The London Gazette.

Busi G d by Authority.

krom Bohday, April 1 to Thursday April 20 1671.

Falmo ith, April 12. He 9th mftant tame into this Port the Society and Bilboa, two Merchant men bound for London, and the next day they failed again with a fair wind; at the fame rime put, to sea several other vessels of Tarmouth and other parts, bound for feveral places in France. The 10th arrived here the Bleffing of London from Kingfale in Ireland: and this day by a velsel come in from the Downs we are told, that the Fleet bound for Jamaica and Barbado's, are passed by this Harbor; which we the rather believe, be-cause several Guns have been this morning heard here a shore, which the Master of the said vessel says, were fired by them.

Truro, April 13. The 11th instant a great Fleet of Merchant-men pail the Lizard, which we suppose to be the remainder of the vircights Fleet, they having the wird at Sauth Laft, kept the whole day off of the shore, lut proving somewhat favourable towards the evening, it is hoped they might get up the Clannel: Here is arrived a veilel in four days

from Croifed, bur brings not any thing of news.

Plymouth, Aprel 14. There are at prefent failing out of this Port the Decring and the Margares of this place, both bound for famaica; together with the fal n at d Nargaiet, Robert Martin Commander, bound for the East Indies; This day arrived here the Industry of London, Rolard Yard Commander, Jaden with Tobacco from Virginia.

Rome, April 4. The Pope continues still much troub hed with a Rhoume, notwill flanding which, he hath mot omitted to affift confantly at the Functions and other publick Solemniti & fthis Eafter week, though the whole Colledge of Gardinals having a particular regard to his great age and present indisposition of health, would willingly have perswaded him to the contrary. The first different the Duke de Gravina Orfino, arrived at Caftel Gondolpho, few miles of this mace from Naples, where he was received and entertained in the Castle with great honours and respect, on the part of the Cardinal Altierie, who to that end had sent thither several of the principal Officers of his Houthold; the same day he came to Fown, and after having for some short time refresht hin felfafter his journey, he went prefently to vilit his Bride the Lady Ludovica Altieri, as likewise some others of his nearest Relations : the mext day he was to pay! is duty to his Holines, who was pleafed to receive him with very particular expressions of esteem and affection; in the mean time allthings are making ready for the celebrating the Marriage, immediately after which, that Duke intends to return with his Lady to Naples, to avoid the great expendes of this Court.

The Marquis de Saignelay continues still here, viewing the several curiosities of the place; it is said, that soon after the solemnity of Canonizing the strength seven Saints, which is to be the 12th instant, is pass he will got hence towards Naples, to make some short stay there, and so to return for France.

In few days the Prince de Palestrina intends to depart for Loretto, to meet there the Dutchess Dow-Secondly, that the Venetians withdraw their Garriager de Modena his Sister, who it is said is coming to sons from the controverted places on the borders pals some time in this Court.

It is now certainly faid that the Cardinals Caps at present void, will be disposed of to Baily Rospig. Itofi, Nephew to the late Pope Clement the IX.

From Bolggne they write, that all things are at length fairly composed, and the Countrey settled a-

gain in an chtire quietness.

Venice, April 11. Some days since imported a Gally from the Coast of Dalmatia, with Letters from General Barbaro to the Senate,, in which he very earnestly presses them to send him some further supply of Money for the carrying on their service in those parts; and also informs them that the Bassa of Bosnia was dead, and that other Commissioners were arrived from the Port, to Treat with this Repub-

lick, in the matter of the limits.

We very much fear fome milunderstanding may arise between the Port and this State, occasioned by what lately happened in *Dalmatia*, which was thus, During the late warr between the Ottomans and this State, the Grand Signior having by his Bassa's invaded the Territories of this Republick in Datmatia, Albania, &c. The Venetians very bravely refisted them, obtaining many advantages over them, in the year 1648, under the conduct of Leonardo Foscolo, they took Cattaro, a very large and considerable Port, able to receive the greatest ships, being five miles long, as much in breadth; upon which the Turks quitted a certain place called Rissano, an open indefensible place, lying at the foot of Montenegro, of which the Venetians likewise possessed themselves, which places were by the late Treaty of peace at *Gandia*, left in the possession of the Rc-publick; now it so happened, that this last winter one *Philippovich*, together with some other eminent persons, so far prevailed with the Bassa of Bosnia, as that he should connive at a designe they had of feizing on Rissano, where they supposed to find but little opposition: General Barbaro having received notice hereof, conveys privately some men into the Town; the Inhabitants of Montenegro, notwithstanding they are subjects of the Port, undertaking the defence of the place, and further he fends a Gally into the Port, as a Guard to the place; Philippovich comes with 3000 Turks to surprize the Town, but meets with such warm resistance, that he was forced to retire in great confusion, leaving about two or three hundred of his men killed upon the place; the Bassa is very much incensed hereat, and especially with the inhabitants of Montenegro, and immediately being corrupted by the parties concerned in the action, writes to the Grand Vizier, giving him an account of what had passed very partially, and with much prejudice to the Republick and General Barbaro; the Vizier complains hereof to the Venetian Ambastador at the Port, and calls it a violation of the peace; first, in encouraging, as he will have it, the inhabitants of Montenegro, to bear Arms against the forces of the Grand Sign ior their Lord and Master; and next, for having discharged several Canon against them, befides leveral other things which he fays is a most notorious rupture of the present peace; insatisfaction for which, he first demands General Barbaro's head i Secondly, that the Venetians withdraw their Garri-