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Reizen, September 15. N. S.

THE Affairs of Poland continue still in great Disorder, but it is hoped the arrival of King Augustus at Warsaw will restore Tranquillity to the Kingdom. His Majesty intends to set out very soon for that Place, and hath already sent Directions to the Great General of the Crown to redress those Grievances, which have raised the greatest Discontents in the Minds of the People. There hath been hitherto no Commotion except in the Palatinate of Lublin, where the Nobility have taken up Arms, but those of the other Provinces have only agreed to present their Complaints in Writing to the King, and to desire him to convene a general Diet, as the only Method to secure the Peace of the Nation. Signor Grimaldi, the Pope's Nuntio, Count Denhoff, General of the Army of Lithuania, and Count Ribinski, Master of the Ordnance in the same Dutchy, are arrived here. The Archbishop of Guesna, Primate of Poland, is likewise expected here in a Day or two to pay his Respects to the King. Two Regiments that were encamp'd for some time near Bialenka in Masovia, are now marching towards the Palatinate of Leopold. We have received advice from thence, that the Turks are building a magnificent Palace at Chocim for the Governor of that Place, who is to be a Bacha of the first Rank. Letters from Constantinople bring an account, that the time of the King of Sweden's departure from Demotica was still very uncertain.

Dresden, Sept. 18. N. S. Count Vizdom, Great Chamberlain of King Augustus, is gone to Peterfbourg, where he is to reside on the part of his Majesty. Baron Lovendahl, Great Marschal of the Court, hath obtained leave to go into Holstein, and he is accordingly preparing for his departure. We have received an Express from Reizen, with an account, that King Augustus intended to set out to-morrow for Warsaw, and that he would not return into this Country before the next Spring. The Palatin Potoski was arrived at Reizen, and had obtained his Pardon. General Smigielski was likewise expected there with some other Officers, who had quitted the Interests of King Stanislaus. It is said most of the Saxon Troops will be sent out of Poland into this Electorate, where Winter Quarters have been assigned them, and that they are to begin their march about the beginning of next Month. We are informed, that Baron Goertz is returned to Berlin, from whence he intends to set out very soon for Vienna, and after he hath transacted some Affairs at that Court, it is said he will go to meet the King of Sweden. His Prussian Majesty having receiv'd the Homage of the States of his Kingdom, is expected on the 21st Instant at Stetin, and on the 24th at Berlin.

Hamburgh, Sept. 21. N. S. The Danish Minister hath acquainted our Magistrates, that the King his Master expected they should appoint Deputies to attend him at Copenhagen, in order to put an end to the Disputes which are still undetermined between his Majesty and this City. The King of Denmark hath remitted a third Part of the Taxes which had been laid on the Nobility of Holstein. Those of the Dutchy of Sleswick have likewise desired an Abatement of the Contributions lately demanded of them. We are informed, that the King of Prussia hath received the Homage of the States of that Country at the Castle of Koningsberg, but the Polish Nobility, which, by ancient Custom ought to have assisted at the Ceremony, refused to be present. King Augustus hath at last resolved to withdraw all his Forces out of Poland, except seven Regiments of Horse, and two of Foot. He hath fixed on the 20th Instant for his Departure to Warsaw, where he intends to pass this Winter. Letters from Revel bring an account, that the Muscovite Fleet had set sail from thence towards the Coasts of Finland, without waiting for the Reinforcement of eight Men of War, which were to join them from Copenhagen. They write from Wismar, that a Vessel was lately arrived there from the Isle of Gothland, the Master of which reported, that he had left the Swedish Fleet in the Port of Wisby, where they were taking in Provisions. The Governor of Wismar had received a Message from the King of Prussia, that in case he did not forbear his Exactions in the Dutchy of Mecklenbourg, his Majesty would send Troops to protect that Country from his Insults. We have received advice from Constantinople, that the Grand Signior had supplied the King of Sweden with a considerable Sum of Money for the Expence of his Journey into his own Dominion. The Ottoman Port was very much alarmed at the Proceedings of the Muscovites, who had formed