# The London Gazette.

## Published by Authority.

### From Euesday July 19. to July Saturday 23. 1715.

Westminster, July 20.

IS Majesty came this Day to the House of Peers; and being in His Royal Robes seated on the Throne, with the usual Solemnity, Sir William Oldes, Gentleman-Usher of the Black Rod, was fent with a Message from His Majesty to the House of Commons, commanding their Attendance in the House of Peers. The Commons being come thisher accordingly. His Majesty was pleased to give the Royal Assent to

An Act to explain the Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King William the Third, intitled An Act for the further Limitation of the Crown, and better fecuring the Rights and Liberties of the Subject.

An All for preventing Tumults and Riotous Assemblies and for the more speedy and effectual Punishing the Rioters.

An Act for making perpetual an Act of the Seventh and Eighth Years of the Reign of his late Majesty King William the Third, intitled, An Act that the Solemn Affirmation and Declaration of the People called Quakers shall be accepted inslead of an Oath in the usual Form; and for explaining and enforcing the faid Act in relation to the Payment of Tythes and Church-Rates; and for appointing the Form of an Af-firmation to be taken by the said People called Quakers, in stead of the Oath of Abjuration.

An Act for continuing the Imprisonment of Robert Blackburn, and others for the horrid Conspiracy to Assassinate the Person of his late Sacred Majesty King William the Third.

And to Nine Private Bills.

After which His Majesty was pleased to make the following most Gracious Speech to both Houses.

My Lords and Gentlemen.

THE Zeal you have shewn for preserving the Peace of My Kingsoms, and your Wisdom in providing so good a Law to prevent all Riotous and Tumultuous Proseedings, give me great Satisfaction; but I am forry to find that fuch a Spirit of Rebellion has discover'd it self as leaves no Room to doubt but these Disorders are set on Foot and encouraged by Persons disaffected to My Government, in Expectation of being supported from Abroad.

The Preservation of our Excellent Constitution, and the Security of our Holy Religion, has been, and always shall be, My chief Care; and I cannot question but your Concern for these invaluable Blessings is so great, as not to let them be exposed to such Attempts as I have certain Advices are preparing by the Pretender from abroad, and carrying on at home

by a reftless Party in his Favour,

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

In these Circumstances I think it proper to ask your Assist ance, and make no Doubt but you will so far consult you own Security as not to leave the Nation, under a Rebellion actually begun at home, and threatned with an Invasion from ahroad, in a definceless Condition: And I Jhall look upon the Provision you shall make for the Safety of My People, as the best Mark of your Affection to Me-

Anno Primo

## GEORGII REGIS.

An Act for preventing Tumults and Riotous Assemblies, and for the more speedy and effectual punishing the Rioters.

Hereas of late many Rebellious Riots and Tumults have been in divers Parts of this Kingdom, to the Disturbance of the Publick Peace, and the endangering of his Majesty's Person and Government, and the same are yet continued and fomented by Persons disaffected to his Majesty, presuming so to do for that the Punishments provided by the Laws now in being are not adequate to fuch heinous Offences; and by fuch Rioters his Majesty and his Administration have been most maliciously and falsy traduced, with an Intent to raise Divisions and to alienate the Assections of the People from his Majesty: Therefore, for the preventing and suppressing of such Riots and Tunnults, and for the more speedy and effectual punishing the Offenders therein, Be it enacted, by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and of the Commons in this present Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Persons, to the Number of Twelve or more, being Unlawfully, Riotously, and Yumultuously assembled together, to the Disturbance of the publick Peace, at any time after the last Day of July, in the Year of our Lord

