

Product Licence Number	Company Name	Product Name	Active Ingredients	Indications	Date of Authorisation
0142/0372	A. H. Cox and Company Limited (t/a Cox Pharmaceuticals)	Oxytetracycline Tablets BP 250 mg	Oxytetracycline Dihydrate EP 250.00 mg	<p>Oxytetracycline is a bacteriostatic broad-spectrum antibiotic, active against a wide variety of gram-positive and gram-negative organisms. Infections caused by oxytetracycline-sensitive organisms include:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Respiratory tract infections: pneumonia, whooping cough and other lower respiratory tract infections due to susceptible strains of streptococcus pneumoniae, haemophilus influenzae, klebsiella pneumoniae and other organisms. Mycoplasma pneumoniae pneumonitis. Treatment of chronic bronchitis (including the prophylaxis of acute exacerbations). 2. Urinary tract infections: caused by susceptible strains of the klebsiella species. Enterobacter species, escherichia coli, streptococcus faecalis and other organisms. 3. Sexually transmitted diseases: infections due to chlamydia trachomatis including uncomplicated urethral, endocervical or rectal infections. Non-gonococcal urethritis caused by ureaplasma urealyticum. Oxytetracycline is also indicated in chancroid, granuloma inguinale and lymphogranuloma venereum. Oxytetracycline is an alternative drug in the treatment of gonorrhoea and syphilis. 4. Skin infections: acne vulgaris when antibiotic therapy is considered necessary and severe rosacea. 5. Ophthalmic infections: trachoma, although the infectious agent, as judged by immunofluorescence, is not always eliminated. Inclusion conjunctivitis may be treated with oral oxytetracycline alone or in combination with topical agents. 6. Rickettsial infections: Rocky Mountain spotted fever, typhus group, Q fever and coxiella endocarditis and tick fevers. 7. Other infections: stagnant loop syndrome. Psittacosis, brucellosis (in combination with streptomycin), cholera, bubonic plague, louse and tick-borne relapsing fever, tularaemia, glanders, melioidosis and acute intestinal amoebiasis (as an adjunct to amoebicides). Oxytetracycline is an alternative drug in the treatment of leptospirosis, gas-gangrene and tetanus. <p>POM</p>	31st August 1994
0142/0387	A. H. Cox and Company Limited (t/a Cox Pharmaceuticals)	Ferrous Sulphate Tablets BP 200 mg	Dried Ferrous Sulphate BP 200.00 mg	<p>For the prevention and treatment of iron-deficiency anaemias.</p> <p>PM</p>	13th September 1994
0165/0111	Whitehall Laboratories Limited	Paracetamol Tablets Paracetamol Ph Eur 500 mg/tablets	Paracetamol EP 500 mg	<p>For the treatment of headache, migraine, neuralgia, rheumatic, period and dental pain and the symptoms of colds and influenza. GSL—may be sold or supplied otherwise than by or under the supervision of a pharmacist only when in packs of not more than 25.</p>	16th September 1994
0166/0151	Yamanouchi Pharma Limited	Oocral Cream	Oxiconazole nitrate NF 11.47 mg (equivalent to 10 mg oxiconazole)	<p>For the treatment of tinea pedis (athlete's foot) of dermatophytic origin.</p> <p>POM</p>	8th June 1994
00184/0043	Geistlich Sons Limited	Aminoplex 24 Electrolyte Free	<p>L-Isoleucine EP 0.76 w/v; L-Leucine EP 1.16 w/v; L-Lysine Monohydrate DAB 1.222 w/v (equivalent to L-Lysine 1.088 w/v); L-Methionine DAB 0.96 w/v; L-Phenylalanine EP 1.376 w/v; L-Threonine DAB 0.64 w/v; L-Tryptophan DAB 0.28 w/v; L-Valine EP 0.896 w/v; L-Arginine DAB 1.84 w/v; L-Histidine DAB 0.44 w/v; L-Alanine DAB 2 w/v; L-Glutamic Acid DAB 0.4 w/v; Glycine DAB 0.88 w/v; L-Proline EP 2.4 w/v; L-Ornithine-L-Aspartate DAB 0.4 w/v; L-Serine EP 0.48 w/v.</p> <p>Other Nutrients (per litre): L-Malic Acid DAB 0.95 w/v.</p>	<p>For the correction of protein depletion and the maintenance of an adequate nitrogen balance when sufficient oral feeding is not possible in patients with serious conditions leading to protein breakdown requiring a high nitrogen load and/or a low infusion volume.</p> <p>POM</p>	6th June 1994