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From ~~Thursday~~, August 10 to ~~Monday~~ August 14, 1671.

Lyme, August 9.

THe 7 instant arriv'd here the *Charity* of this place in Seaven weeks from the *Barbados*, and tells us, of the good and healthy condition of that Island.

Florence July 26. The *Sieur Magalotti* is raising here 600 Men for the Service of his most Christian Majesty, of which he hath raised one hundred, and sent them to *Thoulon*, to be disposed of there, according to farther order. From *Porto Ferraro* we have advice, that the Squadron of French Gallies under the Command of *Monfieur de Viponne* was there in Port, but intended to sayl in a day or two, as was thought, for *Thoulon*.

Some days since the *Marquis de Villa Franca* touched with his Gallies, at *Leghorn* on his way from *Naples*, and after a short stay proceeded for *Barcellont*, from whence he intends to pass for *Madrid*. By a Vessel arriv'd at *Legborne* from the Coast of *Barbary*, we are told, that *Tuffletta* hath declared Warr against those of *Argiers*.

Madrid, August 1. From *Cadix* of the 19 past they write, that on the 20 imported there for England 22 Sayl of Merchant men, under the Convoy of the *Crown* and *Tyger* Frigats: And from *Malaga* of the 14 of the same Month, that the *Dragon* had lately put in there, but was gone thence again to find out *Sir Edward Spragge*.

That there had likewise arriv'd the *Garland* and *Warwick* on their way for England from *Port Mahon*, where they left *Sir Edward Spragge*, with intentions to sayl for *Argiers*. They farther write, that their last advices from *Tangier* acquainted them with the good condition of that place, and that the Mole was so far advanced, as that Ships might ride there very secure from any accidents whatsoever.

From *Alicint* they tell us, that they had advice there, that the people of *Argiers* were extremely dejected, at the great loss they lately received in the burning their Ships at *Bugia* by the *English*; that they had been so highly incens'd against all the Officers that commanded on those ships, that they immediately setled upon them at their coming thither, and have ever since kept them in Irons, and forced them to work amongst their Slaves; that they would doubtles have offered some violence to the *English* Consul there, but that he obtained protection in the Dyc's house.

Genova, August 1. By a Vessel arriv'd here in 16 days from *Tivca* we are told, that before their departure from that Island, there arriv'd two *English* Frigats from *Argiers*, to take in several necessaries for the Fleet, and that they brought news, that *Sir Edward Spragge*, His Majesty of great *Britain's* Admiral in these Seas, had lately made an attempt upon that place; and having forced two channes, that were laid cross the entrance, for the security of ten of their Men of War then in Port, he had happily burnt three of them, being all new ships, and obliged the Turks to sink the other seaven, to escape the same destruction; that *Sir Edward Spragge* had demolished the

Castle or Fort which stood on the Mould, and had brought away several small Vessels, together with three Barks, that were going thither with Counterband Goods; of which we hope to have suddenly a more particular confirmation.

Stockholm, August 1. About the beginning of the next week their Majesties are expected here out of the Country, with the absent Senators, when the Senate will be assembled again for the dispatching of several affairs, as well Domestick as Forreign.

The Directors which were said to have arriv'd here on the part of the Northern Company, lately established at *Paris*, for the setting a Trade here for French Wines, Brandy, &c. are since gone hence on the same account towards *Riga*, not having, as is said, been yet able to effect any thing in that matter. We are told, that *Monfieur Windisgratz* is appointed by the Emperor to come hither in quality of his Envoy Extraordinary.

Ratisbonne, August 6. Several affairs are at present before this Diet, of which we expect a sudden conclusion. The Counts of *Nassau* sollicite very earnestly for the restoring to them the Fortrels of *Homburgh*, which it seems, was formerly engaged for a certain summe of money to the Duke of *Lorraine*.

We expect here the great Master of the Teutonick order, who is going to *Vienna*, to negotiate some affairs at that Court. From *Lower Saxony* they write, as if the Dukes of *Brunswick* and *Luncnburgh*, had taken the Town of *Hildesheim* into their protection.

Hoydelbergh, August 8. The 6 instant returned hither our young Electoral Prince from *Danemark*, and other Forreign parts; on his way hither he passed through *Pyrmont*, where he visited the Princes of *Brunswick* and *Lunenburgh*, by whom he was received with extraordinary kindness and respect; we are told, that this Prince expects his intended Bride, the Princess of *Danemark* here, the 25 of the next Month, in order to the celebrating their Marriage; that King having at his departure from *Copenhagen*, promised him, that she should follow the 24 instant from thence for *Oldenburgh*, and after some short stay there, proceed on her journey to be here about the said 25 of *September*.

From *Homburgh* of the first instant, we have advice, that the day before entred that place 150 Men, by order of the Elector of *Treves*, appointed by the Emperor to take possession of that place, till the sum of 140000 Crowns be paid to the Duke of *Lorraine*, upon which it is to be restored to the Counts of *Nassau*; and that at the same time marched out 100 Lorrainers who were in Garrison there, on the part of that Duke; that Colonel *Cronder* continued still there with his Companie of 30 Men, upon promise to depart in few days, when he had received directions from the Duke, how to dispose of his Men.

Cologne, August 14. Two Soldiers belonging to this Garrison, having been some days since abroad a hunting, on their return home again, meet near