## 20md. 6062 The London Gazette.

## Publiched by Authority.

St. James's, May 25. 7 HE following humble Address having been transmitted to the Right Honourable the Lord Viscount Townshend, one of his Majefty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been prefented to His Majesty, who was pleased to receive it very gracioufly.

To the King's molt Excellent Majefty.

The humble Address of the Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Town Council of the City of Belinburgh.

May it pleafe your Majefly, ITH Hearts full of Gratitude for the tender Care your Majefly thews rowards your tark Care your Majefty fhews towards your faith-ful Subjects of this City, and with Indignation a-gainft the Enemies of your Majefty and of our Pro-fperity, we received the Intimation which your Ma-jefty has been pleafed to make to us, of a wicked Confpiracy for Raifing a Rebellion againft your Ma-jefty in favour of the Popifh Pretender. We render humble and hearty Thanks to Almighty

We render humble and hearty Thanks to Almighty God, who has always fo remarkably appeared for your Majefly's juft Right and Government, that your Majefty got timely Notice of these Hellish Machinations, and has been directed to the proper Measures for defeating them, and that the Authors thereof neither are, nor will be supported, nor even countenanced, by any Foreign Power.

It is aftonishing to us, that Men should be found to very perverse, as to be desirous of exchanging the Happinels of Liberty for the despicable Stare and Mi-Happinels of Liberty for the delpicable Stare and Mi-fery of Slavery; of parting with that ineftimable Bleffing, the Reformed Religion, for the groß Ab furdities, the Superfition and Idolatry of Antichrifti-auifm; which must be the unavoidable Confequences of fetching from Rome a Difciple and Votary of the Pope's, to be King of a Proteltant Nation; one bred up in the deftructive Arts of Arbitrary Power, to rule over a People who juffly effect the Law to be their over a People who justify efteem the Law to be their best earthly Inheritance.

Every honeft Heart is filled with Abhorrence of fo wicked an Attempt to difquiet your Majefty's Go-vernment, and to diffurb your Subjects in enjoying and improving their Happiness under it; and we hope it will have no other Effect, but more firmly to unite all faithful and loyal Britons, that for ever laying alide their private Differences and Contests, they may still be more zealous in afferting and maintaining your Majefty's Right and that of your Royal Pollerity, and

Wajetty's Kight and that of your Koyal Policity, and thereby, through the divine Bleffing, render inviolable their own Rights both Sacred and Civil. None in your Majefty's Dominions have more Rea-fon than your loyal Subjects of Scotland, vigoroufly to oppofe those Enemies of the Protestant Interest. Their Spite against our Church is fo peculiar, that lay-ing alide the vain Pretences whereby they endeavour in other Matters to delude the Simple they oneally ing alide the vain Pretences whereby they endeavour in other Matters to delude the Simple, they openly boaft of their Impious Intention to deftroy it, and to deprive us of the happy Eftablifhment of the Doctrine, Worfhip and Government of the Church of Scotland, which we by Law enjoy in your Majefty's gracious Reign, and which through the Great Mercy and Goodneis of God to this Church and Land, have been transmitted to us by the Faithfulness and Sufferings of our Anceftors.

Your Majeity's good Town of Edinburgh had the Honour to exert themfelves at the late unnatural Rebellion in Defence of your Majefty's Crown and Go-vernment; and nothing has been able to frighten or discourage us from our Loyalty to your Majesty and Duty to our Country : And we most humbly beg Leave, on this Occasion, to affure your Majefty, with the greatest Faithfulness and Truth, That we are ready to do our utmost to support your Majesty's Thione, against the Pretender and his Adherents, with that Firmnels which becomes Men who have Motives fo ftrong as Religion towards their God, 1 Loyalty to their Prince, and Love to their Country and Pollerity.

That your Majesty and your Royal Protestant Family may to long as the Earth endures, Reign glori-

From Wielday May 22. to Staturday May 26, 1722.

oufly over a happy free Protestant People, is the most

hearty and fervent Prayer of, May it pleafe your moft Gracious Majefty, Your Majefty's moft faithful, moft loyal,

and most obedient Subjects.

Signed by Order, and in Name of the Magistrated and Council of the City of Edinburgh, by *fo. Wightman*, Provost.

An humble Address of the Lord Lieutepant ant Custos Rotulorum, Deputy Lieutepants, and Justices of the Peace of the County of Worcester, having been transmitted by the Right Honourable the Earl of Coventry to the Right Honourable the Lord Carteret, one of His Majefty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been prefented to His Majefty.

An humble Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgeffes of the Corporation of Shrewsbury, has been presented to His Majelty by Orlando Bridgeman, Esq. introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Carteret, one of His Maj fly's Principal Secretaries of Stare.

An humble Address of the Bailliffs, Burgefles, Gentlemen, Clergy, and Principal Inhabitants of the Borough of Tewksbury in the County of Gloucester, has been prefented to His Majefty by the Right Ho-nourable the Lord Vifcount Gage, introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Vifcount Townshend.

Which Addreffes His Majefly was pleafed to receive vry gracioully.

Paris, May 30, N. S. The following Extract of the Advices received by the Court relating to the Plague, has been communicated to the foreign Minifters.

The Duke de Roquelaure in his Letters of the 13th and 14th of May writes, that fince the 21ft of April none had died or fallen fick at Mende. M. Blanquet M. Blanquer a Phylician was ordered to go to la Canourgue, and give Direction for difinitecting (or perfuming and airing) it a fecond Time, as foon as there flould be Advice of its being in a fettled State of Health. The Block de of St. Gaussi and all the Course included Blockade of its being in a lettled state of Health. The Blockade of St. Genaix and all the Country inclofed within the two Lines, continued in perfect Health. The Accident of fome Perfons dying lately of the Plague (as was believed) at Marfeilles, had induced the Duke do R complexes and M de Bernare to direct the Duke de Roquelaure and M.de Bernage to direct the Offices of Health at Cette and at Agde, not to adthe Offices of Health at Cette and at Ague, not to su-mit any thing which fhould come from that City, but fuchGoods only as fhould come from the other Places of Provence, unlefs with Certificates figned by the Marquefs de Brancas, to whom this Order had been fignified. M. de Bernage writes the 15th of May, that three Perfons had died fuddenly in one Night and in one Mayfe at Cornillon near Bagnols; but that and in oue Houfe at Cornillon near Bagnols ; but that they had poifoned themfelves with bad Mufhrooms; no Mark of Contagion was found on their Bodies. The Chevalier Damas writes the 15th of May, that except at Alais, where the Sickness has not quite ceafed, and where 12 Perfons have died fince its Relapfe, the Gevaudan, the Vivaretz, and the reft of the Country are perfectly recovered. M. de Rothe writes the 13th of May, that all the late Accidents had not had any bad Confequences, and he was of O-pinion none were to be feared; however Cornillon had been put under Quarantain, becaufe of the Accident happening by the bad Mushrooms. A Man fuspected of the Contagion in the Parish of St. George de l'Euejac, was grown well again, having had only an ordinary Diftemper

Provence. M. de Pilles Governour of Marfeilles, in his Letter of the 10th of May writes, that on the 9th a Servant Maid had died of a doubtful Diffemper; fhe had kept her Bed four Days, and during three ot them had no Marks of Infection on her. All Preparations were made tor an Holpital in Cale of Need, but he was in hopes those Precautions would be ulelefs. M de Graud Maison the Commanding Officer in Fort St. John at Marseilles, writes the 11th of May, that by the Death of feveral Perfons fince the 8th the breaking out of the Plague anew at Marfeilles was confirmed. Should the Diftemper increase a lit-