



The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Tuesday November 13. to Saturday November 17. 1716.

Vienna, November 7.

BY Letters from Constantinople of the 16th of August we have an Account, that about the 28th of April last the Imperial Resident Fleischman dispatched from thence his Valet de Chambre, by the Way of Walachia, of which the Grand Vizier having secret Information, he sent Orders to all the Frontiers to stop any who should attempt to pass and to seize their Letters: The Valet was taken in Walachia, and sent with the Letters which were found about him to the Vizier, who caused him to be put to Death publicly. In a little Time after, Monsieur Brue, the French Interpreter, was fallen upon by two of the Vizier's Guards, who seized his Horse's Bridle; but their Pistols missing Fire, they withdrew. Two Days after, being in Company with Sig. Maurocordato, Interpreter of the Port, and about 40 other Persons, he was again assaulted by the same Guards, who shot him in the Back, and then five of their Comrades rushing out of a Place where they had lain in wait for him, and the Company dispersing, they cut him to pieces with their Scimiters, without offering to rob him: It was not doubted but this Murther was committed by the secret Order of the Vizier. By the same Letters we learn, that two Servants of Sir Robert Sutton, the British Minister, were stopt at Belgrade in their Way to Constantinople, and confined there from the 5th of July till after the Defeat of the Turkish Army near Peterwaradin, when the Bahaw of Belgrade set them at Liberty, excusing himself for having detained them, and desiring them to assure Sir Robert Sutton, that he had been forced to obey the Orders of the late Vizier. Those Servants, whose Names are Bergoin and Sturm, arrived at Constantinople on the 11th of August, with Letters for Sir Robert Sutton from England. We have also an Account, that the late Vizier, when he was arrived at Belgrade with the Turkish Army, held a great Council of War, in which he was advised not to pass the Save; but he rejected that Advice with Contempt, stayed there only two Days, and having drawn together the Troops on that Frontier and in Garri-son there, consisting of about 12000 Men, to reinforce his Army, and taken out of Belgrade a great Quantity of Ammunition with 60 Battering Pieces, he passed with the Ar-

my over the Save in four Days, by a Bridge of Boats which lay under the Cannon of Belgrade, and advanced towards Peterwaradin. During the Battle, the Vizier did not stir out of his Tent till the Imperialists had penetrated into the Turkish Camp: He first received a slight Wound in one of his Temples by a grazing Shot, and being afterwards shot through the Body, was by his Pages put into one of the Carts belonging to his Kitchen; and being carried off to Belgrade, was buried there with much Ceremony. Nothing was saved of all that was valuable in the Turkish Camp, except about 70 Purfes of Gold, which were plundered by the Spahis, but taken from them again at their Return over the Bridge on the Save. Prince Ercolani, the Emperour's Plenipotentiary to several Courts of Italy, set out Yesterday from hence for that Country. Prince Alexander of Wirtemberg is made Governour of Temeswaer.

Venice, Nov. 6. On the 4th Instant Count Coloredo, the Emperour's Ambassadour, had Te Deum sung in the Chapel of the Bare-footed Friars, for the taking of Temeswaer; and afterwards gave a magnificent Dinner, at which were present the Electoral Prince of Saxony, the Pope's Nuncio, the Resident of His Britannick Majesty, and several other Foreign Ministers, with many Ladies of Quality: At Night there was a Ball, a Consort of Musick, and Illuminations. They are hard at Work in our Arsenal on two new Men of War, besides the two which were lately launched. The Princess of Walachia is gone from hence with her two Sons for Vienna. 'Tis advised from Rome, that on the 31st past a Military Congregation was held, and some Officers of the Pope's Ships of War were broke for not doing their Duty the last Campaign in the Levant, and 'twas reported that the Command of the Pope's Gallies will be given to Sig. Guzzi.

Genoa, Nov. 10. On the 7th Instant arrived here the four French Gallies which not long since passed by for Civita Vecchia, and Yesterday they proceeded on their Return to France. The same Day sailed from hence for Cartagens the five Spanish Gallies which have been with the Venetian Fleet in the Levant. This Day arrived here Mr. Davenant, His Britannick Majesty's Envoy to this Republick.

Brussels