

The London Gazette.

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From Saturday April 4. to Tuesday April 7. 1719.

Genoa, March 23.

Yesterday came into this Port the Garland, a British Man of War, in seven Days from Port-Mahon, whence she came in Company with another British Man of War the Loo, which remains out on her Cruize. These two Ships were sent by Sir George Byng, to cruize in these Seas and protect the Commerce.

Dublin Castle, April 1. Yesterday his Grace the Duke of Bolton, Lord Lieutenant of this Kingdom, embarked at Holyhead, and arrived here after a very quick Passage of seven Hours. His Grace was received at his Landing by the Lords Justices, the Privy Council, the Nobility and the Judges; and nearer the Town by the Lord Mayor and Aldermen. His Grace came to the Castle in his Coach, being preceded by a Party of the Militia-Horse, and a Party of the Horse of the Army, the State Trumpets, and the Heralds: The Sheriffs of the City were on each Side of his Grace's Coach, which was followed by those of the Nobility, Privy Council, Judges, and other Persons of Distinction, the Streets being lined by the Regiments of Train-bands and Foot-Soldiers: And his Grace having entred the Castle the Artillery fired three Rounds. In his Passage through the Streets to the Castle, it was observed that the People expressed more than ordinary Satisfaction at his Grace's Arrival in this Juncture, when His Majesty's Government is threatned with an Invasion.

On the 26th past, the Lords Justices and Council issued a Proclamation, for preventing Dangers that may arise from Papists, or other Persons disaffected to his Majesty's Government, at this Juncture when his Majesty's Dominions are threatned with an Invasion from Spain, in favour of the Pretender to his Crown. By which their Excellencies commanded and required the several Justices of the Peace and Magistrates of this Kingdom, to sieze and secure the Arms of all Papists and reputed Papists, (such only excepted to whom they had granted Licences upon lodging Certificates in the Council-Office, of their having taken the Oath of Abjuration, according to Law;) as also to sieze all serviceable Horses, Mares and Geldings of all Papists, reputed Papists, or Persons refusing the Oath of Abjuration, worth above five Pounds (Stallions and Mares kept only for Breed, and Colts or Fillies under four Years of Age excepted;) and did thereby also direct, that the Laws should strictly be put in Execution against all Protestants, who should conceal any Horses, Mares or Geldings, or any Arms or Ammunition belonging to such Papist, or reputed Papists, and that the Oath of Abjuration should be tendered to all Persons suspected of Disaffection to his Majesty; and did also require that strict Search should be made after all Popish Archbishops, Bishops, Deans and Regulars of the Popish Clergy,

and after all Popish Priests who have come into the Kingdom since the Act prohibiting the same; and all unregistered Priests, and others in the Proclamation mentioned, and to sieze and secure such as should be found: And did further require all Sheriffs, Justices of the Peace, Magistrates, and other Officers, to put the Laws in due Execution against all riotous and unlawful Assemblies at Wells, and other Places of pretended Devotion, and to suppress all Meetings at Horse-Races, (such only excepted at such Times and Places where and when it has been annully usual to have publick Plates; and such like Rewards set up to be run for) and all tumultuous and numerous Meetings and Assemblies, under Pretence of Foot-Ball playing, Hurling, Commoning, or other Sports.