1715

1715, and being required or commanded by any one or more Justice or Justices of the Peace, or by the Sheriff of the County or his Under-Sheriff, or by the Mayor, Bailiff or Bailiffs, or other Head Offieer or Justice of the Peace of any City or Town Corporate, where fuch Affembly shall be, by Proclamation to be made in the King's Name, in the Form herein after directed, to disperse themselves and peaceably to depart to their Habitations, or to their lawful Business, shall to the Number of Twelve or more (not with standing such Proclamation made) Unlawfully, Riotoufly and Tumultuoufly remain or continue together by the Space of one Hour after such Command or Request made by Proclamation, that then such Continuing together, to the Number of Twelve or more, after fuch Command or Request made by Proclamation, shall be adjudged Felony without Benefit of Clengy, and the Offenders therein shall be adjudged Felons, and shall suffer Death, as in Case of Felo-

ny, without Benefit of Clergy.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Order and Form of the Proclamations that shall be made by the Authority of this Act, shall be as hereafter followeth, that is to fay, the Justice of the Peace or other Person authorised by this Act to make the said Proclamation, shall, among the said Rioters, or as near to them as he can safely come, with a loud Voice command, or cause to be commanded, Silence to be while Proclamation is making, and after that shall openly and with loud Voice make, or cause to be made, Proclamation in these Words, or like in Effect, Our Sovereign Lord the King chargeth and commandeth all Persons being assembled, immediately to Disperse themselves, and peaceably so depart to their Habitations or to their lawful Business, upon the Pains contained in the Ast made in the First Year of King George, for preventing Tumults and Riotous Assemblies. GOD save the KING. And every such Justice and Justices of the Peace, Sheriff, Under-Sheriff, Mayor, Bailiff, and other Head Officer aforesaid, within the Limits of their respective Jurisdictions, are hereby authorized, empowered and required, on Notice or Knowledge of any fuch Unlawful, Riotous and Tamultuous Affembly, to refort to the Place where fuch Unlawful, Riotous and Tumultuous Affembly shall be of Persons to the Number of Twelve or more, and there to make or cause to be anade Proclamation in Manner aforesaid.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if such Persons so Unlawfully, Riotously and Tumultuously Assembled, or Twelve or more of them, after Proclamation made, in Manner aforesaid, shall continue together and not disperse themselves, (within one Hour) that then it thall and may be lawful to and for every Justice of the Peace, Sheriff, or Under-Sheriff of the County, where such Assembly shall be, and also to and for every High or Petty Constable, and other Peace-Officer within such County, and also to and for every Mayor, Justice of the Peace, Sheriff, Bailiff, and other Head Officer, High or Petty Confable, and other Peace Officer of any City or

to and fer fuch other Person and Persons as shall be commanded to be affilling unto any fuch Justice of the Peace, Sheriff or Under-Sheriff, Mayor, Bailiss, or other Head Officer aforesaid (who are hereby Authorized and Impowered to Command all his Majesty's Subjects of Age and Ability to be affifting to them therein) to feize and apprehend, and they are hereby required to feize and apprehend fuch Persons so unlawfully, riotously and tumultuously continuing together after Proclamation made as aforefaid, and forthwith to carry the Perfons fo apprehended before one or more of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the County or Place where such Persons shall be so apprehended, in order to their being proceeded against for such their Offences according to Law; and that if the Perfons fo unlawfully, riotoufly and tumultuoufly af-fembled, or any of them, shall happen to be killed, maimed or hurt in the dispersing, seizing or apprehending, or endeavouring to disperse, seize or apprehend them, by reason of their resisting the Persons fo dispersing, seizing or apprehending, or endea-vouring to disperse, seize or apprehend them, that then every such Justice of the Peace, Sheriff, Under Sheriff, Mayor, Bailiff, Head Officer, High or Petty Constable, or other Peace Officer, all and fingular Persons being aiding and assisting to them, or any of them, shall be free, discharged and indempnified, as well against the King's Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, as against all and every other Person and Persons of, for or concerning the killing, maining, or hurting of any fuch Person or Persons so unlawfully, riotously and tumultuoully affembled, that shall happen to be fo killed, maimed or hurt as aforesaid.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Persons unlawfully, riotously and tumultuously assembled together to the Disturbance of the Publick Peace, shall unlawfully and with Force demolish or pull down, or begin to demolish or pull down, any Church or Chappel, or any Building for Religious Worship certified and registred according to the Statute made in the first Year of the Reign of the late King William and Queen Mary, Intituled, An All for exempting their Majesties Protostant Subjests dissenting from the Church of England from the Penalties of certain Laws; or any Dwelling-house, Barn, Stable, or other Out house; that then every such demolishing or pulling down, or beginning to demolish or pull down, shall be adjudged Felony without benefit of Clergy, and the Offenders therein shall be adjudged Felons, and shall fuffer Death, as in Case of Felony, without be-

