

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Tuesday June 26. to Saturday June 30. 1722.

AT the Court at Kensington, the 28th of June, 1722.

His Majesty in Council was this Day pleased to order, that the Parliament which stands prorogued to Tuesday the 3d of July next, should be further prorogued to Thursday the 2d Day of August next. And also that the Convocations of Canterbury and York be further prorogued from the 29th of this Instant June, to Friday the 31st of the said Month of August.

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION,

For the Electing a Peer of Scotland to sit in Parliament in the Room of John Earl of Rothes deceased.

GEORGE R.

*W*hereas by the Advice of our Privy-Council we did summon a Parliament of Great Britain to meet and be held at Westminster the Tenth Day of May last past; and whereas we prorogued the said Parliament to the Third Day of July next; And whereas by the Advice of our Privy-Council we have thought fit to order that the said Parliament be further prorogued to the Second Day of August next ensuing; And whereas John Earl of Rothes was duly elected, and returned to be one of the Sixteen Peers of Scotland, to sit in the House of Peers in the said Parliament, and is since his Election and Return deceased: In order to the Electing another Peer of Scotland to sit in his Room, we do, by the Advice of our Privy Council, issue forth this our Royal Proclamation, strictly charging and commanding all the Peers of Scotland to assemble and meet at Holy Rood House in Edinburgh, on Wednesday the Fifteenth Day of August next ensuing, between the Hours of Twelve and Two in the Afternoon, to Nominate and Chuse another Peer of Scotland, to Sit and Vote in the House of Peers of the said Parliament of Great Britain, in the Room of the said John Earl of Rothes deceased, by open Election and Plurality of Voices of the Peers that shall be then present, and the Proxies for such as shall be absent, such Proxies being Peers, and producing a

Mandate in Writing, duly signed before Witnesses, and both the Constituent and Proxy being qualified according to Law. And the Lord Clerk Register, or such two of the Principal Clerks of the Session, as shall be appointed by him to officiate in his Name, are hereby respectively required to attend such Meeting, and to administer the Oaths required by Law to be taken there by the said Peers, and to take their Votes, and immediately after such Election made, and duly examined, to certify the Name of the Peer so Elected, and Sign and Attest the same in the Presence of the said Peers, and return such Certificate into Our High Court of Chancery of Great Britain. And we strictly Charge and Command, That this Our Royal Proclamation may be Published at Our Market Cross at Edinburgh, and in all the County Towns of Scotland, Twenty five Days at least before the Time hereby appointed for the Meeting of the said Peers, to proceed to such Election.

Given at our Court at Kensington, the Twenty Eighth Day of June, 1722. In the Eighth Year of our Reign.
God save the KING.

Whitehall, June 29.

An humble Address of the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Justices of the Peace, Clergy, and Gentlemen of the County of Brecon, has been presented to His Majesty by John Hanbury, Esq; Knight of the Shire for the County of Monmouth, introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Viscount Townshend one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

An humble Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, Recorder, Clergy, and Principal Inhabitants of the Borough of St. Albans in the County of Hertford, has been presented to His Majesty by William Clayton and William Gore, Esqs. their Representatives in Parliament, introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Carteret, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

An humble Address of the Mayor, Jurats, Freemen, and Inhabitants of the Town and Port of Rye in Suffex, has been presented to
His

[Price Three Half Pence.]

His Majesty by the Right Honourable the Lord Aylmer and Philip Gibbon, Esq; their Representatives in Parliament, introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Viscount Townshend one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