Their Excellencies did likewise on the said 26th of March, by a Letter to all Governours, Deputy Governours, High Sheriffs of Counties, and other chief Magistrates of Cities and Towns Corporate, and to all Justices of the Peace within this Kingdom, direct and require them to sieze all Gun Powder and other Ammunition in the Hands of any Shop-keeper, or other Person or Persons, though Protestants, making Traffick thereof, and usually selling the same by Wholesale or Retail, to prevent its being sold to Papists, and other disaffected Persons, giving the Owner or Owners a Receipt for such Quantities as they should sieze, which they were directed forthwith to convey to the next Magazine or Store house belonging to His Majesty, to be there laid up for his Majesty's Service, taking a Receipt from the Store-keeper, and giving an Account to their Excellencies, that they might immediately order due Payment and Satisfaction to be made to the respective Owners, by the Deputy Vice-Treasurer, without Fees, or any other Charges or Deductions whatsoever. And in case His Majesty should have no regular Magazine or Store house in or near the Place where such Ammunition should be siezed, then the Magistrate or Magistrates who should secure the same, were ordered and empowered to lodge such Ammunition in such Place as he or they should judge most secure and convenient for that purpose (always allowing the Owners, until they should be fully paid and satisfied for the same) the Liberty of retailing small Quantities to His Majesty's Protestant Subjects, being first assured, That no ill Use should be made of this Liberty, and taking Care as far as in him or them lies, that no part thereof might by this means fall into suspected Hands.

Dublin, April 1. His Grace the Lord Lieutenant received Letters To Day from Cork, advising that a Ship arrived there on the 28th of last Month. The Captain of which, who is well known to many Merchants both here and at Cork, and esteemed a very honest and sensible Man, gives an Account that he was as Ca

die, and saw a considerable Number of Forces embarked on 21 Transports; and that the current Reports at that Place were, That the Embarkation consisted of 5000 Foot and 600 Horse, together with 30000 small Arms and a great Quantity of Powder: That on the 27th of February, O. S. those Transports sailed under the Convoy of two Spanish Men of War of 60 Guns each; and the Greyhound (formerly taken from the English) of 22 Guns, after six English Gentlemen in Disguise had gone on board the Commodore: And that it was said they were designed for Corunna, there to be joined by more Forces and then to proceed to invade Great Britain or Ireland. The Transports were extremely crowded, abundance of Men being forced to lie on the Deck; and the Car straw for the Horses being packed up in Bags, they were obliged to lash those Bags a long-side the Ships, exposed to the Weather: A great many of the Men shipped for Soldiers had been pressed in the Streets of Cadiz, and immediately hurried on board: The Horses were ill stowed, and had been shipped 20 Days before they left Cadiz: And no more than 21 Days Provisions were put on board with these Forces. On the 2d of March the said Captain sailed from Cadiz, and on the 7th saw a Fleet of Ships 25 Leagues West North West off Capé St. Vincent, standing Southward, the Wind at South East, one of which making towards him, he soon knew her to be the Greyhound, by which and by the Number of Ships he found it to be the Fleet which he saw sail from Cadiz: The Night coming on he got clear. By the Course they were then steering he judges they were making back to Cadiz, having then but 11 Days Provisions left, and Corunna so far distant that there was no Probability of their fetching it. Soon after he parted from them he had extraordinary bad Weather, and concludes, that if they had the same they could not reach Cadiz, but must bear away to the Canaries. It is to be observed, that he does not give the Number of Forces, Arms, Horses and Provisions above mentioned, from his own Knowledge, but from the Reports of the Spaniards. He says that the Spaniards in Cadiz expressed great Joy that the Catholics in Great Britain and Ireland were now to be relieved. On the 10th of March, being in the Latitude of 40, about 70 Leagues West from Portugal, he saw eight tall Ships from 50 to 60 Guns or thereabouts standing Southward, one of them carried a broad Pendant and Dutch Colours; he was about a Mile to Windward of them, but as they did not attempt to chase him, he could make no Judgment what they were.

Whitehall, April 6. Letters from Captain Cavendish, on board his Majesty's Ship *Dover* at Gibraltar, giving an Account of what he had learned of the sailing of the Fleet from Cadiz, say, that the Spaniards had pressed all Sorts of People; at least 1500, to compleat their Regiments; and were in such Want of Seamen, that they pressed all the Boat men they could find to Man their two largest Ships of War.

Royal Hospital at Greenwich, April 4, 1719.

The Directors of His Majesty's Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich do hereby give Notice, That such Bakers and Cheesemongers as are willing to furnish the said Hospital with such sorts of Goods as shall be required of

them, may give in their Proposals to them on Saturday the 11th Instant, at 9 in the Morning, in the said Hospital; and in the mean time, they may be more particularly informed by the Steward there, of the several Species expected from each Contractor.