nefit of Clergy.

Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons do or shall with Force and Arms wilfully and knowingly oppose, obstruct, or in any manner wilfully and knowingly lett, hinder or hurt any Person or Persons that shall begin to proclaim, or go to proclaim according to the Proclamation hereby directed to be made, whereby such Procla-mation shall not be made, That then every such opposing, obstructing, letting, hindring or hurting Town Corporate where such Assembly shall be, and such Person or Persons, so beginning or going to

make such Proclamation as aforesaid, shall be adjudged Felony without henefit of Clergy, and the Offenders therein shall be adjudged Felons, and shall suffer Death as in Case of Felony without benefit of Clergy; and that a so every such I erson and Persons so being unlawfully, riotously and tumultuously affembled to the Number of Twelve as aforesaid, or more, to whom Pr clamation should not been hindred as aforesaid, shall likewise, in case they, or any of them, to the Number of Twelve, or more, shall continue together, and not disperse themselves within one Hour after such Let or Hindrance so made, having Knowledge of such Let or Hindrance so made, shall be adjudged Felons, and shall suffer Death as in Case of Felony

without benefit of Clergy.

And be it further enacted by the Authority a-foresaid, That if after the said last Day of July 1715, any such Church or Chappel, or any such Building for Religious Worship, or any such Dwelling house, Barn, Stable, or other Out-house shall be demolished or pulled down wholly, or in part, by any Persons so unlawfully, riotously and tu multuously affembled, that then in case such Church, Chappel, Building for Religious Worship, Dwelling-house, Barn, Stable, or Out-house shall be out of any City or Town that is either a County of itself, or is not within any Hundred, that then the Inhabitants of the Hundred in which fuch Damage shall be done, shall be hable to yield Damages to the Person or Persons injured and damnified by fuch demolishing or pulling down wholly or in part; and fuch Damages shall and my be recovered by Action, to be brought in any of his Majesty's Courts of Rec rd at Westminster (wherein no Essoigne, Protection or Wager of Law, or any Imparlance shall be allowed) by the Person or Persons damnified thereby, against any two or more of the Inhabitants of such Hundred. Such Action for Damages to any Church or Chappel to be brought in the Name of the Rector, Vicar or Curate of such Church or Chappel that shall be so damnissed, in Trust, for applying the Damages to be recover d in rebuilding or repairing such Church or Chappel; and that Judgment being given for the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in such Action, the Damages so to be recovered shall at the Request of such Plaintiff or Plantiffs, his or their Executors or Administrators, be raifed and levied on the Inhabitants of fuch Hundred, and paid to such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in fuch manner and form, and by such ways and means as are provided by the Statute made in the 27th Year of the Reign of Queen Elizabeth, for reimburing the Perfon or Perfons on whom any Mony recovered against any Hundred by any Party robbed shall be levied; and in case any such Church, Chappel, Building for Religious Worship, Dwelling-house, Barn, Stable, or Out house so damnified shall be in any City, or Town, that is either a County of it felf, or is not within any Hundred, that then such Damages shall and may be recovered by Action to be brought in manner aforesaid (wherein no Essoigne, Protection or Wager of L aw, or any Imparlance shall be allowed) against two or more Inhabitants of such City or | Words.