Which Addresses His Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

Constantinople, May 12. The Disorders that have lately broke out in Persia, are now come to such a Head, that they endanger the Subversion of that Empire: For, besides the prosperous Success of that Rebel who sacked Schamachia, there is another Insurrection headed by the Imam or Prince of Mascar, who is said to have made himself Master of several of the Southern Provinces, and to be marching towards Bender Abassi or Gumroom, the chief trading City on the Bay of Ormus; a third, and the most dangerous Insurrection, is headed by one Mirveiz, otherwise called the Prince of Candahar, because his Father, who was Governour of that Province, which is on the Frontiers of the Mogul's Country, made himself Sovereign of it, and was succeeded in it by this his Son; who, not contenting himself with that Principality, marched last Year to the City of Cherman, famous for the finest Manufacture of Persian Silks, and not only subdued, but also plundered that City and the whole Province. Incouraged by this Success, he has lately marched, with extreme Difficulty, to Ispahan the Capital City, and had like to have surprized the King there, who had but just time to save himself in a neighbouring Castle, where it is thought he cannot hold out a Week, if he continue there, though some Advices say he is fled from thence with a Retinue of 200 Persons. This Prince of Candahar having thus made himself Master of Ispanan, not only plundered all the Persians there of the Sect of Hali, but, as the Advices say, has raised Contributions upon the Frank Merchants, under Pretence of a Loan to pay his Troops with, and with a Promise of repaying them as soon as he is able. He is a Mussulman of the Sect of Mahomer, as all these Rebels are, in Opposition to the Persians who are generally Followers of Hali, and deemed Hereticks by the others: He declares every where, as he goes, that he does not pretend to the Crown, but only to bring the King over to the true Religion, and that whenever his Prince will renounce his Hefely, and embrace the true Mahometan Faith, he will lay down his Arms and pay due Obedience to him. This Pretence has been so successful to him, that People flock to him from all Parts of the Kingdom. These Advices the Post received a few Days ago from their Pashas of Erzeroom and Babylon on the Confines of Persia, who represented at the same time the Ease with which the Grand Signior might make himself Master of several of the Pro-

vinces of that Kingdom, in this time of so general a Confusion; upon which the Grand Signior assembled a general Council, according to the usual Practice whenever a Resolution about Peace or War is to be taken, wherein these Advices were offered to their Consideration, and Proposals were made by some of the Pashas for taking Advantage of this favourable Conjunction, to conquer some of the Persian Provinces and put a Stop to the Success of the Rebels, though they were of the Mahometan Sect; and this seemed to be the prevailing Opinion, till the Grand Vizier spoke, who told them the Grand Signior judged it was neither just nor honourable to take Advantage of the Difficulties the King of Persia his good Friend was under, whose Kingdom had not yet recovered itself of the Blow given it by his Great Grandfather Sultan Selim, but that he thought a considerable Number of Troops and warlike Stores of all sorts should be sent to those Confines, and Orders given to the several Pashas to take under their Protection and treat kindly such of the Persian Provinces as should have Recourse to them for it; and that if the King himself should fly to them for Refuge, they should receive him with all due Honour as the Grand Signior's Guest; That if he should be so successful as to get the better of the Rebels and reascend his Throne, all his Provinces which might have Recourse to the Protection of the Port, should then be restored to him, as was formerly practiced in a like Case, in relation to the Provinces of Schirwan, Iran, Ghilan, and the great City of Tauris; and that the Pashas should be very attentive to the Motions of these Rebels, and regularly inform this Court of what passed. Agreeably to the Vizier's Speech, the great Council took its Resolution.

Turin, June 27, N. S. Count Preysing Envoy from the Elector of Bavaria, arrived here some Days ago, and having had Audience of the King of Sardinia, thanked his Majesty for acquainting the Elector with the Prince of Piedmont's Marriage, and notified the Conclusion of one between the Electoral Prince of Bavaria and an Archduchess, at the same time informing this Court that another Prince of that House was elected Coadjutor to the Ecclesiastical Electorate of Cologne. On the 24th the said Count Preysing having taken an Audience of Leave, set out to return to Munich, having received a handsome Present from his Sardinian Majesty. The 23d Instant being the Eve of the Festival of St. John, their Sardinian Majesty, with the Prince and Princess of Piedmont, came from the Venetia to Madame Royale's Palace here, before which was erected the annual Bonfire, but this Year for the Princess's Entertainment it was improved to a fine Firework. Madame Royale gave the Court a Collation, and about 11 a-Clock the same Night their Majesties

Majesties went back to the Veneria. We have an Account from Genoa, that the Carmelite Fryars had obtained Leave to build a Chapel over against the Seminary of the Jesuits there; but the latter apprehending the Ground to be within their Limits, after warning the Carmelites not to proceed, last Week assembled their Scholars, and by Force of Arms, with Muskets Gr nadoes, &c. drove away the Workmen and demolished the Building.

Paris, July 4. The Chevaliers Lorenzo Thiropoli and Nicolo Foscarini, Procurators of St Mark, Ambassadors Extraordinary of the Republick of Venice, to compliment his most Christian Majesty on his Accession to the Throne, are expected here this Evening. The following Extract of the Advices received by the Court relating to the Plague, has been communicated to the foreign Ministers.

