## The London Gazette.

## Published by Anthority.

From Tuelday July 16. to Saturday July 20. 1717.

HE King of Sicily came to Annecy on the 5th Instant in the Evening. He was wholly taken up with performing his Devotions all the next Day, till 7 in the Evening, when he gave Audience to the Deputies sent by this Republick to Compliment his Majesty on his Arrival in their Neighbouthood, and received them with Marks of Kindness and great Civility. His Majesty set out from Annecy on the 7th to return to Chamberry, where 'tis said he will make a shorter Stay than he first intended, having resolved to be at Rivoli before the End of this Month. Two of his Men of War sailed lately from Nizza, with three Transports, to take in at Genoa Cables and Anchors which have been bought there for the Use of his Shipping in Sicily: The rest of his Fleet is gone to cruse on the Coast of that Kingdom, having on board the Marquess of Suza, his Majesty's natural Son.

Berne, July 17. The General Dyet at Barne,

den is broke up, and the French Ambasia-dour return'd to Soleurre. There has nothing pass'd there of any Consequence, nor any thing been treated of but the common Affairs of all the Cantons in general. The Deputies of the eight Old Cantons are gone to Frauenfeld, to adjust, in a particular Asfembly, such Accounts and Appeals, as belong to those eight in common; which done, those of Zurich, Berne and Glaris, are to return to Baden, to treat of such Affairs as regard those three Cantons only. M. Trembley, who returned hither three Days ago from Zurich, fet out Yesterday for Geneva, to give an Account to the Regents there of the Succels of his Commission. He call'd at Baden in his Way from Zurich; and had several Conferences there with the Deputies of the two Cantons of Zurich and Berne, and the Ambassadour of France, upon the Subject of his Commission; and he has disposed the said two Cantons to send a Deputation to the King of Sicily, to interpole their good Offices with His Majesty towards adjusting the Differences between him and the

Republick of Geneva.

Madrid, July 12. Last Week an Express passed through this Place for the Court, which continues at the Pardo, having been dispatched from Bilboa with Letters brought by an Advice-Boat from the Governour of the Havana, which relate, that a famous Pyrate known in the West-Indies by the Name of Mulato, has settled upon a little Island in the Streights of Bahama, and fortisted it; that he has taken some Ships which were passing through those Streights; and that he has made a Descent on the Spanish Colonies with 3000 Men. Letters from Barcelona of the 3d Instant, say the Squadron of Men of War from Cadiz was arrived there, that sive Battallions were already imbarked, and that by the 8th the whole Body ordered to go with this Squadron, amounting to 8000 Men, would be on board.

'Tis not likely that these Preparations should be designed for the Assistance of the Venetians, for there was not any Land Forces on board the Squadron which was sent last Year to the Levant. The Ministers of the Pope and of the Republick of Venice being alarmed at it, went three Days ago to the Pardo, where Count Alberoni assured them that his Catholick Majesty will observe his Engagements with their Principals.

Vienna, July 14. Our latest Advices from the Camp before Belgrade import, that on the 28th past the Bridge over the Save was sinished. On the 29th the Besseged made two Sallies, but were repulsed with little Loss on either Side. The same Day the Befleged fent down the River several Machines, in order to ruine the Bridge on the Danube, which did some little Damage to it, but it was soon repaired: One of them was filled with Bombs, but blew up before it reached the Bridge. On the 3d Instant the Turks abandoned Semlin upon General Hauben's Approach with his Detachment, and he is encamped on the rifing Grounds there, from whence he has a full View of all the Fortifications of Belgrade. Two of the Imperial Ships of War, called the St. Eugene and St. Francis, having been ordered to remove from the Mouth of the Donawitz, and take their Station near Semlin, were on the 5th Instant attacked by about 60 Turkish Ves-sels, part of which were sunk after a sharp Engagement, and the rest retired under the Cannon of Belgrade. On the 5th all the heavy Artillery designed for the Siege, was arrived, and was putting ashore with all Expedition. Several Parties of Tartars which came out of Semendria, had much incommoded our Forragers; one of them falling in with a Party of Imperialifts were all made Prisoners, and among them five Hungarian Rebels who were hanged. Though the Imperialists work very hard on their Lines, yet they are of such an Extent that they cannot be perfected before the 12th Instant, nor can the Trenches be opened till the Lines are finished. They are fixteen Foot broad and eight deep, and all the Earth is thrown up to make a Pa-rapet, which is to be falcined both within and without. By Means of these Lines Prince Eugene proposes to carry on the Siege with Safety, and to chuse either to stay in his Camp, or go out of it to fight the Enemy, as he shall find it most advantageous; tho as yet they have no News of the Approach of the Turkish Army, the great Desertion that is among the Asiatick Troops, being, as is said, the Occasion of the Slowness of their March.

Hague, July 27. On the 21st Instant Sir John Norris arrived here, and next Morning went forward to Amsterdam, to wait for the Czar's coming thither, which 'tis thought will be about the End of this Month. Letters of the 10th Instant from M. Schapsiroff at Spa, give Assurance that the Muscovite Troops

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