Town, and Judgment being given for the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in such Action, the Damages so to be recovered, shall at the request of such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, his or their Executors or Administrators, made to the Justices of the Peace of such City or Town at any Quarter Sessions to be holden for the said City or Town, be raised and levied on the Inhabitants of such City or Town, and paid to such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in such manner and form, and by such ways and means as are provided by the said Statute made in the 27th Year of the Reign of Queen Elizabeth for reimbursing the Person or Persons on whom any Mony recovered against any Hundred by any Party robbed, shall be levied.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That this Act shall be openly read at every Quarter Sessions, and at every Leet or Law Day. Provided always, that no Person or Persons shall be presented by vertue of this Act for any Offence or Offences committed contrary to the same, unless such Prosecution be commenced within twelve

Months after the Offence committed.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Sheriffs and their Deputies, Steuarts and their Deputies, Baillies of Regalities and their Deputies, Magistrates of Royal Burroughs, and all other i fe ir Judges and Magistrates; and also all H gh or Petty Con ables, or other Peace Officers of any County, Steuartry, City or Town within that part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall have the same I-owers and Authorit es fer putting this present Act in Execution within Scotland, as the Justices of the Feace, and other Magistrates aforesaid, respectively have by vertue of this Act within and for the other Parts of this Kingdom; and that all and every Person and Persons, who shall at any time be convicted of any of the Offences aforementioned, within that Part of Great Britain called Scotland shall, for every such Offence, incur and suffer the Pain of Death and Confiscation of Moveables. And also that all Prosecutions for repairing the Damages of any Church or Chappel, or any Building for Religious Worship, or any Dwelling-House, Barn, Stable or Out House, which stall be demolished or pulled down, in Whole or in Part, within Scotland, by any Persons Unlawfully, Riotously or Tumultuously assembled, shall and may be recovered by Summary Action at the Instance of the Party aggrieved, his or her Heirs, or Executors, against the County, Stewartry, City or Borough respectively where such Disorders shall happen, the Magistrates being summoned in the ordinary Form, and the several Coun ies and Stewartries called by Edictal Citation at the Market Cross of the head Borough of such County or Stewartry respectively, and that in general without mentioning their Names and Delignations. Provided, and it is hereby declared, that this Act shall extend to all Places for Religious Worship in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, which are tolerated by Law, and where His Maj-fly King George, the Prince and Princess of Wales and their Issue, are prayed for in express

St. 7 mes's,

To the KING's m ft Excellent Mujelly.

The humble Address of the Archbishop, Bishops, and Clergy of the Province of Canterbury in Convecation affenibled.

E your Majesty's most dutiful and Loyal Subjects the Archbishof, Bishops and Clergy of the Province of Canterbury in Convocation affembled, do think our selves obliged in Duty and Gratitude to your Majesty, to make our most humble Acknowledgments for that gracious Message you were pleased to send to the House of Commons, recommending the Provision of a Maintenance for the Ministers who are to attend the Service of the Fifty new Churches begun to be built in and about the Cities of London and Westminstor, under the pious Encouragement of your Majesty's most excellent Prediceffor of ever bleffed Merrory.

A Message so prously intended and so well received We trust cannot ful of its desired Essets to the Honour of the Church of England, and the Advancement of our Holy

After all the Declarations your Maj sty has been pleased to make in Favour of our established Church, and the real Pro fs you have given of your Concern for its Interests, We hope that none will be found so unjust as to doubt of your Affection to it. And we do most humbly assure your Majefly, that we willtake all Opportunities to infull into those who are under our Care, the same grateful Sense that we our felves have of your Majesly's Goodness, and that at this Time more especially, when the Quiet of your Realms is di-slurbed by Is surrections at home, and the Nation threatned with an Invasion from abroad. We will put them in mind of those strict Obligations of Conscience whereby they are engaged to defend and support your Majesty's Government, and will earnefly exhort them to exemplifie, by a suitable Pra-clice, those Principles of Obedience and Loyalty which the Church of England bash always thought it her Duty to profoss.

