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Madrid, November 3.

ON the 30th of last Month an Express from France arrived at the Escurial, with the Ratifications of the Treaties of Marriage concluded between the two Royal Families; and with an Account of the Duke of St. Simon's being on the Road from Paris for Spain. Hereupon the Court resolved to remove hither To-Morrow, and Orders were issued to hasten the Preparations for the Journey their Catholick Majesties have resolved to take with the Infanta, as far as Burgos. The Marquess de Maulevrier having taken on him the Character of Ambassadour of France, and being appointed to act jointly with the Duke of St. Simon, who is vested with the same Character; his Catholick Majesty has nominated the Marquesses de Bedmar and Grimaldo, to be his Plenipotentiaries for adjusting with the said French Ministers the Ceremonies proper to be observed at the respective Delivery and Reception of the Infanta and of Mademoiselle de Montpensier. The said Marquess de Maulevrier, who some Time since had the Honour of Knighthood of the Golden Fleece conferred on him, has not yet been vested with the Badges of that Order; because the Pope's Nuncio has interposed, by a Memorial presented to his Majesty, setting forth, that the Marquess being before a Knight of the Order of St. Lewis, cannot receive and wear the Distinctions of the other Order, without an express Dispensation from the Pope. The Queen Dowager of Spain who resides at Bayonne, has sent Presents of Gold Watches adorned with Diamonds to the Marquess and Marchioness de Grimaldo, in Acknowledgment of that Minister's good Offices in procuring Payment of the Arrears of the Jointure settled on her by King Charles II, with Leave also to return into any Province of this Kingdom, and take her Residence in whatever Town she shall chuse. A new Regulation is published, for preventing the bringing in of the Plague from France; by which Regulation the most rigorous Punishments are ordered to be inflicted by the Governours of the Ports and of the Inland Frontier Places, upon all those who shall offend against the Rules prescribed therein.

Paris, Nov. 26. The following Extract of the Advices relating to the Plague received by the Court to the 19th of November, has been communicated to the foreign Ministers.

The Duke de Roquelaure in his Letters of the 3d, 5th and 7th of November, says the Plague does not make any Progress towards the Vivarais, the Velay, or the Sevenses. The Blockade of Alais is well kept: From the 1st to the 3d of November 11 Persons died there: Two Families only of that Town are infected; they were to be removed into the Suburbs. The Distemper seemed to have very much abated at Marvejols the 3d. Good Care is taken of Mende, but the Sickness continues there. Alteyrac is infected; two Families have already perished there; That Village has but 50 Houses. The Parish of Affions in the Neighbourhood of St. Genaix, is suspected. M. de Bernage, in his of the 3d, 5th and 7th of November, says, At Mende 12 Persons died the 1st of November, and the 3d at Noon six were dead. Banassac and Montferrand are still in a bad Condition. The Country between the 1st and 2d Line continues in good Health, Genouillac and St. Genaix excepted, where the Plague had broke out before the last Line was formed. M. de Roche, in his of the 3d and 5th of November, says, The Distemper is certainly in its Decline at Marvejols; and yet two or three Persons die there a Day, and as many fall sick of whom very few escape. It is computed, that 520 have died in the Town of Mende from the 4th of September to the 1st of

November; and 90 at St. Genaix. The Sickness decreases at Vergogneux, Couze, and other small Places. A Person has newly fallen ill at Chambon. Commissary Richard writes the 4th of November, That the Plague makes great Ravages in Moulins, a large Village on the Tarn. M. de Frey the commanding Officer at Mende, in his Letter of the 26th of October, says, Every Day 10 or 12 Persons die in the Infirmaries; it is reckoned that to this Day 463 have died. The Town is healthful, no sick Person is suffered to remain in it: Those Inhabitants who are lodged in Barracks in the Neighbourhood, are well. M. d'Iverny in his of the 3d of Nov. says, At Alais 63 Persons in all have died, and there are now 25 sick in the Suburbs. Three Persons have died in one House in a small Village of the Parish of St. Paul la Coste two Leagues from Alais; that House is invested. He had satisfied himself, that there was nothing of the Plague at Monteil or at Mejolue. M. de Rambion in his of the 7th of November, confirms the good Order kept in the Town of Alais, by the Care of the Bishop, and the Vigilance observed at the Blockade and the Line. M. de Nogaret writes the 7th of November, That to the 3d of November there were 1539 dead at Avignon and 1480 sick. M. de Galean had writ to him two Days before, That the Distemper decreased there a little. M. Dastier a Lieutenant of the Mareschaussée, in his Letter of the 8th of November, says he had received Information, That the Distemper had broke out afresh at Marvejols, and made great Havock there, as well as at Mende and at Moulins, where hardly any body was left. M. de Caussade in his of the 7th of November, says, The Distemper does not spread towards Auvergne; Ville-roussel and Chapignie which lye nearest to it, begin to be better: But St Leger is in a very bad State of Health. The Velay is in perfect Health. The Marquess de Lignerac in his of the 8th of November sends a Letter from the Syndick of the Gevaudan, advising, That the Infection broke out from time to time in some Village or other of that Country. At Lauvejols a Boy had died so suddenly, that it was feared the Distemper had got thither. It was feared likewise that Bramonal was infected, the Curate of Bergeac having caught the Distemper there. Advices from several Parts had come to the said Syndick, That Nismes, Beaucaire, le Caylat and Calmelle in Lower Languedoc, were infected. The Viscount de Beaune in his of the 9th and 12th of November, sends a Letter from M. de la Borde a Physician, advising that Chasselouze and Alteyrac a little on this Side Mende were infected. M. de la Morle la Peirouffe, in his of the 8th of November confirms, That the Town of Puy and the Velay are in good Health. M. de Belrieu writes the 6th of November; Dauphiné continues to enjoy perfect Health. Sarrier near Bedarides is newly infected. The Comtat is in a very bad State. Carpentras is in Health. M. de Launay, in his of the 1st and 6th of November, says, Two Buriers of the Dead who had fled out of the Comtat, were seized and shot dead near Saune in Dauphiné, and their Bodies burnt with the Barrack they had in the Mountains. A third Burier of the Dead was shot at the Barrier of Molans. The Disorder continues in Avignon. The Sickness makes no Progress at Orange. All the Frontier along the Line is in perfect Health. M. de Medavy, in his of the 6th of Nov. says, The Distemper kindled again between the 23d and 28th of October in the Comtat, without communicating it self to new Places: He hopes Orange will be soon freed from it. M. de Vedrille, in his of the 3d of November says, That he had received a Letter from Avignon, advising, that to the 27th of October about 70 Persons a Day had died there.