Essex-House, April 4, 1719.

Notice is hereby given, that on the 21st Instant, at Nine in the Morning at Essex-House aforesaid, will be exposed to Sale by way of Cant or Auction, the Freehold and Inheritance of the late Duke of Ormond's Dwelling-House in St. James's-Square, lately inhabited by the Marquis de Monteleone; together with Scabbles, Out-Houses and Appurtenances, and the Site or Ground whereon they severally stand, containing in Front 100 Foot, and in Depth 150, or thereabouts.

The Court of Directors of the United Company of Merchants of England Trading to the East-Indies, do hereby give Notice and declare, That they will allow five per Cent Interest on their Bonds for one Year from the 31st of March last, from the Expiration of which Time no Alteration shall be made in the Interest, but upon six Months Notice,

Advertisements.

IN Pursuance of a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, all the Creditors of William Berners, late of Miles-Place, in the Parish of Much Hatham, in the County of Hertford, Esq; deceased, are her by required to make Proof of their respective Debts before Fleckwood Dwyer, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Office in Lincoln's Inn, in order to have the Benefit of the said Decree for Satisfaction of their said Debts, upon Payment of their proportionable Shares of the Charges of the Suit: And such of the said Creditors as shall not make Proof of the same within six Months after this Publication, will be excluded the Benefit of the said Decree.

SOME Wood Grounds at Treswell, in the County of Nottingham, well stocked with Timber, and other Lands of Inheritance in Treswell, of the yearly Value of 30 l. and the Tythes and Glebe-Land in the Parish of Ketterport, in the said County; and all the Tythes within the Parish of Loughton, in the County of York, held by two Church Leases for three Lives, and a Word at Loughton aforesaid, are, pursuant to a Decree of the Court of Exchequer, to be sold to the best Purchaser before John Harding, Esq; Deputy-Recorder of the said Court, at the Exchequer Office in the Inner-Temple; where Particulars may be had.

TO be sold a Freehold Messuage, with the Appurtenances; called the Globe Inn, at Three Mile Cross near Reading, in the Parish of Shinfield, in the County of Wilts; As also a Copyhold Messuage near the Bridge at Limehouse, in the Parish of Stepney, in the County of Middlesex, now in the Occupation of Mr. Batman; both which Messuages lately belonged to Samuel Welbeck, of Reading aforesaid, against whom a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded. Inquire further, of Mr. Clive, in Ironmonger-Lane, London; or of Mr. Andrew Hall, in Reading.

Messieurs John Eyre, Edward Gregg, and Sells Norris, give Notice, they intend on the 29th Instant, to make a Dividend of the Estate of James Holdsworth, late of Tower-street; London, Druggist: Therefore the said Holdsworth's Creditors are, on or before the 22d Instant, to deliver an Account of their respective Debts to Mr. Thomas Walton, Attorney in St. Thomas's-parish, London, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend; and all Persons indebted to his Estate, are to pay the same to the said Mr. Walton, or they will be sued.

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded against John Lightbourn, of Manchester, in the County of Lancashire, Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt; the Commissioners intend to meet on the 17th Instant, at Nine in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, to settle Assignances; where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts and pay Contribution-Money: And all Persons that are indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any Goods or Effects of his in their Hands, are not to pay or deliver the same to any Person but whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but are to give Notice to Mr. Adrian Moore, Attorney in New Inn, London.

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded against Edmund Taylor, of London, a Noble Man, and he being declared a Bankrupt; the Commissioners intend to meet on the 11th and 17th Instant, at Nine in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London; where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts and pay Contribution-Money: At the 2d of which sittings the Commissioners will appoint Assignances; and all Persons who are indebted to the said Bankrupt, or have any Goods or Effects of his in their Hands, are not to pay or deliver the same to any Person but whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but are to give Notice to Mr. William Dandy, Attorney, in Aldersborough, London.