

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Saturday January 8. to Tuesday January 11. 1714.

St. James's, January 8.

THIS Day the Right Honourable the Lord Mayor, with the rest of the Lieutenancy of the City of London, presented the following Address to his Majesty, being introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Viscount Townshend, one of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State. On this Occasion his Majesty was pleased to confer the Honour of Knighthood on Richard Gough, Esq; and William Jolliffe, Esq;

To the KING's most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of the Lord Mayor, and the rest of your Majesty's Commissioners of Lieutenancy for your City of London.

Permit us most gracious Sovereign with the profoundest Humility and Submission to say, We always thought the Preservation of the Trade of the Kingdom, and the Ballance of Power in Europe, to be the main Desires for the late War. A Cause so just was favoured by Heaven: and the Arms and Virtue of the Troops of Britain, with those of her Confederates, prevailed with such a Train of unparalleled Successes, that we concluded our selves upon the Point of being Happy, to the utmost of our Wishes.

But when we were just seizing the Prize of our Conquests, with Horror we call to mind, that the British Arms were surprizingly withdrawn, and our faithful Allies abandoned — Sad were the Consequences that ensued!

The Reputation of the Kingdom was sunk to Contempt, the humble Stile of the Enemy was quite altered, and France from being in a Condition of suing for a Peace, became the Dictator of it to those that had Conquered: The People were mock'd with Assurances of being Free from the Danger of a Neighbouring Fortref, and the best Branches of their Trade were Exchanged for Chimera's.

Our Holy Church too was in Danger of being given up to Popery, our Civil Rights to Tyranny, and the way preparing for the Pretender.

All that had been gained by a Profusion of Blood and Treasure, in a glorious and successful War, was thrown up, and a free-born People brought within View of Slavery, when the Almighty once more interposed, by seating on the Throne your Sacred Majesty his great Viceroyent.

We your Majesty's most Dutiful Subjects can never think of that Providential Period of Time, in which the Kingdom was thus relieved from Distress, by your Majesty's most happy Accession to the Imperial Crown of Great Britain, but our Hearts are full of unutterable Transports of Joy.

We think our selves snatcht from Perdition, and established upon a Rock of Security: Credit, (the best Indication of the People's Satisfaction) springs up again, and the Spoils and Remains of our Commerce and Property are, we hope, recovering and enlarging.

We see a Protestant Prince on the Throne, adorn'd with high Virtues, and blessed with a numerous Progeny of Protestant Successors, Defenders of the Faith, and the Established Church, which is planted, and now again fenced in by the Right Hand of God.

We cannot forbear, now we are at your Majesty's Feet upon this happy Occasion, to tender our hearty Thanks for the Honour conferred upon us by your Royal Commission; and we assure your Majesty, that the Power entrusted with us, is in the Havals of such as were never tainted with any Inclination to the Pretender; such as ever had in Detestation those who meant ill to the Protestant Succession, or the Author of it, our other glorious Deliverer King William; such as being Lovers of the Church and State, are ready to defend both with the Arms committed to their Charge; and such as devoutly Pray, that your Majesty and your Royal Issue may Reign over this Kingdom, and all other your Majesty's Dominions, 'till Time shall be no more.

To which his Majesty was pleased to make the following most gracious Answer.

I Thank you for this Address, in which you express so much Duty and Loyalty to me, and so just a Concern for the Honour and Interest of your Country.

St. James's, January 10. The following Addrelics have been presented to his Majesty.

The humble Address of the Bailiff and Burgesies of the Ancient Borough of Cocker-mouth in the County of Cumberland; presented to his Majesty by Mr. Solicitor-General, being introduced by the Right Honourable the Marquess of Wharton, Lord Privy-Seal, and the Right Honourable Mr. Stanhope, one of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, in the Absence of his Grace the Duke of Somerset.

An humble Address of several of the Aldermen, Gentlemen, Burgesies, and Inhabitants of the Corporation of Wiggan in the County-Palatine of Lancaster.

Which Addresses his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

Petersbourg, Dec. 3. O. S. The Czar went from hence the 15th of last Month in the Morning for Croonstor: But he was not gone above 12 Wurstes or Russian Miles down the River, when the small Vessel on which he was imbarked was so locked in by the Shoals of Ice, that her Helm became usefess and she could not make any Way: Upon the firing of Guns for a Signal of Distress, several Pinnaces hastened to give Assistance; and one of them thruffing in among the Shoals, got to the Vessel, and receiving the Czar carried him ashore: His Majesty came back hither by Land at Midnight. The next Day, notwithstanding the Rigour of the Season, the Czar was busie in one of his Yards, in laying out and settling the Keel of a Man of War of 80 Guns, of which he proposes to be himself the Master Builder. The 22d a Church being finished which Prince Menzikoff had been at the Expence of Building near his House, it was dedicated to St. Michael: The 23d the Czar, his Comfort, and the Princess Anatolia his Sister, with a numerous Attendance of Persons of Distinction at this Court, were present at a Sermon preached in that Church, on Occasion of the Festival of St. Alexander, whose Name Prince Menzikoff bears. And from thence his Majesty and the whole Court went to an Entertainment