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St. James's, the 31st Day of May, 1722.

HIS Majesty in Council was this Day pleased to order, that the Parliament, which stands prorogued to Tuesday the 5th of June next, should be further prorogued to Tuesday the 3d of July following.

St. James's, June 1. This Day the following humble Address of the President, Vice-President, Treasurer, Court of Assistants, and Body of the Artillery-Company of the City of London, was presented to His Majesty by Sir Gilbert Heathcote Alderman their President, and Sir Gerard Conyers Alderman their Treasurer, being introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Viscount Townshend, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State. On this Occasion the said Artillery-Company made a very fine Appearance in Arms in St. James's Park, where they passed in Review before His Majesty, accompanied by His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales their Captain General, and a great Number of the Nobility and other Persons of Distinction; and His Majesty was pleased to order the Sum of 500 l. to be paid into the Hands of their Treasurer, as a Mark of his Satisfaction and Favour.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

Most Gracious Sovereign,

YOUR Majesty's Goodness and Benevolence, your tender and paternal Care and Protection of the Laws of the Realm, and of the Properties of your Subjects, are Virtues known to be peculiarly inherent in your Majesty.

But Benevolence and Goodness, and all that tend to make a Prince beloved by honest and grateful Subjects, are the very things that make him less feared by those that are ungrateful and wicked; Mercy and Lenity, it seems, are now the Causes and Springs of Rebellion: And since these are the Causes of Rebellion in impious Subjects, give us Leave, most Excellent Prince, to assure your Majesty, That we are amongst the Number of such as highly admire those Prince-like Qualities which are so naturally inherent in your Sacred Person, that by the Lustre and Excellency of them, we are incited to assure your Majesty, that we will use our Arms in the Defence of your Royal Person, Crown and Dignity, against all Popish Pretenders, and all other your Majesty's Enemies, and their Traiterous Abettors.

To which His Majesty was pleased to return the following most gracious Answer.

I Thank you for this dutiful and loyal Address, in which you express so much Zeal and Affection for my Person and Government.

St. James's, June 1. An humble Address of the Provost and Magistrates of the City of Aberdeen, has been presented to His Majesty by the Honourable William Ker, Esq; their Representative in Parliament, being introduced by his Grace the Duke of Roxburghe, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

An humble Address of the Lord Lieutenant, Deputy Lieutenants, and Justices of the Peace of the County of Southampton, has been presented to His Majesty by his Grace the Duke of Bolton.

An humble Address of the Justices of the Peace assembled at Heretford May 22, 1722, has been presented to His Majesty by his Grace the Duke of Chandos.

An humble Address of the Stroudwater Clothiers in the County of Gloucester, has been presented to His Majesty by the Honourable Henry Berkeley, Esq; Knight of the Shire for that County, introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Viscount Townshend, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

Which Addresses His Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

Turin, May 30, N. S. Yesterday the Court set out from hence for the Veneria, there to pass all the next Month, and then to remove as usually to Rivoli when the Heats grow excessive in the Plains. The Abbot d'Angrogne is to be recalled from Genoa, and M. Grossi to be sent thither in his Room. We have Advice from thence, that two Spanish Vessels were driven in there last Week by contrary Winds, one of which had Stores and 150 Soldiers on board for Porto-Longone. They write from Venice, that the Procurators Sig. Tiepolo and Foscarini were preparing to set out on their Embassy to the Court of France.

Hambourg, June 3. The last Letters from Moscow tell us the Czar was preparing for his Journey to Astracan, in order to his intended Enterprize on certain Provinces near the Caspian Sea. In the mean time his Czari h Majesty had received Advice, that the two Circassian Princes, who by the Disorders they committed last Year about Schamachia gave him a Pretence for this Undertaking, have put themselves under the Protection of the Turks on the News of his Preparations. This has had such an Influence on his Resolutions, that the Instructions for the Minister he is sending to the Persian Court are changed, and instead of a sort of Declaration of War which he was to carry, he has now Orders to represent to the Sophy, that since the Persians are not in a Condition to chastise those Rebels (for one of the Circassian Princes was tributary to them, and the other to the Czar) he is resolved to do it himself, but that as soon as he has reduced them to their Duty, and secured those Parts and the Trade of his Subjects there for the future, he will restore to the Persians whatever belongs to them, and maintain a constant Friendship with that Crown.

St. James's, June 1. This Evening His Majesty went from hence to His Palace at Kennington.

Whitehall, April 16, 1722.

This is to signify in His Majesty's Name, that if any Person or Persons shall hereafter apprehend any one or more Highwaymen, who from and after the Date hereof shall have robbed any of the Mails, or shall have been concerned as Accessories in the robbing of any of them, such Person or Persons shall have a Reward of Two Hundred Pounds for each Offender, who shall be convicted thereof, to be paid by the Receiver General of the Post-Office, over and above the Reward directed by Act of Parliament for apprehending of Highwaymen; or if any Person hereafter concerned in robbing any of the Mails shall make a Discovery of the same, so that his Accessories or Accessories shall be convicted thereof, such Person shall have His Majesty's most gracious Pardon, and also receive the Reward of Two Hundred Pounds for each Offender so convicted, to be paid as aforesaid.

CARTERET.

Whitehall, May 31, 1722:

Whereas there have been stolen out of the United East-India Company's Warehouse at Botolph-Wharf, Fifty three Bags of Cowries, and Thirty three Bags of Salt-Petre: This is to give Notice, that whosoever shall discover the Person or Persons concerned in stealing and taking away the said Cowries and Salt-Petre, so as they or any one or more of them shall be convicted thereof, such Person or Persons discovering the same to Mr. Thomas Woolley, Secretary of the said Company at the East-India House in Leaden-Hall-Street, London, or to Mr. Francis White or Mr. John Shore, Warehouse-Keepers to the said Company at their Office at Botolph-Wharf aforesaid, shall receive of the said Company a Reward of Fifty Pounds, to be paid by their Cashier Mr. Charles Du Bois, at his Office at the East-India-House aforesaid. And this is further to give Notice, that if any one of the Persons concerned in the stealing and taking away the said Cowries and Salt-Petre shall discover the rest of the Persons concerned therein, so as they be convicted thereof, such Person shall have his Majesty's most gracious Pardon.

TOWNSHEND.