May the Divine Providence defeat all wicked Designs that shall be formed against our Holy Faith, and your Majesty the Defender of it; and may that God who has put it into your Majesty's Heart to do such great things for us, unite the Hearts of all your Subjects in praising his Mercy for the many Bleffings we enjoy under your Majefly's most Auspicious Go-vernment, and in making all the Returns of Honour and Obedience that are due to so Good and Gracious a Sovereign

To which his Majesty was pleased to return the following most gracious Answer.

My Lords and the rest of the Clergy,

Take this Dutiful Address very kindly, and thank you for that Concern you express for the Peace of my Government. I depend upon the Loyalty of the Church of England; and you may be assured of my constant Protection and Encouragement.

Madrid, July 15. Letters from Majorca of the 27th of last Month relate, that the Troops, Artillery and Stores were all landed the 21st and 22d in the Bay of Porras, on the East side of the Island, between Puerto Pedro and Puerto Colon. On the 22d the Fleet weighed Anchor, and failed to lye off the Town of Palma, the Capital of the Island;

St. James's, July 22. This Day the following Ad- and the Army marched by Land thither, all the dreis was presented to his Majesty. rest of the Island having before submitted to the king's Obedience. The Chevalier d'Hasfeld advanced before with a Detachment, to view the Avenues of Palma. On his March he met two Officers who were come out to treat of furrendring the Place. But they made such high Demands, that he fent them back, telling them they must yield at Discretion, and throw themselves on the King's Mercy. In the mean while he was informed that the Inhabitants were inclined to furrender, but that they were hindred by the Garrifon, confifting of 1800 Men. On the 27th the Army advanced within two Leagues of the Place, and the Dispositions for the Attack were begun. Don Francisco de Evoli is since arrived at Aranjuez, with an Account that the Town of Palma has yielded on Capitulation, by which 'tis stipulated that the Garrison, consisting of Troops acting by Commission from the Emperor, shall be transported to Sardinia; and that Ivica shall be put into the Possession of his Catholick Majefty's Troops. The Marquis de Leide is made Captain-General of Majorca and Ivica.

Stralfund July 14. O. S. The Swedes propose to keep but a small Garrison of regular Forces in this Place, but defign to defend the Intrenchment before it with 6 or 7000 Men: And there being but 4 Landing Flaces on the Island of Rugen, they think 5 or 6000 Men suffici-ent to guard them. They have entirely ruined one of the Passages of the New-Deep, by finking several Vesfels filled with Stones; and the other Passage being defended by a Battery lately made on the Island of Ruden of 50 or 60 large Cannon, and by 6 or 7 Frigates lying in the Entrance of that Paff ge, the Danes will find it a difficult Matter to force it. The King of Sweden has d.fficult Matter to force it. lately written a very obliging Letter to the Emperor. by which he acknowledges his Imperial Majesty's Title to the Crown of Spain. This Day arrived a Packetboat from Sweden with Advice that the Fleet had failed

from Carlscrona.

Copenhagen, July 20. An Express is arrived from M. Retz Governor of Bornholm, with advice that the Swedish Fleet, consisting of 18 Men of War and 7 Fisgates had been feen out at Sea. On Monday or Tuefday next a large Prame newly built will Sail from hence: She carries 250 Men and 44 Guns; and is to be accompanied by 2 Frigates, with which she will serve to convoy all the Ships that were laid under an Imbargo, and which are laden with Ammunition and Provisions for Admiral Rabe's Squadron, which lyes off the Island of Rugen and is to cover and affift the Ships and Prames commanded by Vice Admiral Schestedt. 'Tis talked that M. Bartoedt, a Sea Commander of great Reputation and much in the King's Favour, is to go to take on him the Command of the Fleet, in the Room of M.

St. James's, July 18. This Day Count Schon-born, Envoy Extraordinary from the Elector of Mentz, had a private Audience of Leave of his Majesty; to which he was introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Viscount Townshend, one of his Majetly's Principal Secretaries of State, and conducted by Sir Clement Cottrell, Maker of the Ceremonies.

