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Paris, December 3.

HE following Extract of the Advices relating to the Plague received by the Court to the 26th of November, has been communicated.

cated to the foreign Ministers.

Provence: M. le Bret in his Letters of the 10th and 12th of November, fays, Besse and Roquebrussanne continue bad. The Village of Foux in the District of Puget is better. Salon appears to be cured, the last Accident not being attended by any Consequence. Avignon was in a very bad State, according to our last Advices: The People were much divided and very disorderly. A Letter of the 3d of November says 120 had died or fallen sick that Day. M. de Castelanne Esparron writes the 8th of November, that the Plague has ceased in all the Places on this Side of the Verdon. M. Senchon in his of the 8th of November, includes an Authorisk Account of November incloses an Authentick Account, that to the 1st of November 215 were dead at Avignon, and 391 sick. On the 4th 100 Perfons of Condition were sick there; till then the Distemper had only raged among the Populace. The Surgeons, Officers of the Infirmaries, and Consessor, were all dead: There remained only at the Infirmaries two Dominicans, who came from Arete Infirmaries Infirm the Infirmeries two Dominicans, who came from Ar-The Distemper has got into the Village of Caumont. M. de Caylus in his of the 11th of November, writes, That Provence is in a confirmed State of Health, and that there are but few fick at Besse and Roquebrussanne. M. d'Entrechaux, First Consul of Toulon, in his of the 8th of November, sends a printed Declaration of the Magistrates, That that Town is in a good State of Health. M. de Belrieu in his of the 24th of October, and 10th of November, says, That he had discharged from Quarantain Valreas and Visau, which belong to the Comtat, and are behind the Line, upon authentick Certificates from the Consuls that those Places are in good Health. The Consuls of Orange had written to him the 20th of October, That for Eight Days before none had tallen sick there. He continues to assure us, That the Line des Baronies is impenetrable; four Buriers of the Dead, and a Woman, who had escaped from Avignon, had been shot dead. The Lower Dauphine is in perfect Health. M. de Chabrillan writes the 15th of November, That the 13th a Burier of the Dead, who had retired to St. Gervais, was shot dead; he had not had Communication with any body. That all the Vivarais on this side of the Ardeche, and all Dauphiné, are in perfect Health. Brigadier Argencon writes from Monoscoue the 4th of November. Roquebrussanne. M. d'Entrechaux, First Consul of Dauphine, are in perfect Health. Brigadier Argen-fon writes from Monosque the 5th of November, That the District where he commands is in good Health: For 45 Days together none had fallen fick at Cucurron: In the open Country thereabouts, two had died about ten Days before; he had caused the Bastide in which they lived to be burnt, and a Man who had been with them to go naked into Quarantain. The Line which secures the Comtar is well guarded, he believes the Sickness at Avignon will not get through it. M. de Nogaret in his of the 13th of November, writes, that for four or five Days the Sickness had decreased at Avignon and at Orange: That some Towns and Villages in the Comtat are sull in a bad State. M. de Medavi writes the 11th and 16th of November, that two Men comthe 11th and 16th of November, that two Men coming out of the Comtat had been shot dead; that another who with forbidden Goods had attempted to pais the Line, was shot likewise; as also a third, who had been taken offending against his Ordinance of the 3d of October.

The Gevendin. The Duke de Roquelaure in his of the 10th, 12th and 19th of November, 1ays, Mende and its Neighbourhood continue in a very bad State. Montierant and Berjac are lately intected. Chabalter begins to be better. Chanac is not infected, though so reported. St. Genaix and Genoullac are bad still, but the Distemper does not make any Progrets in their Neighbourhood. There is nothing to be feared from Chambon, though there is one Sick Person there. He assures us, that the

