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Genoa, August 25.

ON the 23d arrived here the Ship Port-Mahon, John Coker Master, from Tunis; which Master reports, that he left there Admiral Baker with six British Men of War, and that from thence the said Admiral designed to sail to Tripoli. By Letters from Leghorn of the 21st Instant we learn, that the Portuguese Squadron designed to reinforce the Venetian Fleet was still taking in Provisions, in order to proceed in a few Days on their Voyage to the Levant.

Vienna, Aug. 26. Letters from the Imperial Army commanded by Prince Eugene of Savoy give an Account, That on the 11th Instant they received a Confirmation that the Grand Vizier, and the Aga of the Janisaries, were killed in the late Battle; and that after the Burial of the former, the Turks chose the Bashaw of Belgrade to succeed him in the chief Command of the Army, till the Grand Signior's Pleasure should be known. That the Turks after their Defeat, passed the Save near Belgrade in such Hurry and Disorder, that in the Crowd a good Number of them were thrust over the Sides of the Bridge, and were drowned in the River. On the 12th the Waggon and Carriages, as also the Transport Vessels, were loaded at the Camp near Futack, with Part of the Artillery, Ammunition, and other Necessary Stores for the Siege of Temeswaer; the Carriages by Land being ordered to march with the Army, and the Transport Vessels to proceed on the Danube to the Tibiscus, and pass up the latter, under the Convoy of our Saicks, accompanied by a Colonel with One Thousand detached Foot and Four Pieces of Cannon. On the 13th, it happening to be very bad Weather, the Departure of the said Transport-Vessels was deferred till the Day following. Orders had been dispatched before to Esseck, for fitting out with all Expedition the two Ships of War which were arrived there from Vienna, and sending them to the Mouth of the Tibiscus, there to have their Station till further Order, and in the mean time to secure and

defend that Passage. All necessary Dispositions were likewise made for the March of the Army the next Day: And proper Orders being left with Baron Lesselholz, General of the Artillery, Governour of Peterwaradin, as also a Troop of Horse being added to his Garrison, the whole Army with the Artillery broke up from Futack, and begun their March on the 14th in the Morning before Day-break. On the 16th, Prince Eugene advanced with the Cavalry and the Artillery to Szenta, where the Infantry led by Field Marshal General Count Heister, was to come up and join him on the 18th, in order to pass the Tibiscus and approach Temeswaer; Field-Marshal General Count Palfi, with a strong Detachment of Horse and Foot advancing before, and laying Bridges over the Morasses. We have Advice that the Bashaw of Temeswaer was dangerously wounded in the late Battle, and his Son killed, as also that part of a Detachment of his Garrison was killed in that Action, and part retired to Temeswaer wounded. The Imperial Resident Fleischman having been removed from Semendria to Belgrade, is kept there under a Guard, and no Person is allowed Access to him.

Peterwaradin, Aug. 18. Yesterday arrived from Esseck two Imperial Men of War, which having taken in some Provisions here, proceeded towards Titul, to take their Station at the Place where the Tibiscus falls into the Danube, and to secure the Passage of our Transports up that River for the Army, against the Enemy's armed Vessels; they are to be followed thither by our other Ships of War. In the mean time the Artillery, Ammunition, and Provisions, already sent from hence on the 14th, with Bridges of Boats, and Saicks, are safe arrived in the Tibiscus. 'Tis confirmed from Belgrade, that but a few of the Janisaries escaped from the late Battle, in which, besides the Grand Vizier and the Aga of the Janisaries, 15 Bashaws were killed; and a Bashaw named Omir Agsch is since made Grand Vizier. There was great Desertion from among the Turkish Troops, which was said