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Anno Decimo Georgii Regis.

An Act to prevent Multiplicity of Prosecutions upon an Act made in the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King William the Third (Intituled, An Act for the more effectual employing the Poor, by encouraging the Manufactures of this Kingdom.)

Whereas by an Act, made in the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King William the Third of Glorious Memory, Intituled, [*An Act for the more effectual employing the Poor, by encouraging the Manufactures of this Kingdom*] It is, amongst other things Enacted, That all Wrought Silks, Bengals, and Stuffs mixed with Silk or Herbs of the Manufacture of Persia, China, or East India, and all Callicoes painted, dyed, printed, or stained there, whether the same shall be mixed, sewed, or made up together for Sale, with any other Goods or Materials, or otherwise, which from and after the 29th Day of September, One thousand seven hundred and one, shall be found in any House, Shop or Warehouse, or other Place whatsoever (other than in such Warehouses, as shall be approved of by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs,) shall be forfeited, and subject and liable to be searched for and seized; in which said Act it is provided, that the Powers therein shall not extend to any such Silks, Bengals, Stuffs, or Callicoes, which shall have been made up and used in any sort of Apparel or Furniture before the said Twenty Ninth Day of September, One thousand seven hundred and one: And whereas several Persons have, since the said Twenty ninth Day of September, One thousand seven hundred and one, inadvertently made up and used the said prohibited Goods in Furniture and Household-Stuff, believing the said Act extended to Apparel only, and thereby have subjected themselves to the Penalties of the said Act: For Remedy whereof, and preventing the numberless Prosecutions that might happen from such Inadvertency, Be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Act, or any thing therein contained, shall not extend to any Silks, Bengals, or Stuffs, mixed with Silk or Herbs, or Painted, Dyed, Printed, or Stained Callicoes, manufactured in Persia, China, or East-India, which were made up, or used in Furni-

ture or Household-Stuff before the Twenty fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two; any thing in the said recited Act, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Stockholm, April 15. The King of Sweden has lately been somewhat indisposed, but his Majesty's Health is now perfectly recovered. Letters from Moscow of the 10th of the last Month say the Duke of Holstein had been there eight or ten Days, but that the Czar was still at Olonitz, and was not expected at Moscow till the latter end of the Month. Major General Arnold, the King of Denmark's Envoy at this Court, had Audience of Leave of the King and Queen of Sweden the 10th Instant, and intends on the 18th to set out from hence on his Return to Copenhagen. The King of Spain has notified to his Swedish Majesty his Accession to that Crown by the voluntary Resignation of the King his Father; upon which Letters of Congratulation, as usual, are sent from this Court to his Catholick Majesty:

Paris, May 10, N. S. The Prince de Soubise died the 6th Instant of the Small-Pox, very much lamented; he has left three Sons and a Daughter, and the Princess his Widow is big with Child. The Count de Clermont, youngest Brother to the Duke of Bourbon, is ill, and it is feared it will prove to be of the same Distemper. The Bishop of Treguer in Britany died lately at his See. The Abbot Tancin, who has for some time had the Care of the French Affairs at the Court of Rome, is nominated to succeed to the Archbishoprick of Embrun, lately vacant by the Death of the last Archbishop. On the 5th Instant were published Letters Patents for Authorising the Parliament of Paris to take Cognizance of and inquire into the Assassination of M. Guillomiere, an Officer of the Army, which was committed in February last: These Letters Patents set forth, that as this enormous Crime might in some measure have been occasioned by the Impunity, for want of Prosecution, of three preceding Murders, viz. of one Gazan de la Combe in the Year 1718, who was found strangled in the House of *nos* La Barre; of M. Sandier Receiver-General of the Finances of Flanders, whose Body was on the 17th of April 1722, found in the River Seine, with two Wounds by a Sword; and of a Servant to the Farmer of Malmaison near Ruel; it was thought the most effectual way to have the Assassins detected and punished, was to remove the Proceedings from the Courts of Justice, where they were cognizable by Reason of the respective Places where they had been committed, and to bring them to Tryal before the Parliament.

Whereas two Letters have been lately sent to his Grace the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, signed T. S. If the Person who wrote those Letters will come to the said Archbishop, and make out the Contents of them, he shall receive all proper Encouragement.

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