He was afterwards conducted by the Master of the Coremonics, to take his Leave privately of their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales.

St. James's, July 22. His Majesty hath been pleased to confer the Honour of Knighthood on Nathaniel Whitwell, Eig; of the City of Dublin.

Whitehall, July 22, 1715. It is his Majesty's Pleasure That all Officers now in the Army do immediately repair to their respe-dive Posts upon Pain of his Majesty's highest Dispisa-

By his Majesty's Command,

Wm. Pulsency.

A Letter dated July the 20th, and superscribed J. G. has been laid before one of his Majesty's Principal Segretaries of State; the Person who wrote it is desired to come to the Office at Whitehball, and may assure himself of all due Protection and Encouragement, upon his making our what he proposes. pofes.

Admiralty Office, July 19, 1715.

The Lards Cammissioners of the Admiralty baving seceived a Letter fignd L. J. mberein the Person offers to discover Abuses committed in the Na y; shese are to give Notice, that if he will attend their Lordships at their Office, and make out what he al-ledges, he shall receive all sitting Encouragement and Protestion.

The Truftees far disposing by Subscription the South Sea Stock belonging to the Publick, give Notice, That Saturday the 30th Instant is the last Day appointed for the Payment of the sixth Tenth part on each Suiscription at the Company's House in Broad-Areet; and that on failure thereof the first Paymens will be forfeited.

The Directors of the Beech Oil Company do hereby give Notice, That the Scason for gathering Beech Mast advancing, it will be necessary, and they hereby require, That all the Sharers do pay on or before Wednesday the 10th Day of August next two Guineas per Share into the Hands of Mr. Hitchock, who aszends for that Purpose at the Office at the Golden Key in St. Paul's Church-yard, from 9 in the Morning till 12 in the Forences, and from 2 to 5 in the Afternoon, in order to be paid into the Bank; and that they bring their Shares with them to be en-dorfed. And the faid Directors do hereby further require the Payment of the remaining two Guineas per Share at the Place aforesaid by Wednesday the 7th of September next, and they who negled comply ing herewith, will forseit their Dividend of this Year's Profits.

A General Quarterly Court for the Corporation of the Amicable Society, for a Perpetual Assurance Office, will be held at Sadlers Hall, against the Conduit in Cheapside, on Thursday the 28th Day of July Instant, at 4 of the Clock in the Asternoon. And all Members that are in Arrear one Year and July Instant, at A of the Clock in the Afternoon.

And all Members that are in Arrear one Tear and one Quarter, will be excluded by Name at the said Thames-freet London, and also of a Freehold House in Charles Court.

#### Adversifements.

By His Majuly's Command.

HE King's P are of roo Cuineas; will be Run for at He King's P are of roo Cuineas; will be Run for at Hamberon in Yorkerize, oit Monday the 2 ad'of August next, by any P are, being no more than 3 Years old, the Grafs before, (as rull be G. riffled under the Hand of the Breeder) carryin, so stone. One Heat round the heats Counter To be shewn, and count on Sat roay the 2 oth Day of Angust next, at Adam King's in Cold Kirby, hear Hambleton; of they are not be knu for this Plate: And if any anterence shall saffe relating to their Area, or in their a new of the targeto.

they are not to Run Forthis Plate: And if any unference mail arise relating to their Ages, or in their tunning, the latter of the determined by John Muston, Etq. John Wantan Efq, and R chard Marsha. Luf Master of his Majesty's 2 and I. His Majesty is also Graciously Pleased to give ano her Plate of too Guiness, to be Run I r, on Cliffton ings. near York; on Wednetday the 24 h of At gust next, by any Horse Muston Gelding, bring no irote than 6 Years old the Grass before, (as must be evolved under the isand of the Green-parrying 12 Stone, Three Hearts' To be shown and Entred on the Tu-Juny before, (being the 23th 65 August next; at Milloud John Ellis's; at time white Hafe in Chil on near York, or they are not to Run for this Plate; And If now difference should they are not to Run for this Plate: And if any diff rease that adife relating to their Ages, orm their Running, the name to be determined by his william Robinton Bart, Leonard thomp-fon Edgi and Richard Marthal Edg; Marter of his Majetay's Studd,