The Duke de Roquelaure in his Letter of the 19th of June, writes, that since his last none had died or fallen sick of the Plague in the Places which had been infected. The 16th and 18th Alais continued in a good State of Health, and the Distemper was looked upon to be quite extinguished. They had only some ill of common Fevers there. M. de Bernage in his of the 19th of June says, a Child that had fallen sick at Mende had only the small Pox, and that there remained not one sick of the Plague throughout Languedoc. The Preparations for the general Quarantair, which was to begin the 1st of July, were almost intirely ready for the Dioceses of Alais, Ulez and Viviers. He hoped that all would be ready likewise in the Gevaudan. He was going to send Orders to the sound Places of the Country inclosed within the first Lines, and which are between the Lines of the Orbe and Tournon, for all Stuffs and other Merchandizes to be aired for 20 Days. The Bishop of Alais in his of the 16th of June writes, that the Communication with the Suburbs was opened, and that the Houses which have so long been Objects of Terrour are more healthful now than when they were built. The little Infirmary, which is at a quarter of a League's Distance from the Town, was not cleared, though it had been well perfumed; but some Servants were left in it, to be ready to give their Assistance in case the Contagion be not intirely ceased, and any should happen to fall sick.

Provence. M. le Bret in his of the 17th of June writes, that on the 13th 73 remained sick in the Hospital called la Charité at Marseilles. The 14th five died and three fell sick. The 15th one died, one sick was put ashore from a Tartan, and two sick were brought in from the Territory. M. de Grand Maison who commands in Fort St. John at Marseilles, in his of the 16th of June gives the same Account, and adds, that all the Troops which for above a Month have kept

within the Citadels, are in perfect Health. M. Launay writes the 17th of June, that the Village of Bouiffet had in two Days but one Person taken ill. At the Bastide of Bustrel four had fallen sick, of whom one died. M. d'Escragnoles Provost General at Aix, in his of the 17th of June, says the Bastide of Bustrel was so well blocked up, that it was to be hoped the Distemper would not spread further. Aix is in perfect Health. The Marquess de Brancas in his of the 17th of June, confirms the Advices above from Bouiffet and Marseilles. M. d'Argenson Brigadier, in his of the 16th of June, assures us the Blockade of Bouiffet is so well formed, that no ill Consequences are to be feared: There remained 10 sick in the Infirmary. In the Bastide of Bustrel were but 12 Persons, of whom three were dead, two very ill, and the rest in Health. The neighbouring Village was in good Health.

The Comtat, and the Principality of Orange. The Marquess de Villefranche writes the 10th of June, that Carpentras had been under an ill Report, but affirms it was in a good State of Health. The Baron de l'Isle Roy writes from Barrangues near St. Esprit the 16th of June, that the sudden Death on the 5th of June of three Persons at Carpentras, had given a great Alarm; but it was certain those Accidents had not been attended by ill Consequences. M. de Launay in his of the 17th of June sends Advices from Avignon, importing, that the Communication on the Festival of Corpus Christi had occasioned the falling sick of several Persons of the Chapter, of those belonging to the Town-House, and of others of good Families. There were 100 sick in the Lazaretto, and seven or eight a Day fell ill. M. de Belricu writes the 21st of June, that Orange with its Territory grew better, but Avignon was still in a very bad State. Some were carried off now and then still at Vedens and at Monteux in the Comtat.

Whitehall, June 30.

On the 26th Instant arrived from Holland the Right Honourable the Lord Whitworth, His Majesty's Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary for the Congress at Cambray. His Excellency will in a few Days proceed to Cambray, taking his Way by Paris.

Whitehall, April 16, 1722.

This is to signify in His Majesty's Name, that if any Person or Persons shall hereafter apprehend any one or more Highwaymen, who from and after the Date hereof shall have robbed any of the Mails, or shall have been concerned as Accomplices in the robbing of any of them, such Person or Persons shall have a Reward of Two Hundred Pounds for each Offender, who shall be convicted thereof, to be paid by the Receiver General of the Post-Office, over and above the Reward directed by Act of Parliament for apprehending of Highwaymen; or if any Person hereafter concerned in robbing any of the Mails shall make a Discovery of the same, so that his Accomplish

plice or Accomplices shall be convicted thereof, such Person shall have His Majesty's most gracious Pardon, and also receive the Reward of Two Hundred Pounds for each Offender so convicted, to be paid as aforesaid.

CARTERET.

June 29, 1722.

