The London Gazette.

puvilines by Author ty.

From Saturday June 8. to Tuelday June 11. 1717.

Berne, June 9.

THE Deputies who went from hence sometime ago to St. Gall, to enquire into several Disorders that had been committed in that Convent, and whereof Complaints had been made to this State, returned hither on the 4th Instant, and are to make their Report the 12th to the Sovereign Council. On the 4th two Deputies were chosen by this Canton, to go and affist at the General Dyet, which, according to Custom, meets every Midsummer; and, its said, is to assemble this Year at Baden, their ancient meeting Place. A Deputy is likewise ap pointed on the part of this State, to go to Soleurre, and receive of the French Ambassa-dour one Year's Arrear of Pension, which he is paying to each Canton. Letters from Mi lan advise, that Sig. Molines arrived there from Rome the 25th past. The Prince of Lewenstein, Governour of the Milaneze, having Notice of his Arrival, detached immediately two German Officers at the Head of a Company to his Inn, called the Three Kings, to seize him, and from thence he was earried in a Coa h to the Castle, together with his R t ue c nfifting of fix Clergy-men, two G ntlemen, and two Servants. They are kept the re close Prisoners, and no body is admitted to speak to them. All his Baggage was likewise carried to the Castle, where the Portmantles having been open'd and thoroughly searched, were afterwards returned to him. He having asked Leave to fend a Courier to Rome, it was granted him; and the Prince of Lewenstein dispatched likewise one to Vienna. The true Reason of the Imprisonment of that Minister, who was on his Way from Rome to Madrid, in order to act as Inquisitor General of that Kingdom, is not yet known. day being the Birth-Day of the King of Great Britain, Mr. Manning, His Majesty's Resident here, gave a handsome Entertainment to many People of Distinction of this Place, which was followed by a Ball.
Vienna, June 2. The last Letters from

Peterwaradin say, that they could yet learn nothing of the Motions or Designs of the Turks, tho' they had used their utmost Endeavours to get Intelligence; and that great Numbers of Arnauts deserted every Day from Belgrade for sear of a Siege. That on the 23d past, Prince Eugene came to Peterwaradin, and the next Day went from thence to Denta, to review Count Mercy's Army which now consists of 40000 Men. That on the 25th he held a Council of War of all the General Officers, to consider of the Operations of the Campaign, in which it is said it was resolved to past the Danube at Orsova, and that Count Mercy should endeavour to seize on that Pass. We hear by the Way of Walachia, that the Differences between the Turks and Tartars encrease daily, insomuch that the latter will send but 30000 Men into the Field this Year, which is not above half

the Number of what they used to furnish. This Disappointment is the greater, because we are certainly inform'd that the Asiatick Troops march very slowly and unwillingly. Three Days ago Count Gallas set out from hence for Rome to continue his Embassy there, and this Morning the Count de Charolois and Count de Bonneval went towards the Army in Hungary, in company with a Son of the Duke de Villeroy, who arrived here two Days ago.

Vienna, June 5. Since the 2d Instant there are no Letters come from Prince Eugene, nor do we hear from other Hands that his Army has made any Motion; neither have we got any further Account of the Turks, but from a Rascian, whom the Prince sent over the Save for a Spy, and was forced to swim back again to save his Life, who reports that the Bulk of the Turkish Army is still at Adrianople waiting for the Troops from Asia, and only 30000 Janisaries are on the March towards Belgrade; so that there is Reason to hope from the Backwardness of the Enemy's Preparations, that it will not be so difficult for the Imperial Army to cross the River as was apppehended, provided they do not delay the attempting it much longer. The Troops of Bavaria which were said to be imbarked some Days ago, will not be ready to leave their Quarters till the 10th Instant.

Cassel, June 10. On the Third Instant Prince William arrived from Dresden, and the Day after his Brother Prince George, from Berlin, who set out last Night Post for Vienna, in his Way to Hungary where he is to serve this Year as a Volunteer. The Dispute about the Marches between the Landgrave and Count Waldeck, which has been depending for some Time before the Judges of the Empire, was determined last Week in Favour of the latter? and it is expected, that the Emperour will give Commission to some of the neighbouring Princes to execute the Sentence of the Court, and put that Count in Possession of a Village, which the Landgrave had seized upon. Letters from Donawerth advises, that the Hessian Regiment designed for Hungary, embarked there the 7th Instant. Last Week M. Brunel arrived from Sweden, by the Way of Gottenburg; he is to reside here, as the King of Sweden's Secretary, to assist the Swedish Envoy General Sparr.

Copenhagen, June 12. On the 10th Instant arrived in the Sound three British Men of War from England, having under their Convoy thirty Merchant-Ships bound for the Baltick. Another British Man of War, being one of those which cruise in the North-Sea, came into this Port on the 8th, with five Swedish Prizes, three of them Privateers, the other two Merchant-Men. On the 11th the British and Danish Squadrons sailed from the Bay of King for the Island of Hanoe.

Hague, June 18. On the 13th Instant the French Ambassadour the Marquess of Chateauneuf received a Letter from Count la

Marcq.