Hereas Proposals for Reprinting by Subscription, Mr. Guilling signly of Heraldry; such very Large Additions throughout the whole work; were in the Month of March 1707 Made Publick, and Indulinfically dispersing whereupon it was thought neverthery, to prevent the blobility and Gentry being imposition by subferbing to the faid flook, to publish an Adverthement thereof, by her Lave Majetty's Command, in the London Gazette, or March 18, 17-7. Since which time no publick Notice hash been given or carrying on the Book aforelaid, until the 28th of June last patt, when a new Advertisement was published in the London Gazette, of Fropolats for Repunding Mr. Guillim's Dilplay of meraldry, impower with very large Audrit ms. And whereas the last conti-on of the fard Book, published Clandestructy by Richard Blome, 1879 so, contrary to the Act of Pachament then in Force for regularing the Press In which (besides the many Ablurdities, and Incoherencies in the Hillorical Part thereof, there is fearce any of the Archievements of the Nobility, and but few of the Gentry, wherein there are not force material Errors and Militakes, either in the Tribes, or in the Scuppine of the Atths, Crofts and Supporters; (as isservident frum a Collection of them, catefully examined by the Registers; and Records of the College of Arms; whereby it appears that (Blome) took his Directions meerly upon Truft, or from the common Phinters, and fuen Mechanicks, to the great abule and dishonour of the Nobility and Gentry of this Realm. To the End therefore that Perions of Quality and others by Subfiribing, may not again be Impoted on in the like insoner, There are to give Notice, that neither the King's Heralds and Partuivants of Arms, or any one or them are, or will be concern'd in the presented Corrections, Improvements or Additions propos'd to be made to the faid Book.

\*\*\* I his Day is published, in an Elzevir Letter, A Report from the committee of Secrety, appointed by Order of the Heuse of Commons to examine several Books and Papers, laid before the Houte, relating to the late Negoand Papers, laid betwee the Houle, telating to the late. Nego-cations of Peace and on merce, &c. Reported on the 9th of June, 1711. By the Right Francuishe Robert Walpole, Efgi hairman of the (aid Committee. Published by Order of the Houle of Commors. Printed for J. Vonion in the Strand, T. Goedwin and B. Lintott in Fleet-fires, and W. T.-ylor in Pater notice row. Price 8 d.

in the County of Montgomery, of the Yearly Vall and the Country value of Monogonery, on the least value of Ne-thergother, is by Decree of the High Court of Chancery to be Sold by Samuel Browning Eig, one of the Matters of the taid Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, where Particulars of the Paid Efface may be had.

Kin<sub>k</sub>•

King-street Westminster, are, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, to be Sold to the best Bidder on Friday the 5th of August next, at 9 of the Clock in the Forenoon, before Sir Thomas Gery, one of the Masters of the said Court, at his House in old Southampton Buildings near Chancery-

Inc. Where Particulars may be had.

Hereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded against William Harding of London, Blacksmith, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to furrender himfelf to the Commissioners on the 29th Instant, and on the 5th and 22d of August next, at 3 in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London; at the first of which Sittings ohe Creditors are to come prepared to prove Debts, pay Contribution mony, and chuse

THE Commissioners in the Commission of Baukrupt awarded against R. chard Cox of Oxford, Mercer, intend to meet on the 31st of August next, at 3 in the Asternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the faid Bankrupt's Effate; where all the Creditors who have not al-

Bankrupt's Efface; where all the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, and paid Contribution-mony, are to come prepared to de the fame, or they'll be excluded the Benefit of the faid Dividend.