Plague does not make any Progress in the Vivarais, nor on the Side of the Sevennes. The Physicians of Marvejols had written to him, that they had 600 Perfons recovering of the Diftemper: Preparations were making for putting that Town under Quarantain. making for putting that Town under Quarantain. The Difference having increased in a House of the Parish of St. Paul la Coste, a League from Alais, all were dead in it, except one who had recovered. M. d'Iverny has taken the proper Precautions for pre-venting the Inhabitants of St. Paul from communicating with their Neighbours. M. de Rothe in his of the 10th, 12th and 14th of November, fays, Since the 7th 14 Persons have died at Alais; where are 30 sick in the Infirmaries. There have died in Mende to the 8th of November 615 Persons; at Marvejols two or three fall sick a Day still. Banassac and la Canourgue have none dead or sick. Genouillac and St. Genaix are still in a bad Condition. At Alais it is reckoned 114 have died and 43 remain sick. The Blockade of that Place is well kept; two Deserters who had gone into forbidden Parts of the Country were shot, three others were seized. The Bishop of were shot, three others were seized. The Bishop of Alais writes the 11th of November, That in the Suburbs were about 23 sick, many of whom were recovering; three died on the 9th, and one on the 10th. While the Distemper gave some Respite, they were purifying the Town. M. Bernard who commands in Alais, in his of the 11th of November, writes the same as the Bishop: He 2dds, that he is surprized there being 42 Houses intested in the Heart of the Town, that the Plague has not made a greater Progress; that the Churches were shut up the 10th, and that they were persuming the Houses and burning whatever was sound in them. 180 Poor had been obliged to depart the Town, and were lodged in neighbouring Farm-Houses; where 15 or 1600 Peresons more may be put under Quarantain if the Sickness should increase. M. de Parde who commands at Marvejols, writes the 28th of October, that there Marvejols, writes the 28th of October, that there died but one or two Persons a Day there. Brigadier Deuere writes from Langon the 10th of November, that the Gevaudan is kept in as good Order as if the Plague was not in 1t. The Upper Gevaudan is quite well, St. Leger only excepted. The Lower Gevaudan is in a bad State; but for 15 Days no news Place had been infected. La Canourgue was perfuming; there were many on the Recovery at Mende. He begins to entertain strong Hopes that the Plague would cease. Plague would ceafe.

Admiralty-Office, November 27.

The Report of Thomas Goodall Quarter-Master, William James Massician and Seaman, and Robert Wilson a young Man a Seaman, who were saved out of the Royal Anne Galley, when she was lost upon the Lizard-Point the 10th of November, 1721.

Homas Goodall fays, They failed on Tuesday Morning, the 7th, out of Catwater, little Wind, then at N. E. but falling calm, they anchored in Causon-Bay, from whence they failed about Ten a-Clock that Night, being little Wind at N.W. Wednesday the 8th the Wind was variable, most trastally them about to the Wastward and after

Wednesday the 8th the Wind was variable, most Westerly; they plyed to the Westward, and after Twelve at Noon made the Deadman, and tack'd, and stood to the Southward, Wind then at W.S. W. Thursday the 9th, at Four in the Asternoon, they

Thursday the 9th, at Four in the Afternoon, they made the Land, about five Leagues off, which they took to be the Lizard, Wind at W. S. W. blowing fresh, they had two Reefs in their Topsails. They then tacked to the Southward, and lay by with the Foretopsail to the Mass, Courses halled up, intending to bear away for Plymouth, it being like to be bad Weather. They lay by till 12 at Night, and (the Captain being upon Deck) they bore away, and steer'd N. E. with their two Topsails reets, a fresh Gale. It was then this Man's Turn to steep; but before Three a-Clock he heard a great Noise that they saw the Land, and they call'd down to clear the Cables, which he went abour to do, but soon went upon Deck, the Ship being brought to to the Southward, and the Foretack goe aboard, Wind at S. W. but sould not weather the Rocas without them. They put the

Helm a-Lee to flay, but the Captain called to keep fast the Fore-Sheet; at the same Time the Ship struck upon a sunk Rock, which is not above Pistol-shot from the Land of the Lizard, some sunk Rocks lying half a Mile or more without them. The Ship bulged, and in about a Quarter of an Hour or more broke to Pieces, the Larboard Side falling away first, and many Men with it: He kept to the Starboard Side, which from broke to Pieces, and drove over the funk Rock; he feeing a Rock near him above Water, left the Wreck, and swam to it, and got upon it, where he found William James. A Boat etch'd him from this Rock in the Atternoon about Three a-Clock friday the roth, which Boat came to fish for what they could get.

