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Bermuda, February 16.

Colonel Bennet, our Governour, having received from Great Britain his Majesty's Proclamation for suppressing Pirates, containing among other things a Promise of His Majesty's Gracious Pardon to such as shou'd surrender themselves, sent a Sloop in December last with divers printed Copies of it to Providence, one of the Bahama Islands, being their chief Rendezvous, where the said Proclamation was received with great Demonstration of Joy and Thankfulness by the Pirates, who at that Time happened to be there, declaring they would, as Opportunities offered for their transporting themselves from thence to His Majesty's Plantations, lay hold of the King's Mercy, and surrender themselves to the Governours thereof, and that they did not doubt but their Consorts, who were out a Cruizing, when they heard of the Proclamation, would do the like: Accordingly Captain Henry Jennings and 15 others are arrived here, and have surrendred themselves, and they have brought Letters from Leslie and Nichols, both Commanders of Pirate Sloops, promising to come with a good Number of their Men and surrender themselves likewise, who are daily expected.

Vienna, April 5. General Count Rhettemb went from hence on the 3d Instant for Raab. The same Day a considerable Number of Recruits arrived here from the Emperour's Hereditary Countries, which were immediately sent forward by Water for Hungary. Orders are sent to Croatia to get a Train of Artillery and a great Quantity of Ammunition ready, and to make the other necessary Preparations for the Siege of Bihatz: After the taking of that Castle it is propos'd to attack Zwornick; the taking of which two Places would make the Imperialists Masters of all Bosnia. They write from Transilvania, that a Body of Imperial Troops being sent from thence into Moldavia and Walachia, had raised Contributions in those Provinces to a very considerable Sum.

Berne, April 6. The Deputies of this Canton are expected here this Evening from Baden; those of Zurich and St. Gall are likewise gone to their respective Homes; but they have all left their Secretaries at Baden to carry on the Negotiation for settling the Matters in Dispute between the Abbot of St. Gall and the neighbouring Cantons, and they are to return thither soon after the Easter Holydays to put the last Hand to that Treaty, which is in great Forwardness. Letters from

Milan say, General ^{de} Zumjungen was arrived there from the Imperial Court; that Count Staremberg was set out from thence for Vienna; and that they were at work on the Repairs of the Fortifications of the Citadel of Milan and those of Tortone, Mantua, Cremona and Picighittone.

Dresden, April 13. The Express which lately brought from Warsaw Advice of the Arrival there of the Capigi Bahaw, with the Character of Ambassadour from the Ottoman Port, is sent back with an Invitation to him to come to this Place; and Orders are sent to the King of Poland's Minister at Vienna to procure the necessary Passports for the said Ambassadour's being permitted to travel through the Imperial Territories in his Journey hither. The Body of Saxon Troops which the Emperour has lately taken into his Service, is ordered to be a Readiness to march by the 25th of this Month. The Prince of Saxe Weissenfelds is on his Departure hence to to Weissenfelds, to make a Visit to the Duke Regent his Brother, who is dangerously ill of a Dropsy.

Paris, April 16. The Duke and Dutchess of Lorraine are set out from hence in order to return to Nancy, the Place of their Residence, and have expressed themselves extremely satisfied with the Honours that have been paid them, during their Stay at this Court. The Limits between the French Territories and those of Savoy and Piedmont, are fully adjusted between the Marshal d'Huxelles on the Part of his most Christian Majesty, and the Count de Provana who was employed in that Negotiation by the King of Sicily. Our Troops are ordered to march in May next in order to change their Quarters. The several Branches of the publick Revenue being now entirely settled by the Care of M. d'Argençon Keeper of the Seals, they will shortly be let out to farm to the best Bidders, who shall be able to give sufficient Security for the Performance of their Contracts. They write from Lisbon, that the Spanish Troops that were quartered on the Frontiers of Portugal, towards Badajos, having been ordered to march to other Quarters along the Sea Coasts of Andalusia, and the Court of Portugal having received fresh Assurances from that of Madrid of their fixed Resolution to maintain a perfect Amity and good Correspondence between the Two Crowns, the fitting out of several Men of War and other warlike Preparations that had been begun in Portugal were laid aside, and they only continued to work upon the necessary Repairs of the