Whereas William Beckfell. Sen of London, Wine cooper, hath furrendered himself purfuant to Notice, and been twice examined; This is to give Notice, that he will attend the Commissioners on the 9th of August next, at 3 in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, to hnish his Examination; where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debrs, pay Contribution mony, and affent to or diffent from the Al-lowance of his Certificate.

Hereas Joseph Chamber'yn of London, Cabiner-maker, hath iterendred himfelf (purtuant to Notice) and been twice examined this is to give Notice, that he will attend the Commissioners on the 9th of August next, at 3 in

attend the Commissioners on the 9th of August next, at 3 in the Ascenoon, at Guildhall, London, to finish his Examination; where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-mony, and assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

Whereas John Nixon of London Grocer, hath surrended himself (pursuant to Notice) and been twice examined; this is to give Notice, that he will attend the Commissioners on the 10th of August next, at 3 in the Asternoon, at Guildhall, London, to sinish his Examination; where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debrs, pay Contribution-mony, and affent to, or diffent from the Allowance of his Certificate. And the Commissioners having assigned the of his Certificate. And the Commissioners having assigned the said Bankrupt's Estate to Mr. John Cookeson of London Grocer, all Persons that are Indebted to the said Bankrupt, or have any Goods or other Estects of his in their Hands, are sorthwith to pay and deliver the same to Mr. Langley Hill, Attorney at Law in Watling street London, (who is appointed to Receive the same, and Dispose of the Lease of the said Bankrupt's House) or they will be sued.

Whereas John Cartier of London, Colesastor, hath surrendred humself, (pursuant to Notice) and been twice examined; this is to give Notice that he will attend the Com-

imissioners on the 8th of August next, at 3 in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, to finith his Examination; where his Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-mony, and aftent to or diffeat from the Allowance of his Certificate.

Hereas the afting Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrunt awarded aming the Bankrupt awarded against Hugo Cefterbaan of St. Catherines in the County of Middlelex, Merchant, have certified to the Right Honourable William Lord Cowper, Baron of Wingham, Lord High Chancellor of Great britain, that he hath in all things confirmed himself to the Directions of the late Afts of Parlament made against Bankrups; this is to give Notice, that his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed, as the faid Acts direct, unless Caute be shewn to the contrary

on or before the 13th of August next,

Hereas the acting Commissioners in a Commission of
Bankrupt awarden against William Hamon of London, Silkman, and Anne Hamon of London, Widow, have certified to the Right Honourable William Lord Cowper, Baron of Wingham, Lord High Chancellor of Great britain, that they have in all things conformed themselves to the Directions of the late Acts of Pathament made against Bankrupts; this is to give Notice, that their Certificate will be allowed and confirmed, as the said Acts direct, unless Caule be shown

to the contrary on or before the 13th of August next.

Whereas the acting Commissioners in a renewed Commission of Bankrupt awarded against John Hobday of London, Metchant, have gestified to the Right Honougable William Lord Cowper, Baron of Wingham, Lord High Chancellor of Great Bittain, that he hath in all things conformed himself to the Directions of the leveral Acks of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; this is to give Notice that his Certificate will ocallowed and confirmed as the

fice that his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the faid Acts direct, unleft caufe be shewn to the contrary on or before the 20th of August next.

Whereas the a ting Commissioners in a commission of Bankrupt awarded against Robert Cheek late of Southwark in the County of Surry, Woollstapler, have certified to the Right Honourable William Lord Cowper, Baron of Wingham, Lord High-Chancellor of Great Britain, that he hath in all things conformed himself to the Directions of the feveral Acts made concerning Bankrupts; this is to give Notice, that his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the faid Acts direct, unleis Caule be fewn to the contrary on or before the 12th of August next.

Hereas the acting Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupr awarded against Thomas Harper of Lambers in the County of Surry, Lighterman, have certified to the Right Honousable william Lord Cowper, baron of Wingham, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that he hath in all things conformed himfelf to the Directions of the feveral A&s of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; this is to give Notice, that his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the faid Acts direct, unless cause be mewn to the contrary on or before the 13th of August next.