The Court of Directors of the Governour and Company of the Bank of England give Notice, That Books for Subscription for the Sale of Bank Stock will be opened at the Bank, on Wednesday the 4th of July next, at Nine in the Morning; and that the said Books will continue open till Friday following in the Evening, when the same will be closed, and after that Time no Money will be taken in.

Trustees-Office, South-Sea House, June 29, 1722.

Notice is hereby given, that the Household Goods and other Part of the Personal Estate late of Charles Joye, Esq; (late Deputy-Governour of the South-Sea Company) in London and Southwark; and the Household Goods and other Part of the Personal Estate late of Robert Chester, Esq; (one of the late Directors of the said Company,) at Briggins, in Hertfordshire, and in Crutched-Friers, London, will be exposed to Sale by Cant or Auction, in the Hall of the South-Sea House, on Friday the 6th Day of July next, at Nine of the Clock in the Forenoon. Printed Catalogues may be had at the said Office, and at the Places aforesaid, and the Goods viewed on Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday before the Sale.

Trustees Office South-Sea-House, June 29, 1722.

Notice is hereby given, That three thirty two Parts of the Ship Mary, late belonging to Sir John Fellowes, Bart. (late Sub-Governour of the South-Sea Company,) and one sixteenth Part of the Resolution Galley, late belonging to Mr. Robert Surman (late Deputy-Cashier of the said Company) will be exposed to Sale by Cant or Auction, in the Hall of the South-Sea-House, on Friday the 6th Day of July next, at Nine of the Clock in the Forenoon. Printed Catalogues whereof may be had at the Trustees Office aforesaid.

A General Court of the Muscovia Company will be held at Cloathworkers-Hall in Mincing-Lane, on Thursday the 5th Day of July next, at Four a-Clock in the Afternoon, for the Choice of a Governour, in the Room of Sir Benjamin Ayliffe, Bart. deceased.

York-Buildings-House, Winchester-street,
June 28, 1722.

The Governour and Company of Undertakers for Raising the Thames-Water in York-Buildings hereby give Notice, That they will begin to pay their Dividend on Monday and Friday the 2^d and 6th of July next, and every Monday and Friday after, from Ten in the Morning to One. And that they will begin to pay their Annuities due at Midsummer last upon Thursday the 12th of July next, and will continue to pay the same every Tuesday and Thursday from Ten in the Morning to One. And that Attendance will be given on Wednesdays from Ten in the Morning to One, to deliver our Annuity Bonds in Exchange for Prize Tickets in their last Lottery. All Persons concerned, are desired to come at the Days and Hours abovementioned, that so they may not be disappointed.

London Assurance-Office, June 29, 1722.

The Court of Directors give Notice to such of their Proprietors who have not yet paid the Call of Three Pound per Share, that unless they pay the same, with

Interest, on or before the 12th of July next, they will incur the Penalties in the Act of Parliament for establishing the Corporation.

The Committee for Letting the City's Lands in the Account of the Chamberlain of the City of London give Notice, That they intend to Let either by one Lease, or in Parcels as the same is hereafter mentioned, the severall Premises following, viz.

1st, Four Messuages or Tenements in Rope-makers-Alley, in the severall Possessions of Barnaby Theunan, Mary Johnson, Thomas Darby, and William Adams.

2^d, A large House and Garden in Rope-maker's-Alley, in the Possession of Mathew Lee, and another House adjoining thereto in Finisburry-Yard, and a small Stable opposite to the said last mentioned House.

3^d, A House in Finisburry-Yard aforesaid, known by the Sign of the Red Lion, and 22 Stalls for Horses there, and a Vault under the said House and Stalls, in the Possession of John Patience.

4th, A House in Finisburry-Yard aforesaid, known by the Sign of the Crown and Cushion, and 22 Stalls for Horses there, and a Vault under the said House and Stalls, in the Possession of Matthias Cater.

5th, A Coach-House and four Stalls for Horses, and a Messuage adjoining thereto, and 14 Stalls for Horses in Finisburry-Yard aforesaid, in the Possession of the said John Patience.

6th, A House in Finisburry-Yard aforesaid, and 20 Stalls for Horses there, in the Possession of Thomas Norris; and a House and Blacksmith's Shop there, in the Possession of William Halsey.

7th, A House in White-Horse-Yard in Finisburry aforesaid, known by the Sign of the White Horse, and 24 Stalls for Horses there, in the Possession of George Fenton.

8th, A House and 23 Stalls for Horses in the said Yard called White-Horse-Yard, in the Possession of Thomas Waterston.

