, and has writ to the Duke-Administrator of Holstein, to desire he will perform his Promise, and make publick the Reasons why he was kept so long in Confinement. Count Dhona, Minister of his Prussian Majesty, is arrived at Vienna, and it is said has offer'd the Emperor Twenty Battalions, and as many Squadrons, of the King his Master's Troops, besides his Contingent, in case the War should continue with France. On the 15th past the Czar arrived at Riga, accompanied by the Great Admiral, Count Apraxin, and Monsieur Osterman, his private Secretary. Letters from Stockholm bring an account, that the States of Sweden had granted the King a Supply of Two Millions of Crowns. The Merchants of that City had undertaken to furnish the Sum necessary for fitting out a Squadron of Twelve Men of War for the defence of Findland. The Great Admiral had desir'd to be dismiss'd from his Employment; Lieutenant-General Burenfeld was to Command in Scania, and Lieutenant-General Morner on that side of the Kingdom towards Norway.

Hanover, March 9. N. S. We are informed from Brunswick, that the Duke of Wolfenbuttel's Indisposition is very much encreased, and the Physicians apprehend him to be in great Danger upon account of his extreme Age. The Congress at that Place is not like to be forw'd so soon as was expected, there being yet no Plenipotentiaries arrived except those of his Imperial Majesty, Monsieur Fabrice, on the Part of this Court, and Count Reventlau, Minister of the Administrator of Holstein. The Chapter of Hildesheim having refus'd to pay four Months Contributions due to the Imperial Regiment of Dragoons Quarter'd in that Diocese, the Commanding Officer sent them into the Districts appertaining to the Chapter, in order to raise the Sum demanded.