William James fays as the other, That they failed from Plymouth Sound on Tuesday after Night; that they lay by on Thursday Night, in order to bear up for Plymouth. About Three a Clock in the Morning he was waked with a great Noise, being then asseep between Decks, and when he came upon Deck, he saw the Land under the Lee; the Ship being then brought to, to the Southward; and he heard the Men brought to, to the Southward; and he heard the Men call from the Forecaitle, that there were Broakers a-Head; the Helm was put a-Lee, but presently after the Captain called to keep tast the Fore-Sheet; but the Ship immediately struck, and soon after the Larboard Side broke away, but he got up upon the Starboard Quarter, which in a little time broke also to Pieces, and fell into the Water, and then he swam to the dry Rock, which was not above three or four Yards from him; but says, as Goodall also did. that

between Derk, and When he was not accounted by the problem of the processing the first when here with the Mental Irom the Forcacille, that there were Presenters at Head; the Helim was put a-Lee, but prefently after the Captain called to keep that there were Presenters at Head; the Helim was put a-Lee, but prefently after the Captain called to keep that the Forcacille, that there were Presenters and the being mental to the Presenter and the Bernard Side by these aways, but he beyon up on the Starboard Charles and the being well and the Prefently and Presenters and fell into the Water, and then he General Force, and fell into the Water, and then he General Force, and fell into the Water, and then he General Force, and fell into the Water, and then he General Force, and fell into the Water, and then he General Force, and fell into the Water, and then he General Force, and fell into the Water, and then he General Force, and fell into the Water, and the being well and the Force of Water, he force the man and the prefentive and down he Hammock, being in the way of the Cablers When the Ship flruck, he ran up upon Deck, and got upon the Starboard Quarter, but was unfled from thenee, and got hold of the Stump of the Missen-Ailt, till fullifer, and the help of the Larboard Quarter, Upon which were allo three Mental Force of Water, and the fill prefer for the Hammock, being in the way of the Cablers Hammock, being in the way of the Cablers Hammock, being in the Water, he fill prefer for the Hammock, being in the Water, he fill prefer for the Hammock, being in the way of the Cablers of the Water, and force of Water, and the help of the Hammock, being in the way of the Cablers of the Water, and force of Water, and the help of the Hammock, being in the way of the Cablers of the Cablers of the Water, and force of Water, and the help of the Hammock, being in the Water, and the help of the Hammock, being in the Water, and the help of the Hammock, being in the Water, and the help of the Hammock, being in the Water, and the help

· Whitehall, Nov. 28, 1721. Whereas a Letter dated the 27th Instant, and figued W. X. T. Z. relating to the Revenue, was fent to the Right Honourable the Lord Carteret, one of His Maj sty's Principal Secretaries of State; if the Person who wrote the faid Letter, will apply to his Lordship at his Office in the Cockpit, Whitehall, and make out what he there-

in proposes, he shall receive all fitting Encouragement. By the Commissioners for Examining and Determining the Debts due to the Army.

The Commissioners hereby give Notice to all Persons who have any Demands on the Arrears due, to the Officers of the Regiments of Wood, Douglas, and Hamilton, in the Service of the States General, forthwith to lay their said Demands before the Commissioners.

By Order of the Board, Ja. Moody.
South-Sea-Houle, Nov. 27, 1721.
The Court of Directors of the South-Sea Company
give Notice, That a General Court of the faid Company will be held at Merchans. Taylor's-Hall in Threadneedles freet, London, In Thursday the 1th of December next, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenson.