

his most August House; determining to remain for ever indissolubly united with his Imperial Majesty's other Kingdoms and Dominions, so that in all Time coming the same may be governed by one Head. On the 2d Instant the Cardinal and the other Deputies arrived here, and on the 3d in the Forenoon had Audience of his Imperial Majesty at the Favorita, whither they went in 32 Coaches with six Horses each. The Cardinal made a Speech, representing the Zeal and Affection of the whole Kingdom towards his Imperial Majesty and Archiducal Family, expressed in their forementioned free and unanimous Resolution; which they most humbly besought him to accept, and also invited him to the Diet at Presbourg: His Imperial Majesty was pleased to declare his Acceptance of their said Resolution, and they had the Honour to kiss his Hand: Then the Cardinal in the Name of all the Deputies desired to be allowed the Honour to make their Compliments to Her Imperial Majesty, as Queen of Hungary, which being granted, they were admitted to her Majesty's Presence, the Cardinal made a Speech to her proper for the Occasion, and all the Deputies had the Honour to kiss her Hand: At their Desire, the two Archduchesses her Daughters were brought into the same Apartment, and they kissed their Hands likewise. The Deputies returning in the same Order they went, to Cardinal Csacki's House in this City, were very magnificently treated by his Eminency. On the 6th Instant their Imperial Majesties set out from hence for Presbourg; at Walfthal they were met and complimented in the Name of the States of Hungary, by their Deputies, who having been graciously received and admitted to kiss their Imperial Majesties Hands, went back to the said States, who waited their Majesties coming in the Neighbourhood of Presbourg, where a magnificent Tent was raised; into which their Majesties entering, placed themselves on two Seats, and were complimented in a Speech by the Cardinal of Saxe-Teitz Primate of the Kingdom. Thence their Majesties, with the States of Hungary, proceeded into Presbourg with great Pomp, his Imperial Majesty and the said States in very rich Habits being all on Horseback, and the Empress in a Coach, attended by the Ladies of her Court in three other Coaches. Their Majesties were received at the Castle by the Cardinals of Saxe-Teitz and of Clacky, accompanied by several Bishops, Abbots and others of the Clergy, and all entering the Chapel of the Castle Te Deum was sung to Musick. On the 8th in the Morning the Emperour being seated on his Throne, and the States attending, Count Illeshazy Chancellor of the Kingdom did in the Hungarian Language acquaint the States with certain Propositions from his Imperial Majesty, after which the Emperour made a Speech to them in Latin, and gave those Propositions in Writing to the Cardinal of Saxe-Teitz; who having assured his Majesty the States would speedily take their Resolutions upon them, his Majesty retired, and the States went to their House where the Diet is held.

Cambray, July 27, N. S. M. de St. Contest one of the French Plenipotentiaries, set out on the 24th Instant from hence for Lisse, intending to pass a few Days there. Count Provana the Sardinian Minister is preparing likewise to go thither. Count St. Eltevan one of the Spanish Plenipotentiaries, is also going for a few Days to take the Waters at St. Amand.

Paris, July 29, N. S. We have Advice that the Turks have appeared in the Channel of Malta with 12 Sultanas, eight other lesser Vessels for War, and 30 Transports, which are said to have on Board

8000 Janizaries: One of the Sultanas put into Syracusa to take in fresh Water; the Officer who commanded her assured the Governour of that Place, that they had no Design upon any Part of the Dominions of the Emperour, or of the Republick of Venice, this Expedition being solely intended against the Corsairs of Malta. Sig. Zondodary Great Master of the Order of Malta being dead, Don Manuel de Pereyra a Portugese is chosen into his Room, and he has summoned all the Knights of that Order to repair to their Posts; but they were under no other Apprehension at Malta for that Island, or for that of Gozo, than that the Turks might ravage some Parts of the Coasts. Our last Advices from Mokow, say an Account was come thither of the Czar's Arrival at Astracan, where having Intelligence that the Rebels who had plundered Schamachia were more formidable than had been imagined, his Czarish Majesty had therefore sent for more Troops and Artillery. The Count and Countess of Windischgratz are still here.

Whitehall, April 16, 1722.

This is to signify in His Majesty's Name, that if any Person or Persons shall hereafter apprehend any one or more Highwaymen, who from and after the Date hereof shall have robbed any of the Mails, or shall have been concerned as Accomplices in the robbing of any of them, such Person or Persons shall have a Reward of Two Hundred Pounds for each Offender, who shall be convicted thereof, to be paid by the Receiver General of the Post-Office, over and above the Reward directed by Act of Parliament for apprehending of Highwaymen; or if any Person hereafter concerned in robbing any of the Mails shall make a Discovery of the same, so that his Accomplice or Accomplices shall be convicted thereof, such Person shall have His Majesty's most gracious Pardon, and also receive the Reward of Two Hundred Pounds for each Offender so convicted, to be paid as aforesaid.

CARTERET.

The Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury being enabled to discharge and cancel the Exchequer Bills, amounting to One Million, which were, on the 7th Day of June 1720, issued by way of Loan, to the South-Sea Company; Their Lordships, according to the Directions of Acts of Parliament in that behalf, do hereby give Notice, that all Persons possessed of the said Loan Bills, shall have time, till Tuesday the Seventh Day of August 1722, to bring in and deliver the said Bills to any the Tellers of the Receipts of the Exchequer, at their Offices there; who are thereupon to pay to the Bearer of such Bills, the Principal and Interest to the Day on which they shall be so brought, such Day being on or before the Seventh Day of August 1722, as aforesaid: And, if in case the said Bills be not brought in on or before the Day affixed as aforesaid, their Lordships do further signify, that, according to the Directions of the Act 8^o Georgii, all such of the said Bills as shall not be brought in upon this Notice to be discharged, lose their Currency, and no Interest is to grow due thereupon after Lady-Day 1722. And whereas not only the Exchequer Bills, called Loan Bills, now meant to be cancelled, but also all other the Exchequer Bills subsisting at the time the said Loan Bills were issued, carried Interest of One Penny per Cent. per Diem only, in the Body of the said Bills, but it was afterwards thought fit and agreed, for supporting the Credit and Currency of the said Bills, that One Penny per Cent. per Diem, additional Interest, should attend, and be paid on the said Bills, from the eighth Day of October 1720,

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