The London Gazette.

Bublico es Auchomy.

From Chursday, May 18. to Donday May 22. 1671.

Lisbonne, April 29.

Tlergt's our Brafile Fleet confilting of thirs ty odd fayl, together with the two East India ships, are set out from hence in pursuance of their several voyages. Of

all those which by the general report were condemned to be baniflied, only the Marquis de Milquitela fuffered in that particular, and was accordingly shipt on board one of the faid Eaf India thips, to remain exiled for ever in those parts; amongst other great Crimes committed by the faid Marquis, it is found that it was he that some time fince killed the Marquis de Sande as he çame from the Palace, though by mistake; thinking him to have been Don Francisco de Luna (in whole Litter he happened then to be) for whom he lay in wait, upon a private quarrel, to affault him as be palled.

Yesterday the Marquis de Marialva returned hither from the Trontiers, where he had been by order of the Prince Regent to vifit the Fortifications, and to fee in what condition those parts at present are, sipon the advice we lately received here, that the Spaniards were reinforcing all their Garrifons that border on this Kingdome

The Popes Nuncio is not yet arrived, but is dayly expected, all men in the mean time wondring very much what may retard him ; But in the intesim we receive the Popes Bulls for the confirmation of our new Bilhops, the Poft yesterday brought us those for the Archbilhop of Euora, Diego de Soufa; for the Bilhop of Lamego, Don Luis de Sousa; the Bishop of Vijeu, Manoel de Saldonka; and for the Bishop of Finchal, in the Island of Maderas, Gabriel de Almeida,

The Dutch Veffel which was forme time fince fequestred here, for going to Brazile without glving caution first, accordingly to what is here practiced, hath upon a farther examination of that matter been releafed again.

Hambrough, May 19. By feveral Travellers paf-fing this place from Warfaw and other parts in Poland, we are told, of the troubles which in all probability are like to be in the Ukrain this Summer ; the Coffacks increasing dayly in strength, under the command of Doroshensko, a profeit enemy to that Kingdom, and backed by the Turks and Tarters, especially the former, who promise them, as is faid, large succors, the better to enable them for the carrying on their defigns against the Poles, who now begin to look about them, and to make all possible provision for their defence and fecurity, in cale of an attacque.

From Viennz of the 14th instant our Letters in-form us, that the Prince d' Aversbergh, had by the Emperors order been taken into cuftody, as was thought, upon Tome difcovery made by the Count | farther order. From Germany they tell us, that Nadafi, of his having been privy to leveral mat-ters relating to the Rebellion in Hungary; that

enjoy that imall Effate he had left behind him, as well for their own fublistance as the paying of his debts, and some inconfiderable Legacies he had made to his particul: r Friends and Relations; who in the mean time have obtained leave for the conveying his Body into Hungary, to be there buried amongit his Ancestors.

The 10th inftant Nagiferenez, and Bignedi were brought to their Tryal, and there condemned to luffer death as Rebels against his Imperial Majestien Government; they continue still priloners, the day not being yet appointed for their execution; in the interim, great applications are made by their friends to obtain their pardon, not without fome hopes of fuccels.

The Emperor hath taken away from the Chil-dren of the Count Serini, all the Eftate their Father had in Hungary, intending them the fame proportion of Lands and to the fame value, in lieu thereof in his Hereditary Countries, to the end they may not be able, when come to age, to endeavor any disturbances in those Countries, through the sence they may have of their Fathers death.

Some days fince arrived here Signior Altri, in quality of Nuncio from the Pope, where having refresht himself after his journey for some days, he is gone for Laxemburgh, where their Imperial Ma-jestics continue fill with the whole Court. The Turkish Chiaus lately arrived here from the Baffa of Bude, with allurances from the Port of a perfect friendship, is departed again on his way home, extremely satisfied with his entertainment here, and especially with the rich presents he received at his departure by the Emperors order.

From Prefburgh they write, that things begin to have a better face then tormerly, the Gentry feen-ing very ready to confent to whatever the Emperor shall defire of them, and have now unanimoully agreed to maintain the Imperiall Troops to be quartered in thole Countries; and feveral other matters much conducing to the publick peace and fecurity. From the Port we have of late received but little

news, out last Letters speak, as if the Grand Signior had fome defign upon Poland this Summer, but we hope otherwife.

Paris, May 23. During the absence of the Court here passes little of news. From Thealon we have advice, that there was lately gone from thence 14. French men of War, together with Nine Galleys, as was faid for Tunks, to endeavor if possible, by fome confiderable attempt, to bring those people to more reasonable terms, then hitherto they have admitted of an accommodation.

From Lorrain they write, as if the Mareshal de Crequi had received directions, to caule the Troops at prelent quartered in those Countries, to march towards the River Sarre, and to encamp there till the Emperor hath nominated the Electors of Majters relating to the Rebellion in Hungary; that ence, of Treves, and of Saxony, joyntly to take the faid Count Nadafti had before his death written into their possession by way of sequestration, the to the Emperor, befeeching him to compassion places of Hombourg and Biche, possess by the Duke matter has innecent Children, and to suffer them to of Lorrain, who is immediately to withdraw his Garrildut