

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From *Thursday* January 2. to *Saturday* January 6. 1722.

Paris, January 10.

THE Exchange of the two Princesses upon the Frontiers of Spain, which was fixed on the 8th or 9th Instant, is put off for some Days longer, Advices being arrived at Court that the River Adour had so much overflowed, that M^{rs} de Montpensier had been obliged to stop; and that the like overflowing of Rivers had happened in Biscay where the Infanta of Spain was to pass. M. Lawley, who since the Duke d'Osuna's Arrival here had taken upon him the Character of Ambassadour Extraordinary from the Catholick King, is recalled, and will set out shortly for Majorca, of which Island the King of Spain has made him Governour. The Duke of Bourbonville, formerly Baron de Caprés, is named by the Court of Madrid to reside here in Quality of Ambassadour Extraordinary. The Marquise de Villequier, Son to the Duke d'Aumont, is made a Duke and Peer, upon the voluntary Resignation of his Father, who has reserved to himself only the Title of Duke, with the ordinary Prerogatives at Court. It is said the Duke de Lauzun is going to pass the Remainder of his Life in Retirement. The following Extract of the Advices relating to the Plague received by the Court to the 7th of January, has been communicated to the foreign Ministers.

M. de Rambion Brigadier in the Vivaretz, in his Letter of the 24th of December continues to assure us that the Vivaretz is in a good State of Health. Tobias has not the Distemper, a Woman and a Child who had the Small Pox there are recovered. At Laurat the Sicknes continues only in that House which was singly infected. At St. Genais several Persons who were sick recover daily, and none has died there since the 15th. In general the Mortality has very much decreased every where. M. de Rothe Lieutenant General in his of the 22d, 24th and 26th of December, writes, that two had died at Concoule the 21st and 22d. At Genouillaq one was dead of old Age, and three had been newly taken ill. From the 19th to the 24th, 20 were dead and two newly fallen sick at Alais. M. de Caussade Brigadier in his of the 22d of December confirms the good State of Health of the Lower Auvergne, and the Decrease of the Plague in the Gevaudan. M. de la Deveze writes the 16th of December, that it was hoped the Distemper would soon cease at

Mende; in the mean time three or four Persons died and six or seven fell ill there daily in the Infirmarys there were 132 recovering. At Marvejols died one or two a Day; good Order was established there, and they wanted Ingredients for Perfumes. No new Place was infected. At Fontanez only one Person was sick, and of an ordinary Distemper. The Sicknes at Ras was stopt by the shutting up of one House which was infected. He had caused six Buriers of the Dead of Mende, to take away a sick Person from an House at Nuejols, and carry him to Mende. The Viscount de Beaufie Lieutenant General in his of the 21st of December confirms the Decrease of the Distemper in the Gevaudan, and says the whole Number of the dead there to that time was reckoned to be 4796. The Bishop of Alais writes the 22d of December, that 34 sick there were in a very fair way of Recovery, that the two who were under Quatantain were very well, and that he designed to cause 60 Persons who had performed Quatantain abroad to return into the Town the Day after the Holidays. M. de Vieusseu Physician at Alais writes the 22d of December, that only 24 sick were left in the Suburbs, nine of which were going to be sent to those on the Recovery. The Duke de Roquetaure in his of the 22d, 24th and 26th of December gives the same Accounts from the Gevaudan; he adds, that the Quatantain began at Marvejols the 9th, and that to the 16th none had died or fallen sick in that Town; a new Supply of Ingredients for Perfumes had been sent thither to finish the Disinfection. Two Persons had died at La Canourgue pretty suddenly, and a Woman was fallen sick; but it was judged to be of ordinary Distempers. Ras, Fontanez, and Nuejols, which had been suspected, are in perfect Health. For 40 Days past no new Place had been infected in the Gevaudan. Langogne which had been put under Quatantain on Account of a Burier of the dead, who fled thither from Mende, had not in 38 Days had any sick or dead. The Abbey of Chambon and the Farms belonging to it, are absolutely free from the Plague. M. de Bernage in his of the 19th and 24th of December, relating almost the same things, adds, that the Suspicion entertained of Uez was groundless, that a Man who died there had no Marks of Contagion; and that the Distemper had broke out again at La Canourgue by the Fault of an Inhabitant who had brought it from Bressac, and communitated it to two or three Persons. M. d'Orsay, Intendant in Dau-