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Kensington, July 2.

THIS Day the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Common-Council of the City of London, presented an humble Address to Her Majesty, being introduced by his Grace the Duke of Shrewsbury, Lord Chamberlain of Her Majesty's Household.

To the *QUEEN's* most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the City of London, in Common-Council Assembled.

Most Gracious Sovereign!

WE Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, beg leave gratefully to acknowledge Your Majesty's constant Care, not only in preserving and improving our present Happiness; but also, in providing for the future Safety and Prosperity of Your Kingdoms, and of the Protestant Successor in the illustrious House of Hanover; by issuing so Seasonably a Proclamation, promising a Reward out of Your Own Revenue, as an Encouragement for Approbating the Pretender, when he shall Land, or Attempt to Land, in any of Your Majesty's Dominions; and by giving Your ready Assent to the Bill for preventing the Growth of Schism; and for the Security of the Churches of England and Ireland, as by Law Established.

The Experience this City hath had of Your Majesty's Goodness and Concern for Your People, is such, that (under GOD) they place their Dependence upon Your Majesty; and do take this Opportunity humbly to assure Your Majesty, That they will do the utmost that lies in them, to extinguish the Hopes of the Pretender, and of all his Open and Secret Abettors, and to obviate the Dangers that may arise from Popery or Schism; and they will, with that Duty and Loyalty which becomes them, to the utmost of their Power, oppose all Attempts which may be made under any Pretence whatsoever, to weaken Your Authority, which always has been, and we are confident always will be, employed for the Good of all Your Subjects, or to render that Reign Uneasy to You, which has been so Happy to Your People; the long continuance whereof, is the greatest Blessing which we can ask of Heaven!

To which Address Her Majesty was pleased to make the following most Gracious Answer.

I Thank You heartily for Your Address; and You may depend upon My Care of You, and all My good Subjects.

Baden, June 23. N. S. The Plenipotentiaries of the Emperor and the most Christian King, confer together six times a Week, and for three or four Days past, they have been much longer than usual. They admit no other Ministers to their Meetings, but receive Proposals from them relating to the Interests of their respective Princes, and afterwards consider them at their private Conferences. The

Imperial Plenipotentiaries have receiv'd Orders not to have any Communication with Monsieur de Melaredé, Minister of his Sicilian Majesty. The Prince de Chablais, Plenipotentiary of Spain, has been here for some time Incognito, and he has not yet been visited by any other Minister. The Bailiff of this City has ordered a Libel upon the last War in Switzerland, between the Cantons of Zurich and Berne, and the Abbot de St. Gall, to be burnt by the common Hangman. The Roman Catholick Cantons have desired a delay of eight Days, before they send their Deputies to Frawensfeld, during which time they are to hold an Assembly among themselves at Lucerne. This has been yielded to by the Protestants, who intend in like manner to meet at Zurzach.

Hanover, July 3. N. S. His Electoral Highness is expected here in a short time from Pirmond. Most of the Ministers have taken the Opportunity of his absence to retire to their Country Houses. The Plenipotentiaries at the Congress of Brunswick have held no Conferences of late, for treating of a Peace in the North, and all publick Business has been at a stop there for some time. The Counts Fleinming and Wackerbart, Plenipotentiaries of King Augustus, had promised to come back from Dresden, but it is now thought the former will accompany the King his Master into Poland, and that the other will return to his Post at Vienna. We have receiv'd advice, that a Swedish Privateer had made a Descent upon the Isle of Amar in Jutland, and had laid a Tax upon the Houses, carrying away four of the Principal Inhabitants as Hostages. They write from Stockholm, that the States of the Kingdom were again convened, in order to deliberate upon the Treaty of Marriage between the Princess Ulrica Eleonora and the Hereditary Prince of Hesse Cassel. General Ducker had been very pressing with the Senate, to withdraw the Troops of Holstein out of Pomerania, that those of Sweden might be the better able to subsist there.

Paris, July 4. N. S. On the 23d past the King returned from Rambouillet to Marli. The same day Marshal Berwick set out Post for Catalonia. Monsieur de Pontchartrain having resolved to pass the rest of his Life in Retirement, hath resign'd his Employment of Chancellor of France, and Monsieur de Voysin, Secretary and Minister of State, is appointed to succeed him. Some Days ago the Dutchess of Bouillon died at Clichy near this Place, in the 64th Year of her Age. Monsieur Colling, one of the Ambassadors of the States-General, is gone from hence, in order to return to the Hague. On the 26th at Night a Fire broke out in the House of Monsieur d'Aguiseau, Councillor of State. This Accident has been attributed to the Negligence of his Secretary, who was unfortunately burnt in his Bed. They write from Perpignan, that the French Troops, designed for the reduction of Barcelona, were arrived in the Province of Roussillon, and were marching over the Mountains, in order to encamp at Figueras upon the Ter, where they are commanded to wait for Marshal Berwick, till whose arrival the Bombardment of Barcelona hath been discontinued.

Hague,