9th, One large Horse and Garden behind the same in Finisburry aforesaid, and adjoining to White-Horse-Yard aforesaid, in the Possession of Thomas Willmott.

And that the said Committee will sit in the Council-Chamber of the Guildhall, London, on Wednesday the 11th of July next, at Four in the Afternoon, to receive Proposals for the same either together or in Parcels as aforesaid; of which more particular Information may be had at the Comptroller's Office in the Guildhall aforesaid.

Advertisements.

TO be sold before Richard Godfrey, Esq; one of the Masters of the High Court of Chancery pursuant to a Decree of the said Court, the Mannor of Pelynt, in the County of Cornwall (or the present yearly Value of 44 l. 9 s. 2 d. and after the Reversion of several Lives in being, of the yearly Value of 584 l. 18 s.) for the Term of 500 Years. Particulars may be had at the said Master's Chambers in Chancery-Lane.

TO be sold, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before William Knifton, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, an Estate at Abington, near Bourn Bridge, in Cambridgeshire, late of John Etonet, Esq; deceased: Particulars whereof may be had at the said Master's Chambers in Lincoln's Inn.

A Capital Messuage or Mansion House called the New-House, with the Freehold Lands and Hereditaments thereto belonging, situate in the Parishes of Warden, and Ankerly, in the County of Hereford, of the yearly Value of 105 l. or thereabouts, late the Estate of Mrs. Melint Adams, to be sold to the best Bidder, by Virtue of a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Henry Edwards, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court: Particulars whereof may be had at the said Master's Chambers in Lincoln's-Inn.

WHereas two South-Sea Bonds, one dated June 5, 1721, and numbered 2776, and the other dated June 9, 1721, and numbered 7931, for 100 l. each, which belong to Mrs. Charlott Perhall as Assignee of a Commission of Bankrupt against Spencer Garrard, of Westminster, Bookfeller, are lost or concealed: This is to give Notice, That if any Person or Persons shall discover the said two Bonds, or either of them, so as the same shall be recovered, shall receive of the said Mrs. Perhall after the Rate of Twelve per Cent. for what shall be so recovered. Note, The said two Bonds are kept at the South-Sea-House.

THE ancient and well situated Horse-Fair of West Stockwith, in the County of Nottingham, will begin there on the 1st of August next, to continue till the 24th of the same Month; where all Gentlemen, Jockies, and others, will find good Entertainment for Man and Horse.

WHereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded against Boyes Ower, of Stratford, in the County of Essex, Feoffee, and he being declared a Bankrupt; is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners on the 4th, 13th and 30th of July next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London; at the second of which Sitings the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-Money, and chuse Assignees. And all Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any Effects of his in their Hands, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but to give Notice to Mr. John Welles, Attorney, in Lionmonger-Lane, London.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded against John Schooling, of St. Catherine's, in the County of Middlesex, Vintner, intend to meet on the 24th of July next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, and paid their Contribution-Money, are to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend: And the Assignees of the said Bankrupt's Estate, are required to come then and there prepared to account with the Commissioners for what they have received of the said Estate.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Nathaniel Pearce and John Mathew, late of London, Grocers and Bakers and Partners, intend to meet on the 16th of July next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupts Joint Estate and Effects; when and where the Joint Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, and paid their Contribution-Money, are to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

WHereas James Carick, late of Bromsgrove, in the County of Worcester, Chapman, against whom a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded, having surrendered himself (pursuant to Notice) and been twice examined; This is to give Notice that the Commissioners intend to meet on the 26th of July next, by Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, at the House of Nicholas Hornblow, known by the sign of the Crown in Bromsgrove aforesaid, to finish his Examination; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-Money, and chuse Assignees. (in regard a competent Number have not yet appeared) and assist to or dissent from the Allowance or his Certificate.

WHereas William Brookman, of King Street, London, Joiner, hath surrendered himself (pursuant to Notice) and been twice examined; This is to give Notice, that he will attend the Commissioners on the 16th of July next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, to finish his Examination; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-Money, and to object, if they think fit, against the Commissioners making his Certificate in order for his Discharge.

WHereas Benjamin Grave, of the Hamlet of Spittlefields, in the County of Middlesex, Silk Thrower, hath surrendered himself (pursuant to Notice) and been twice examined; This is to give Notice, that he will attend the Commissioners on the 16th of July next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, to finish his Examination; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-Money, and to object, if they think fit, against the Commissioners making his Certificate in order for his Discharge.